

Regular Board Meeting
Wednesday, June 12, 2024 6:00 PM Pacific

Triangle Lake Charter School--Library
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

Ciara Clark: Present
Dwight Coon: Present
Meleah Drago: Present
Jeff Eastburn: Present
Derek Pennel: Present
Bev Schiesser: Present
Lenae Sjostrom: Present

Present: 7.

Community Attendance: Sherrill Harder, Norma Burkert, Fred Burkert, Dave Sjostrom, Jim Applegate,

Staff Attendance: Dennis Boyd, Cathy Jacksch, Ellen Mooney, Bobbi Jo Brewster, Lisa, Wagner, Aariah Richardson, Brooklyn Gilbert, Sadie Mooney, Shane Benscoter, Kelly Goodwin, Molly Rust, Pat Rufo, Brittany Bottensek, Katherine Tripp

1. **CALL TO ORDER**
2. **WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS**
3. **CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO THE AGENDA**
4. **PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS**
5. **THE BOARD MAY RECESS THE REGULAR MEETING AND CONVENE EXECUTIVE SESSION**
6. **RECONVENE REGULAR SESSION**
7. **CONSENT AGENDA**
 - 7.1. **BOARD MINUTES**
 - 7.2. **FINANCIAL REPORT**
 - 7.3. **FIRST READ POLICY EBBB**
 - 7.4. **POLICIES SECOND READ**
 - 7.5. **COACHING HIRES FOR 2024-25 SCHOOL YEAR**
 - 7.6. **RESIGNATION**
 - 7.7. **MOTION**
8. **REPORTS**
 - 8.1. **ENROLLMENT**
 - 8.2. **FACILITIES REPORT**
 - 8.3. **TRANSPORTATION/TECHNOLOGY REPORT**
 - 8.4. **STUDENT SERVICES REPORT**
 - 8.5. **PRINCIPAL'S REPORT**
 - 8.6. **SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT**
 - 8.7. **DIRECTORS REPORT**
9. **UNFINISHED BUSINESS**
10. **NEW BUSINESS**

10.1. ADOPTION OF 2024-2025 BUDGET AND APPROVAL OF BUDGET RESOLUTIONS

10.2. TRANSFER OF FUNDS

10.3. RESOLUTION #2023-24-009

10.4. RESOLUTION #2023-24-010

10.5. RESOLUTION #2023-24-011

10.6. LICENSED AND NON-LICENSED ADMINISTRATOR CONTRACTS

11. ANNOUNCEMENTS

11.1. UPCOMING BOARD MEETING

12. ADJOURN THE REGULAR MEETING

13. ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS/INFORMATION TO VIEW

Blachly School District #90

Code: BDDH
Adopted: 12/13/93
Revised/Readopted: 1/16/08; 11/19/08; 2/21/18;
1/19/22

Public Comment at Board Meetings

All Board meetings, with the exception of executive sessions, will be open to the public. The Board invites the district's community members to attend Board meetings to become acquainted with the program and operation of the district. The public has a right to attend public meetings held in open session, and may be invited to share comments, ideas and opinions with the Board during designated times on the agenda. The Board may conduct a meeting without public comment.

Individuals with hearing, vision or speech impairments will be given an equal opportunity to participate in Board meetings and submit written comments to the Board. Individuals requesting assistance, aids or accommodations are encouraged to notify the district at least 48 hours prior to the Board meeting with the request, consistent with Board policy BD/BDA – Board Meetings.

Procedures for Oral Public Comment

The Board establishes the following procedures for public comment at Board meetings held in open session. The information will be accessible and available to all patrons accessing or attending such a Board meeting.

1. Public comment is limited to its designated place on the agenda and while time allows.
2. A person wishing to provide public comment, if an opportunity is provided by the Board during a meeting open to the public, will submit their request and name electronically prior to the Board meeting.¹ A request to give public comment in-person or electronically does not guarantee time will be available.
3. A person speaking during the public comment portion of the meeting may comment on a topic not on the published agenda.
4. A person speaking during the public comment portion of the meeting should state their name, whether they are a resident of the district, and, if speaking for an organization, the name of the organization. A spokesperson should be designated to represent a group with a common purpose.
5. A person giving public comment is limited to an established time limit of three minutes. Statements should be brief and concise. The Board chair has discretion to waive time limits or extend the overall time allotted for public comment. Additional time will be allocated in a fair and equitable manner. If a person has more comments than time allows or is unable to comment due to time constraints, the

¹ When in-person attendees are allowed to provide oral comment, virtual attendees will be afforded the same opportunity.

person is encouraged to submit additional written comments to the Board through the district office as directed.

6. Inquiries from the public during the designated portion of the agenda will not generally be responded to immediately by the Board chair, and may be referred to the superintendent for reply at a later date. The Board will not respond to inquiries that are expected to be addressed during another designated portion of the agenda.

The Board will not hear public comment at Board work sessions.

Topics raised during the public comment portion may be considered for inclusion as agenda items at future Board meetings.

Procedures for Written Comment

Members of the public may submit written comments or materials to the Board at any time at the district office, by mail or by email to comments@blachly.k12.or.us . Materials or comments submitted at least 72 hours in advance of a Board meeting will be provided to the Board before the Board meeting. Written materials or comments submitted may not warrant action by the Board.

Comments Regarding Staff Members

A person speaking during the designated portion of the agenda for public comment may offer objective criticism of district operations and programs. The Board will not hear comments regarding any individual district staff member. The Board chair will direct the visitor to the procedures in Board policy KL - Public Complaints for consideration of a legitimate complaint involving a staff member. Any association contract governing the employee's rights will be followed. A commendation involving a staff member should be sent to the superintendent, who will forward it to the employee, a supervisor and the Board.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 165.535](#)
[ORS 165.540](#)

[ORS 192.610 - 192.690](#)
[ORS 332.057](#)

[ORS 332.107](#)

Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12213 (2018); 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2020); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2020).

Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12133 (2018).

Baca v. Moreno Valley Unified Sch. Dist., 936 F. Supp. 719 (C.D. Cal. 1996).

Leventhal v. Vista Unified Sch. Dist., 973 F. Supp. 951 (S.D. Cal. 1997).

Oregon House Bill 2560 (2021).

Cross Reference(s):

BDDC - Board Meeting Agenda

KC - Community Involvement in Decision Making

Blachly School District #90

Code: BDDH-AR
Revised/Reviewed: 2/21/18; 11/17/21

Public Comment at Board Meetings

The Board requests that a public comment add information or a perspective that has not already been mentioned previously, and that the patron refrains from repeating a similar point.

To provide public comment in person, if the opportunity is available on the Board agenda, please submit the Intent to Speak request to the Superintendent, Monday of the week of the Board meeting to comments@blachly.k12.or.us. Those attending virtually and want to provide public comment should submit the Intent to Speak request to the Superintendent, Monday of the week of the Board meeting to comments@blachly.k12.or.us.

A person speaking during the public comment portion of the meeting may comment on a topic not on the published agenda. A person providing public comment will be allowed three minutes. Signing up to provide public comment does not guarantee time will be available.

Any person, who is allowed to speak to the Board during a meeting, should state their name, whether they are a resident of the district and, if speaking for an organization, the name of the organization. A spokesperson should be designated to represent a group with a common purpose.

Comments about a specific employee or group of employees should comply with Board policy BDDH - Public Comment at Board Meetings:

“A person speaking during the designated portion of the agenda for public comment may offer objective criticism of district operations and programs. The Board will not hear comments regarding any individual district staff member. The Board chair will direct the visitor to the procedures in Board policy KL - Public Complaints for consideration of a legitimate complaint involving a staff member. Any association contract governing the employee’s rights will be followed. A commendation involving a staff member should be sent to the superintendent, who will forward it to the employee, a supervisor and the Board.”

SEE FORM ON REVERSE

INTENT TO SPEAK

The Board welcomes input. To provide in-person public comment please complete the request at comments@blachly.k12.or.us that can be found on the District and School websites Monday the week of the Board meeting.

Name: _____ Phone: _____

Name of organization (if applicable): _____

Address: _____

Email (optional): _____

Topic or comment to be presented (brief description): _____

A complaint brought before the Board shall be referred to the proper school authorities. A complaint shall be processed in accordance with Board policy KL - Public Complaints and KL-AR - Public Complaints Procedure. A hearing conducted by the Board regarding personnel may take place in an executive session.

The Board requests that a topic or comment is limited to three minutes or less.

Regular Board Meeting
Wednesday, April 10, 2024 6:00 PM Pacific

Triangle Lake Charter School--Pioneer
Building
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

Ciara Clark: Present
Dwight Coon: Absent
Meleah Drago: Absent
Jeff Eastburn: Present
Derek Pennel: Present
Bev Schiesser: Present
Lena Sjoström: Present

Present: 5, Absent: 2.

Staff: Brooklyn Gilbert, Kelly Goodwin, Shane Bencoter, Molly Rust, Pat Rufo, Brittany Bottensek, Katherine Tripp

Guests: Tami Sakarya, Julie Nowacki, Me Leah (user name, real name not confirmed), Sherrill Harder

Meleah Drago: Present

Present: 6, Absent: 1.

Staff: Brooklyn Gilbert, Kelly Goodwin, Shane Bencoter, Molly Rust, Pat Rufo, Brittany Bottensek, Katherine Tripp

Guests: Tami Sakarya, Julie Nowacki, Me Leah (user name, real name not confirmed), Sherrill Harder

Director Drago joined over zoom.

1. CALL TO ORDER

Board Chair Pennel called the meeting to order at 6:01 pm.

2. WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS

3. CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO THE AGENDA

There was an addition to the agenda, the resignation of Brenda Dutra. This will be put under the Consent Agenda as item 5.4.

4. PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS

There was a public comment submitted by Julie Nowacki, the topic: Out of district parent concerned about school communications and awareness of decisions being made once charter board dissolves.

5. CONSENT AGENDA

5.1. BOARD MINUTES

There were no questions or comments about the minutes.

5.2. FINANCIAL REPORT

Business manager Pat Rufo shares both the March Check Register and the quarterly report. She shares that there are a lot of things going on. The audit is finalized now and we were all compliant. She shares best practices suggestions. There were no deficiencies or material findings of concern.

Ms. Rufo goes over the revenues up through March 31st. She shares a payback amount for ADM along with increases in some revenues. Ms. Rufo goes over the expenditures listed. Board Chair Pennel asks, at the high level, the ADM comment, are we getting reimbursed less than we should be or do we have less student count than we were expecting? Ms. Rufo explains how the ADM calculation is done, and we are still holding this year as we budgeted. Director Schiesser asks, what are the additional expenses for TLCS Online? Ms. Rufo answers, she feels she might not have budgeted high enough. We estimated a little low for what families would spend out of their allotment.

Ms. Rufo shares our revenue has mostly all come in for the year. We shouldn't see too much more coming in this year.

5.3. NEW HIRE

Superintendent Watkins shares the hiring of Karey Eastburn and Mackaeley Cullmer for the positions listed.

5.4. RESIGNATION

Superintendent Watkins shares the resignation of Brenda Dutra.

5.5. MOTION

Director Eastburn moved to approve the consent agenda as presented/amended. This motion, made by Jeff Eastburn and seconded by Lenae Sjostrom, Carried.

Dwight Coon: Absent, Meleah Drago: Absent, Ciara Clark: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 5, Nay: 0, Absent: 2

6. REPORTS

6.1. STUDENT BODY REPORT

Student Body President, Ella Smith, was not able to attend today. The board reviewed her report.

6.2. FACILITIES REPORT

Maintenance Director, Shane Bencoter, shared his report with the board and answered questions.

6.3. TRANSPORTATION/TECHNOLOGY REPORT

Transportation & Technology Manager, Dennis Boyd, shared his report with the board. He answers questions about the new bus and what we are doing with the bus it replaced. He answers, we now have two sub buses.

6.4. STUDENT SERVICES REPORT

Assistant Principal, Katherine Tripp, shared her report with the board. She was happy to announce that the Special Education audit went well.

Director Eastburn asks about the master schedule. Ms. Tripp answers this and describes the IA schedule process.

6.5. PRINCIPAL'S REPORT

Principal Brittany Bottensek shares her report with the board. Ms. Bottensek answers questions about state testing and opt-out processes.

Director Clark asks if Ms. Bottensek can notify the board after state testing what the opt-out percentage is? Ms. Bottensek says yes, she can share that info after testing is complete. She also shares that our opt-out numbers are a lot higher for online than on campus. Ms. Bottensek shares that we do offer a testing location and a remote-at-home option this year for online families.

Ms. Bottensek offers to give a presentation of what the current state test blueprint looks like. The board says they would like to see that on a future agenda item.

Director Eastburn asks if we will be advertising the open house coming up in May. Ms. Bottensek shares that yes, we will push it out and look at the best ways to share it out. She is open to suggestions on advertising.

Board Chair Pennel asks about the number of students for Outdoor School. Why has there been a drop? She shares that there are lots of different reasons.

6.6. SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT

Superintendent Watkins shares that we are in the mode of reporting. We are in 3rd quarter for integrated guidance right now. He shares more about this process and the time frame for reporting.

He shares that we had a meeting with Cognia for our accreditation process, which will be occurring in April of 2025. We will be working on a team to manage this process.

Board Chair Pennel asks how often the accreditation process happens? Mr. Watkins answers, every 5 years.

Superintendent Watkins shares that we will be moving to a new Student Information System, Synergy, and our staff has been deep into training and shifting of data. We will be moving into this system for the 24-25 school year.

Director Eastburn asks if the cost will be a wash compared with our current system?

Superintendent Watkins shares that the uplift costs are a little more, but we are able to include it in our integrated guidance funds. Once we are fully using it, the cost will actually be a little less. We are also going to be able to have our SpEd system within Synergy now instead of a separate system.

Superintendent Watkins shares that there are a couple of grants we will be going after, in the areas of food services and safety. He will update the board as he has more information.

Superintendent Watkins thanks the board for attending the NSBA conference last weekend. He appreciated the time they dedicated to this and appreciated the time to collaborate and learn together.

Superintendent Watkins also reminds the board that if they plan to attend graduation please let Ms. Simington know so we can plan accordingly.

6.7. DIRECTORS REPORT

Director Eastburn shares about the NSBA conference. A highlight for him from the sessions was one that was focused on STEM, a free program/software that focuses on aviation. He is

looking forward to connecting with them and seeing what opportunities they could offer.

Director Sjostrom shares she really enjoyed the keynote speakers at the NSBA conference, and she felt they were some of the best she has heard in her career. She also liked the session for rural schools and the discussion about recruiting teachers.

Director Schiesser shares she also enjoyed the rural schools' session as well as many others she attended. She shares the appreciation of the keynote speakers and how they discussed the historical content, and she could relate as she lived through it. Realizing how much her life and career had tied into their history.

Director Clark shares that it was really good for her to get to know all the board members on a more personal relationship. She also enjoyed the keynote speakers and from one of her sessions she really enjoyed how the board can get to know their students and staff and build relationships and knowledge. She also attended one on budget and that was very insightful for her moving into budget season as a new board member.

Board Chair Pennel shares that he has been on the board for almost 20 years and this was his first National conference. He was surprised by how many connections he felt he could relate to rather than compared to the Oregon one. There was a lot more rural district attendance and support. He was able to listen to others' challenges and was appreciative of our community and school. Many of the rural districts seem to be well ahead of where we are in the state of Oregon as far as private and public partnerships, especially in regard to STEM. He referenced one schools plan for student graduation preparedness. He focused his attendance on parliamentary procedures meetings, he was happy to find that how we run our meetings are very similar to most districts he talked to, minus the strong disagreements. The second focus area related to AI. He now doesn't know if he should be really excited or really afraid of it. He just knows that we can't ignore this topic moving forward.

7. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

There was no unfinished business to go over.

8. NEW BUSINESS

8.1. CHARTER CONTRACT

Director Schiesser moved to accept the charter contract as presented. This motion, made by Bev Schiesser and seconded by Lenae Sjostrom, Carried.

Dwight Coon: Absent, Ciara Clark: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea

Yea: 6, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

Superintendent Watkins shares he did not receive any feedback or questions from last meeting to this meeting in regard to the contract. He wants to share that this contract is very similar to the old contract, with the change that we replaced the area of Charter Board with District Board as far as who is in charge of areas. This is a rollover into a 5-year contract. He shares that we will still have scenarios for the community to give input and insight. The community can always reach out to our administrators and our board members as well.

Board Chair Pennel also adds that we could always add committees in the future as well, which will live at the building level. Next steps are, if the contract gets approved tonight, the application has already been approved-we are still a charter district, now the documentation goes to the state for their record of approval. There will not be any transitional bumps, we will just roll into the next contract.

9. THE BOARD MAY RECESS THE REGULAR MEETING AND CONVENE EXECUTIVE SESSION

Board Chair Pennel adjourned the regular session at 7:22 pm.

10. RECONVENE REGULAR SESSION

Director Schiesser moved to accept the superintendent evaluation for 2023-24. And that Director Sjostrom is going to negotiate for the superintendents 3rd year contract extension. This motion, made by Bev Schiesser and seconded by Jeff Eastburn, Carried.

Dwight Coon: Absent, Ciara Clark: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea

Yea: 6, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

Board Chair Pennel reconvened the regular session at 7:42 pm.

The board came back into session and presented a motion.

11. ANNOUNCEMENTS

11.1. UPCOMING BOARD MEETING

Superintendent Watkins reminds the board to do their ethics filing before Monday the 15th of April.

12. ADJOURN THE REGULAR MEETING

Board Chair Pennel adjourned the meeting at 7:47 pm.

13. ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS/INFORMATION TO VIEW

13.1. OREGON ETHICS REPORTING

Derek Pennel
Board Chair

Adam Watkins
Superintendent

Special Board Meeting to Appoint Budget
Committee
Monday, April 29, 2024 6:00 PM Pacific

Triangle Lake Charter School--Library
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

Ciara Clark: Present
Dwight Coon: Present
Meleah Drago: Present
Jeff Eastburn: Present
Derek Pennel: Absent
Bev Schiesser: Present
Lenae Sjostrom: Present

Present: 6, Absent: 1.

Attendees Staff: Pat Rufo, Molly Rust, Kelly Goodwin, Bri Simington, Sadie Mooney
Attendees Budget Committee Members or interested parties: Norma Burkett, Bobbie Jo
Brewster, Larry Avery, Nicole Deering, Ellen Mooney
Attendees Community: Judy Applegate, Cathy Jacksch, Sherrill Harder

1. CALL TO ORDER

Board Vice Chair Eastburn called the meeting to order at 6 pm.

2. WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS

3. CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO THE AGENDA

There were no additions or changes to the agenda.

4. PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS

There were no public comments submitted

5. SELECT AND APPROVE BUDGET COMMITTEE MEMBERS FOR EXISTING VACANCIES.

Norma Burkett filled zone 1, Bobbie Jo Brewster filled zone 5 and Ellen Mooney filled the open at large position. There were no candidates for zone 3. It will remain vacant.

6. OATH OF OFFICE FOR NEW BUDGET COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Norma Burkert, Ellen Mooney, and Bobbie Jo Brewster took the Oath of Office.

7. APPOINT BUDGET COMMITTEE CHAIR

I move to approve Larry Avery as the Budget Committee Chair for the 2024-2025 Budget Committee. This motion, made by Bev Schiesser and seconded by Lenae Sjostrom, Carried.

Derek Pennel: Absent, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea

Yea: 5, Nay: 1, Absent: 1

Meleah Drago: Nay

I move to approve Ellen Mooney as the Budget Committee Chair for the 2024-2025 Budget Committee. This motion was made by Ellen Mooney, seconded by Dwight Coon. This motion, made by Meleah Drago and seconded by Dwight Coon, Failed.

Derek Pennel: Absent, Ciara Clark: Nay, Dwight Coon: Nay, Jeff Eastburn: Nay, Bev Schiesser:

Nay, Lenae Sjostrom: Nay, Meleah Drago: Yea

Yea: 1, Nay: 5, Absent: 1

Meleah Drago: Yea

Both Larry Avery and Ellen Mooney were brought up for appointment to be the Budget Committee Chair. After a vote, Larry Avery was approved to be the Chair of the 2024-2025 Budget Committee.

7.1. NEXT BOARD MEETING

The next regularly scheduled board meeting will be Wednesday, May 8th, at 6 pm.

8. ADJOURN THE SPECIAL DISTRICT BOARD MEETING

Board Vice Chair Eastburn adjourned the meeting at 6:06 pm.

Derek Pennel
Board Chair

Adam Watkins
Superintendent

Budget Committee Work Session
Monday, April 29, 2024 This meeting will start
directly after the Special Board Meeting
adjourns.

Triangle Lake Charter School--Library
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

- Larry Avery: Present
- Steve Blackshear: Absent
- Bobbie Joe Brewster: Present
- Norma Burkert: Present
- Ciara Clark: Present
- Dwight Coon: Present
- Nicole Deering: Present
- Meleah Drago: Present
- Jeff Eastburn: Present
- Ellen Mooney: Present
- Derek Pennel: Absent
- Bev Schiesser: Present
- Lenae Sjostrom: Present

Present: 11, Absent: 2.

Staff in Attendance: Pat Rufo, Molly Rust, Kelly Goodwin, Sadie Mooney
Budget Committee not listed: Ellen Mooney
Community Attendance: Judy Applegate, Cathy Jacksch, Sherrill Harder

1. CALL TO ORDER
Budget Committee Chair Larry Avery called the meeting to order at 6:06 pm.

2. WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS

3. PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS
There were no public comments.

4. DELIVERY OF BUDGET MESSAGE
Superintendent Watkins delivers his budget message to all in attendance.

5. PRESENTATION/DISCUSSION OF PROJECTED REVENUES
The board & budget committee members were given their budget books to review the projected revenues themselves.

6. PRESENTATION/DISCUSSION OF PROJECTED EXPENSES
The board and budget committee were given the budget books to review the projected expenses themselves.

7. INFORMATION REQUESTS FOR NEXT MEETING
Superintendent Watkins explains the budget processes moving forward. He asks that all questions get submitted to himself and Ms. Pat Rufo. There will be an ongoing log of all the questions asked, with the answer given, and that will be shared with the entire board and budget

group, so everyone can see the questions and answers. The group is given both Superintendent Watkins and Ms. Rufo's emails for questions.

8. ANNOUNCEMENTS

9. ADJOURN THE BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING

Budget Committee Chair Avery adjourned the budget committee at 6:20 pm.

Derek Pennel
Board Chair

Adam Watkins
Superintendent

Regular Board Meeting
Wednesday, May 8, 2024 6:00 PM Pacific

Triangle Lake Charter School--Pioneer
Building
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

Ciara Clark: Present
Dwight Coon: Present
Meleah Drago: Present
Jeff Eastburn: Present
Derek Pennel: Present
Bev Schiesser: Present
Lena Sjostrom: Present

Present: 7.

Staff in Attendance: Shane Benscoter, Brittany Bottensek, Dennis Boyd, Aria Richardson, Lisa Wagner, Pat Rufo, Molly Rust, Katherine Tripp, Sadie Mooney

Community in Attendance: Sherrill Harder,

Student in Attendance: Ella Smith, Student Body President

1. CALL TO ORDER

Board Chair Pennel called the meeting to order at 6pm.

2. WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS

3. CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO THE AGENDA

There were no changes or additions to the agenda.

4. PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS

Ms. Lisa Wagner submitted a public comment: Topic is: resignation.

5. CONSENT AGENDA

5.1. BOARD MINUTES

An error was found. Director Coon was not at the April 10th meeting, this needs to be reflected, and he needs to be removed from the votes. Ms. Simington will make this amendment and present it again to the board at the next meeting.

5.2. FINANCIAL REPORT

There were no questions in regards to the check register.

5.3. POLICIES FIRST READ

Superintendent Watkins explains how the policies are grouped this time. Please reach out to him if you have any questions.

5.4. NEW HIRE

Superintendent Watkins shares the hiring of Michael Metts for the secondary math position. We are excited to welcome Mr. Metts back to our district.

5.5. RESIGNATION

Superintendent Watkins shares the resignations listed below. He wishes both Ms. Wagner and Ms. Nydigger well in their future endeavors.

5.6. MOTION

I Director Coon, move to approve the consent agenda as amended. This motion, made by Dwight Coon and seconded by Jeff Eastburn, Carried.

Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 7, Nay: 0

6. REPORTS

6.1. ENROLLMENT

Superintendent Watkins goes over the current enrollment provided. He shares that we are continuing to run advertisements for our school. We have a very healthy wait list for our online program and our on-campus kindergarten class for next year is looking good.

6.2. STUDENT BODY REPORT

Student Body President Ella Smith shares her report with the board. She shares info about prom, last day of school plans, jr/sr banquet, and the family dance.

Director Drago asks what the outcome of the senior trip approval was. Superintendent Watkins shares that the decision was, since they are all going to be graduated and done with school, it is not a school decision. They may take their trip as they wish. They still plan to rent a school vehicle for this trip.

6.3. FACILITIES REPORT

Board Chair Pennel moved to surplus the Frigidaire chest freezers as listed. This motion, made by Derek Pennel and seconded by Bev Schiesser, Carried.

Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 7, Nay: 0

Maintenance Director, Shane Bencoter, shares his report.

Director Eastburn asks if there are any large projects projected. Mr. Bencoter shares that it's going to be a "small projects" type of summer.

Mr. Bencoter shares his surplus list he is presenting to the board. The board may choose to act on the surplus if they choose.

6.4. TRANSPORTATION/TECHNOLOGY REPORT

Transportation and Technology Manager, Dennis Boyd, provided a report to the board.

Director Drago asks if the new bus is here now. Mr. Boyd shares yes, it's bus #12.

Director Clark asks if the bus routes will go back to 4 later this month when we get a new bus driver trained. Superintendent Watkins answers no, we won't be disrupting our family's schedules again this close to the end of the year, especially since there is no guarantee when the driver will be fully trained.

Mr. Boyd shares his summer will be filled with resetting every student device.

6.5. STUDENT SERVICES REPORT

Assistant Principal, Katherine Tripp, shares her report with the board.

Board Chair Pennel asked Ms. Tripp what her take away from the Small Schools Conference was. Ms. Tripp shares her good experiences and that she felt they were very valuable. She also

made a good contact with another SpEd director who has a lot of experience. She also felt the law sessions were very helpful, being geared around small schools and staff wearing multiple hats.

6.6. PRINCIPAL'S REPORT

Principal Brittany Bottensek shares her report with the board. She also shared information about how Outdoor School went. She shares that she does have 6 graduating counselors this year, and 5 returning counselors.

Director Schiesser shares that she has noticed that being a counselor helps students on scholarships because of all the volunteer hours they get.

Board Chair Pennel asks about the Open House. Ms. Bottensek shares that the passports turned in were about average to past years. We received 9 new enrollment forms that day. And at least a half dozen more went home with families, and we have had some follow-up communication. She also shares that the kindergarten enrollment at this time of year is high for us.

Ms. Bottensek shares that Blachly Lane came to campus today and helped our 5th grade class with an egg drop. This will become an annual thing, and Blachly Lane will come out each year.

Ms. Bottensek shares that in-person State testing is done, and online starts this week with remote testing or coming to campus.

6.7. SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT

Superintendent Watkins shares that starting next week he will be in several meetings including one with a government team. He was also able to have a very good conversation with Senator Wright around education and wanted to thank him for his continued support.

He shares that we got an integrated guidance update in recent weeks. He appreciates the support of small districts through this process. The department of justice got involved in regard to how legislation and spending crosses the school budget process, so they have changed how this is aligned now. There were some concerns with regard to it interrupting summer learning, so they have decided to hold off until 2025.

Superintendent Watkins also shares that the Small Schools Conference was a success. We have so many schools in Oregon which fall under the title of small schools. He shares that he got voted for the board of Small Schools Directive, and he appreciates that these meetings connect with a lot of the things he is already involved in.

Superintendent Watkins shares that we were finally able to contract a school nurse through Lane ESD. Her name is Ericka Jacobson, she is a certified nurse, and has been amazing to work with so far. We are very thankful to have her. She joins us one day a week currently. He shares with the board that we haven't officially signed a new contract with a website manager, but we are sunseting the contract with Jason Asplund as our website manager. We are looking at going with a company that will save us money and increase our support. This will hopefully not cause a lot of changes to our current website. This support will start this summer.

Superintendent Watkins thanks the board for their attendance at the National School Board Conference. He appreciates their time spent working as a team, to continue to support our school.

Board Chair Pennel asks if there is any news from of OSAA. Superintendent Watkins shares that there is a new president-elect for next year. He appreciates their commitment to continued

support and excellent events for students. They are working to introduce two new sports, and have promoted girls wrestling. The two they are working towards are boys volleyball and girls flag football. Our sponsor for the flag football league in our area is the Seattle Seahawks. They are also looking for more support opportunities for youth opportunities.

6.8. DIRECTORS REPORT

Director Eastburn shares that he has been able to be at a couple of events this month, including both MS and HS track events. He has also gotten to work with another basketball coach, and they are working towards summer ball opportunities.

Director Clark shares that she attended Open House, and she felt this was very well put on, and she also attended the Kindergarten info night.

Director Schiesser shares she attended the Triangle Lake/Junction City baseball playoff game, and they won. Now they will start the state playoffs.

Board Chair Pennel shares that he is working with the football group as well to get some summer camps or clinics going. Early summer will be busy for our athletes.

7. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

There is no unfinished business to address.

8. NEW BUSINESS

There is no new business to address.

9. THE BOARD MAY RECESS THE REGULAR MEETING AND CONVENE EXECUTIVE SESSION

The board will not be recessing for executive session today.

10. RECONVENE REGULAR SESSION

11. ANNOUNCEMENTS

11.1. UPCOMING BOARD MEETING

Board Chair Pennel asks the board members, if they haven't gotten their budget questions in to Ms. Rufo or Mr. Watkins, please get them in by tonight. He also reminds the board that the questions can only be discussed in a public meeting. Please do not comment on the questions at this time. The conversations need to happen inside a budget or board meeting, so we are not in violation of public meetings law.

The board discussed how the questions and answers are being shared and when they will get those responses. Superintendent Watkins shares that we will answer any clarifying questions at the budget meeting if needed.

Board Chair Pennel asks that everyone remember, a statement type question can not always be answered.

12. ADJOURN THE REGULAR MEETING

Board Chair Pennel adjourned the meeting at 7:05 pm.

13. ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS/INFORMATION TO VIEW

Derek Pennel
Board Chair

Adam Watkins
Superintendent

Budget Committee Work Session
Monday, May 13, 2024 6:00 PM Pacific

Triangle Lake Charter School--Library
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

Larry Avery: Present
Steve Blackshear: Present
Bobbie Joe Brewster: Present
Norma Burkert: Present
Ciara Clark: Present
Dwight Coon: Present
Nicole Deering: Present
Meleah Drago: Present
Jeff Eastburn: Present
Ellen Mooney: Present
Derek Pennel: Present
Bev Schiesser: Present
Lenae Sjostrom: Present

Present: 13.

Staff Attendance: Pat Rufo, Molly Rust, Dennis Boyd, Kelly Goodwin, Shane Benscoter, Sadie Mooney, Brittany Bottensek, Aariah Richardson, Amanda Gast

Community Attendance: Fred Burkert, Cathy Jacksch, Sherrill Mooney, Judy Applegate,

1. CALL TO ORDER

Budget Committee Chair Avery called the meeting to order at 6 pm.

2. WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS

Budget Committee Chair Avery asks the group to share their names and a little bit about themselves and their ties to the school and community. Each district and budget committee member shared.

3. CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO THE AGENDA

Budget Committee Chair Avery asked the group if there are any suggestions to change the agenda. He would like to add, under 5 as 5.1 Discussion of general fund projected resources, pages 5-7 and as 5.2 Discussion of general fund projected requirements for instructional services, pages 9-40. Budget Committee member Mooney asks if we can set a time limit for this meeting. Check in at 8:30. This was agreed.

4. PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS

Director Drago asks about meeting postings and public comment. This was discussed, but no agenda item was added.

Superintendent Watkins shares that public comment was accepted up until noon today. He also shares that budget meetings will be posted 5 days prior to the district board meeting and public

comment will be accepted up to the day of the meeting at noon.

Ms. Pat Rufo shares the budget posting and states that the public may request a copy of the proposed budget either via email or phone request or by coming to the district office. The proposed budget will be added to the website tomorrow for the public to see. Budget Committee Member Mooney requests that the questions and answers the board have collected be added to be visible to the public.

5. DISCUSSION OF 2024-25 BUDGET

BCM Mooney makes a motion to recommend to adjust the ADMR in the budget to 402.78 and the dollar amount to \$307,926 approximately. This motion, made by Ellen Mooney and seconded by Norma Burkert, Failed.

Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Ciara Clark: Nay, Dwight Coon: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Jeff Eastburn: Nay, Derek Pennel: Nay, Bev Schiesser: Nay, Lenae Sjostrom: Nay, Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Norma Burkert: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Ellen Mooney: Yea
Yea: 5, Nay: 8

Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Norma Burkert: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Ellen Mooney: Yea

The committee reviewed the questions and answers provided by district staff. Discussion around these questions was presented and answered.

There is a motion made for a budget adjustment by Budget Committee Member Mooney. This motion did not pass.

Superintendent Watkins recommends that the budget committee come to another meeting prepared with direct questions and page references for this to be productive for everyone.

Budget Committee Chair Avery agrees there is more time needed.

5.1. Discussion of general fund projected resources pages 5-75

All notes for discussions are under the 5 subject line due to jumping around from area to area.

5.2. Discussion of general fund projected requirements for instructional services, pages 9-40

All notes for discussions are under the 5 subject line due to jumping around from area to area.

6. ANNOUNCEMENTS

The budget did not get approved by the committee at this time, the District board will now have another meeting to deliberate when to have another committee meeting.

7. ADJOURN THE BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING

Budget Committee Chair Avery adjourned the meeting at 8:26 pm.

Special District Board Meeting
Wednesday, May 15, 2024 5:00 PM Pacific

Triangle Lake Charter School--Pioneer
Building
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

Ciara Clark: Present
Dwight Coon: Absent
Meleah Drago: Present
Jeff Eastburn: Absent
Derek Pennel: Present
Bev Schiesser: Present
Lenae Sjostrom: Present

Present: 5, Absent: 2.

Staff Attendees: Kelly Goodwin, Sadie Mooney

Community Attendees: Norma Burkert,

On Zoom: Jim Applegate

Jeff Eastburn: Present

Present: 6, Absent: 1.

Staff Attendees: Kelly Goodwin, Sadie Mooney

Community Attendees: Norma Burkert,

On Zoom: Jim Applegate

1. CALL TO ORDER

Board Chair Pennel called the meeting to order at 5:01pm

2. WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS

3. CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO THE AGENDA

There were no changes or additions to the agenda.

4. PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS

Ms. Norma Burkert gave a public comment, the topic being: Suggestion of multiple dates picked for budget committee meeting

Ms. Kelly Goodwin gave a public comment, the topic being: The last committee meeting not being advertised as normal

Ms. Sadie Mooney gave a public comment, the topic being: Hard to hear at the last meeting

5. SET UPCOMING BUDGET COMMITTEE DATES

Board Chair Pennel moved to schedule two additional meetings, one on May 28th and a provisional on May 29th if needed. This motion, made by Derek Pennel and seconded by Bev Schiesser, Carried.

Dwight Coon: Absent, Ciara Clark: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea

Yea: 6, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

Board Chair Pennel states the week of the 27th of May looks like the earliest we could meet, due to having to give adequate advertising time. Board Chair Pennel suggests the 28th and having the

29th as a provisional if needed.

Director Drago asks why we aren't suggesting the first week in June? Superintendent Watkins says they worry that there would not be enough time between the budget committee meetings and the next board meeting, not leaving enough time for the community to give comment on the budget prior to the board meeting.

6. ANNOUNCEMENTS

7. ADJOURN THE BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING

Board Chair Pennel adjourned the meeting at 5:12 pm.

Budget Committee Work Session
Tuesday, May 28, 2024 6:00 PM Pacific

Triangle Lake Charter School--Library
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

Larry Avery: Present
Steve Blackshear: Present
Bobbie Joe Brewster: Present
Norma Burkert: Present
Ciara Clark: Present
Dwight Coon: Present
Nicole Deering: Present
Meleah Drago: Present
Jeff Eastburn: Present
Ellen Mooney: Present
Derek Pennel: Present
Bev Schiesser: Present
Lenae Sjostrom: Present

Present: 13.

Staff attending: Sadie Mooney, Pat Rufo, Molly Rust, Brooklyn Gilbert, Katherine Tripp, Shane Bencoter, Kelly Goodwin

Community Attending: Sherrill Harder, Linda Avery, Cathy Jacksch, Fred Burkert, Mabel, Judy Applegate, Jim Applegate, Janice,

1. CALL TO ORDER

Budget Committee Chair Avery called the meeting to order at 6:00pm

2. WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS

3. CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO THE AGENDA

There are no changes to the agenda.

4. PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS

Public comments came in from 3 community members:

Sherrill Harder with the topic: Budget Process

Fred Burkert with the topic: Budget

Judy Applegate with the topic: Budget

Cathy Jacksch states she sent in a comment to both the comments@ and to Larry Avery, but neither were received. Budget Committee Chair Avery asked Ms. Jacksch to present her comment, topic: Budget

5. DISCUSSION OF 2024-25 BUDGET

Director Coon requests an up or down motion for keeping item 389 in the budget. This motion, made by Dwight Coon and seconded by Derek Pennel, Carried.

Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay, Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Yea, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon:

Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 9, Nay: 4

Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay
BCM Mooney moves we end at 8:30pm and resume the discussion tomorrow. This motion, made
by Ellen Mooney and seconded by Norma Burkert, Carried.

Ciara Clark: Nay, Dwight Coon: Nay, Jeff Eastburn: Nay, Derek Pennel: Nay, Bev Schiesser:
Nay, Lenae Sjostrom: Nay, Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Bobbie Joe Brewster:
Yea, Norma Burkert: Yea, Nicole Deering: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Ellen Mooney: Yea
Yea: 7, Nay: 6

Ciara Clark: Nay, Dwight Coon: Nay, Jeff Eastburn: Nay, Derek Pennel: Nay, Bev Schiesser:
Nay, Lenae Sjostrom: Nay

Budget Committee Chair Avery shares a comment about the budget role. He asks the budget
committee to start the review of the budget line by line and ask their questions.

The Committee discussed several items and received answers from district staff. Items were
listed for suggested cuts, which the committee will review at the end of this process.

There was a motion made by Director Coon to have an up or down vote to leave an item off the
suggested cuts list. This motion passed.

Budget Committee Chair Avery asks if the group wants to continue going or end at 8:30 pm.
There was a motion made to end at 8:30 pm and resume tomorrow. This motion passed.

6. ANNOUNCEMENTS

Board Chair Pennel moves to not set an adjournment time at tomorrow's meeting. This motion,
made by Derek Pennel and seconded by Ciara Clark, Carried.

Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Dwight Coon: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen
Mooney: Nay, Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Norma Burkert: Yea, Ciara Clark: Yea,
Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea

Yea: 8, Nay: 5

Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Dwight Coon: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen
Mooney: Nay

The budget committee will resume this discussion tomorrow, May 29th at 6pm.

7. ADJOURN THE BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING

Budget Committee Chair Avery adjourned the meeting at 8:33 pm.

Budget Committee Work Session
Wednesday, May 29, 2024 6:00 PM Pacific

Triangle Lake Charter School--Library
20264 Blachly Grange Rd.
Blachly, OR 97412

Larry Avery: Present
Steve Blackshear: Present
Bobbie Joe Brewster: Present
Norma Burkert: Present
Ciara Clark: Present
Dwight Coon: Present
Nicole Deering: Present
Meleah Drago: Present
Jeff Eastburn: Present
Ellen Mooney: Present
Derek Pennel: Present
Bev Schiesser: Present
Lenae Sjostrom: Present

Present: 13.

Staff: Brooklyn Gilbert, Amanda Gast, Kara Severino, Molly Rust, Brittany Bottensenk, Kelly Goodwin, Shane Benscoter, Sadie Mooney

Community: Jim Applegate, Judy Applegate, Linda Avery, Fred Burkert, Sherrill Harder, Cathy Jacksch, Billy Brewster

1. CALL TO ORDER

Budget Committee Chair Avery called the meeting to order at 5:59 pm.

2. WELCOME GUESTS AND VISITORS

3. CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO THE AGENDA

There are no changes to the agenda.

4. PUBLIC FORUM/COMMUNICATIONS

There were no public comment submitted.

5. DISCUSSION OF 2024-25 BUDGET

Director Coon calls for an up or down motion on item 410 consumable supplies on page 59. This motion, made by Dwight Coon and seconded by Jeff Eastburn, Carried.

Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay, Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 8, Nay: 5

Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay

Director Coon moves to have an up or down motion on item 389 in regards to HR support. This motion, made by Dwight Coon and seconded by Bev Schiesser, Carried.

Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay, Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 8, Nay: 5

Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay

Board Chair Pennel moved to leave function 2540, Operations & Maintenance, untouched. This motion, made by Derek Pennel and seconded by Dwight Coon, Carried.

Larry Avery: Nay, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 8, Nay: 5

Larry Avery: Nay, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay

Director Coon moved for an up or down motion on item 419 on page 63 for maintenance project supplies, to leave this untouched. This motion, made by Dwight Coon and seconded by Derek Pennel, Failed.

Larry Avery: Nay, Steve Blackshear: Nay, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 6, Nay: 7

Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea

Director Coon moves to have an Up or down motion on item 480 on page 66, computer hardware. This motion, made by Dwight Coon and seconded by Bev Schiesser, Carried.

Larry Avery: Nay, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 7, Nay: 6

Larry Avery: Nay, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Nicole Deering: Nay, Meleah Drago: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay

Director Coon calls for a motion for an up and down motion in regards to health text adoption being put off one more year for MS/HS total of \$21,000. This motion, made by Dwight Coon and seconded by Derek Pennel, Carried.

Larry Avery: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Yea, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Nicole Deering: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 10, Nay: 3

Larry Avery: Nay, Norma Burkert: Nay, Ellen Mooney: Nay

BCM Burkert moved the Budget Committee approve the revised budget for the 2024/ 2025 fiscal year in the amount of \$6,264,779 and revisions are attached with \$126,602 in reductions. This motion, made by Norma Burkert and seconded by Ellen Mooney, Carried.

Ciara Clark: Nay, Dwight Coon: Nay, Jeff Eastburn: Nay, Derek Pennel: Nay, Bev Schiesser: Nay, Lenae Sjostrom: Nay, Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Yea, Norma Burkert: Yea, Nicole Deering: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Ellen Mooney: Yea
Yea: 7, Nay: 6

Ciara Clark: Nay, Dwight Coon: Nay, Jeff Eastburn: Nay, Derek Pennel: Nay, Bev Schiesser: Nay, Lenae Sjostrom: Nay

BCM Burkert moved to have the budget committee of Blachly School District #90 approve property taxes for the 2024-2025 fiscal year at the rate of .0051023 per \$1,000 of assessed value for the permanent rate tax levy. This motion, made by Norma Burkert and seconded by Ellen Mooney, Carried.

Larry Avery: Yea, Steve Blackshear: Yea, Bobbie Joe Brewster: Yea, Norma Burkert: Yea, Ciara Clark: Yea, Dwight Coon: Yea, Nicole Deering: Yea, Meleah Drago: Yea, Jeff Eastburn: Yea, Ellen Mooney: Yea, Derek Pennel: Yea, Bev Schiesser: Yea, Lenae Sjostrom: Yea
Yea: 13, Nay: 0

Board Chair Pennel shares his hope that the committee understands that there are public meeting law and labor law that they need to be aware of. Nothing under contract can be discussed.

The committee continues their line by line assessment of the budget, proposing cuts be added to their final list for the end of the budget process. There were several motions throughout this process, as listed under actions, to decide if an item should be added to the suggested cuts list.

These are listed as up or down motions. A Yes vote means it remains untouched in the budget; a nay vote means they will cut the amount of this item. During one discussion around cutting funding for curriculum for this budget, Superintendent Watkins goes on record that he does not support the Health adoption being pushed out another year. He does not believe the district should go out of compliance by missing the adoption year, which is this upcoming year. The committee discusses this in depth, and an up or down motion is put on the table.

A final motion was put in place by BCM Burkert. She moved the Budget Committee to approve the revised budget for the 2024/ 2025 fiscal year in the amount of \$6,264,779 and revisions are attached with \$126,602 in reductions. This motion was carried, which will then be addressed in the next regular district board meeting.

BCM Burkert also asked for a motion to have the budget committee of Blachly School District #90 approve property taxes for the 2024-2025 fiscal year at the rate of .0051023 per \$1,000 of assessed value for the permanent rate tax levy. This motion carried.

6. ANNOUNCEMENTS

7. ADJOURN THE BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING

Budget Committee Chair Avery adjourned the meeting at 9:13 pm.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBBB

Adopted:

Injury/ or Illness Reports

{This policy was originally released with the April 2024 Policy Update. Following that release, OSBA determined that a correction was necessary. This correction was made in May 2024 and this policy was re-released. This version includes the correction. Required policy. ORS 339.309 requires a district school board establish policy for reporting incidents, e.g., injury.}

All injuries/ or illnesses¹, sustained by the employee while in the actual performance of the duty of the employee, occurring on district premises, in district vehicles, at a district-sponsored activity or involving staff members who may be elsewhere on district business will be reported immediately to a supervisor. ~~Staff members will report self-administered first-aid² treatment to an immediate supervisor.~~ All accidents involving employees, students, visiting public or district property will be reported immediately to a supervisor.

A written report will be submitted within 24 hours to the district's safety officer. Reports will cover property damage as well as personal injury.

In the event of a work-related³ illness or injury to an employee resulting in overnight in-patient hospitalization for medical treatment⁴ other than first aid, loss of an eye, amputation or avulsion⁵, the district safety officer shall report the incident to the Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division (OR-OSHA). ~~This report will be made~~ within 24 hours after notification to the district of an illness or injury. Fatalities or catastrophes⁶ shall be reported⁷ to OSHA within eight hours.

ALL injuries/ or illnesses sustained by an employee, while in the actual performance of the duty of the employee or by a student or visiting public and accidents involving district property, employees, students

¹ The Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division provides: "Injury or illness" means an abnormal condition or disorder. Injuries include cases such as, but not limited to, a cut, fracture, sprain, or amputation. Illnesses include both acute and chronic illnesses, such as, but not limited to, skin disease, respiratory disorder, or poisoning (record injuries and illnesses only if they are new, work-related cases that meet one or more of the recording criteria). (OAR 437-001-0015(39))

² For employees, "first aid" means any one-time treatment and subsequent observation of minor scratches, cuts, burns, splinters, or similar injuries that do not ordinarily require medical care. Such one-time treatment and subsequent observation is considered first aid even though it is provided by a physician or registered professional personnel. (OAR 437-001-0015(34))

³ An injury or illness is work related if an event or exposure in the work environment either caused or contributed to the resulting condition or significantly aggravated a preexisting ~~condition~~ injury or illness. (OAR 437-001-0700(6))

⁴ ~~Medical treatment includes managing or caring for the management or care of a patient for the purpose of combatting disease or disorder. The following are not considered medical treatment: visits to a doctor physician or other licensed health care professional solely for observation or counseling; diagnostic procedures, such as x-rays and blood tests, including administering prescription medications used solely for diagnostic purposes; and or any procedure that can be labeled first aid according to OAR 437-001-0700(8)(d)(A)(iii).~~

⁵ Amputations and avulsions are only required to be reported if they result in bone loss. (OAR 437-001-0704(4))

⁶ A "eCatastrophe" is an accident in which two or more employees are fatally injured, or three or more employees are admitted to a hospital or an equivalent medical facility. (OAR 437-001-0015(11))

⁷ Reporting must be done in person or by telephone. (OAR 437-001-0704(3))

or visiting public will be promptly investigated. As a result of the investigation any corrective measures needed will be acted upon.

The district safety officer will maintain records ~~and reports on serious~~ on injuries, illnesses, ~~including and~~ accidents involving district property, ~~or~~ employees, students or visiting publics, ~~and periodic statistical reports on the number and types of injuries/illnesses occurring in the district, as well as on the measures being taken to prevent such injuries/illnesses in the future.~~

~~The records will include monthly reporting information and an analysis of the data and trends will be conducted at least annually.~~ These records will include prevention measures taken, reporting information, periodic statistical reports on the number and types of injuries, illnesses and accidents occurring in the district, and monthly and annual analyses of accident data. Such reports will be submitted to the ~~[superintendent]~~ ~~[Board]~~ for review ~~[annually⁸]~~.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 339.309](#)

[OAR 437-001-0015](#)

[OAR 437-001-0700](#)

[OAR 437-001-0704](#)

[OAR 437-001-0760](#)

[OAR 437-002-0360](#)

[OAR 437-002-0377](#)

[OAR 581-022-2225](#)

⁸ ~~[Annual reporting is required, but may occur more often.]~~

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: AC
Adopted:

Nondiscrimination

The district prohibits discrimination and harassment on any basis protected by law, including but not limited to, an individual's perceived or actual race¹, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national or ethnic origin, marital status, age, mental or physical disability, pregnancy, familial status, economic status, or veterans' status, or because of the perceived or actual race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national or ethnic origin, marital status, age, mental or physical disability, pregnancy, familial status, economic status, or veterans' status of any other persons with whom the individual associates.

The district prohibits discrimination and harassment in, but not limited to, employment, assignment and promotion of personnel; educational opportunities and services offered students; student assignment to schools and classes; student discipline; location and use of facilities; educational offerings and materials; and accommodating the public at public meetings.

The Board encourages staff to improve human relations within the schools, to respect all individuals and to establish channels through which patrons can communicate their concerns to the administration and the Board.

~~[The Board designates the [as the district's civil rights coordinator.]]~~ [The Board directs the superintendent to designate the district's civil rights coordinator and make contact information available to staff, students and parents.⁽²⁾]

The superintendent shall appoint individuals at the district to contact on issues concerning the Americans with Disabilities Act and Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act (ADA), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Titles VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act, Title IX of the Education Amendments, and other civil rights or discrimination issues, and notify students, parents, and staff with their names, office addresses, and phone numbers. The district will publish complaint procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of complaints from students, employees and the public, and such procedures will be available at the district's administrative office and available on the home page of the district's website.

The district prohibits retaliation and discrimination against an individual who has opposed any discrimination act or practice; because that person has filed a charge, testified, assisted or participated in an investigation, proceeding or hearing; and further prohibits anyone from coercing, intimidating, threatening or interfering with an individual for exercising any rights guaranteed under state and federal law.

END OF POLICY

¹ Includes discriminatory use of a Native American mascot pursuant to OAR 581-021-0047. Race also includes physical characteristics that are historically associated with race, including but not limited to natural hair, hair texture, hair type and protective hairstyles as defined by ORS 659A.001 (as amended by House Bill 2935 (2021)).

² {For additional information regarding civil rights coordinators and their responsibilities, see ORS 332.505(2).}

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 174.100	ORS 659A.003	ORS 659A.321
ORS 192.630	ORS 659A.006	ORS 659A.409
ORS 326.051(1)(e)	ORS 659A.009	OAR 581-002-0001 – 002-0005
ORS 332.505	ORS 659A.029	OAR 581-021-0045
ORS 408.230	ORS 659A.030	OAR 581-021-0046
ORS 659.805	ORS 659A.040	OAR 581-021-0047
ORS 659.815	ORS 659A.103 - 659A.145	OAR 581-022-2310
ORS 659.850 - 659.860	ORS 659A.230 - 659A.233	OAR 581-022-2370
ORS 659.865	ORS 659A.236	OAR 839-003
ORS 659A.001	ORS 659A.309	

Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6101-6107 (2018).
Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, 29 U.S.C. §§ 621-633 (2018); 29 C.F.R Part 1626 (2019).
Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12112 (2018); 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2019); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2019).
Equal Pay Act of 1963, 29 U.S.C. § 206(d) (2018).
Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§ 791, 793-794 (2018); 34 C.F.R. Part 104 (2019).
Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683, 1701, 1703-1705, 1720 (2018); Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance, 34 C.F.R. Part 106 (2020).
Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d (2018); 28 C.F.R. §§ 42.101-42.106 (2019).
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e (2018); 29 C.F.R. § 1601 (2019).
Wygant v. Jackson Bd. of Educ., 476 U.S. 267 (1989).
Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12133 (2018); 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2019); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2019).
The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, 38 U.S.C. § 4212 (2018).
Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. § 2000ff-1 (2018); 29 C.F.R. Part 1635 (2019).

Deleted: House Bill 2935 (2021),
House Bill 3041 (2021).

Deleted: 10/05/21

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: BBF
Adopted:

Board Member Standards of Conduct (Version 2)

A Board member should:

1. Comply with ethics laws for public officials;
2. Understand that the Board sets the standards for the district through Board policy. Board members do not manage the district on a day-to-day basis;
3. Understand that the Board makes decisions by a quorum vote of the Board. Individual Board members may not commit the Board to any action;
4. Respect the right of other Board members to have opinions and ideas which differ;
5. Recognize that decisions made by a quorum vote are the final decisions of the Board. Such decisions should be supported by all Board members;
6. Make decisions only after the facts are presented and discussed;
7. Understand the chain of command and refer problems or complaints to the proper administrative office;
8. Recognize that the Board must comply with the Public Meetings Law and only has authority to make decisions at properly noticed Board meetings;
9. Insist that all Board and district business is ethical and honest;
10. Be open, fair and honest — no hidden agendas;
11. Understand that Board members will receive information that is confidential and cannot be shared;
12. Recognize that the superintendent is the Board's employee and designated as the chief executive officer of the district;
13. Take action only after hearing the superintendent's recommendations;
14. Refuse to bring personal or family problems into Board considerations;
15. Give district staff the respect and consideration due to skilled, professional employees;
16. Present personal criticism of district operations to the superintendent, when appropriate, not to district staff;
17. Respect the right of the public to attend and observe Board meetings;

Deleted: 11/22/19

Deleted: PH

18. Respect the right of the public to be informed about district decisions and school operations as allowed by law;
19. Remember that content discussed in executive session is confidential;
20. Use social media, websites, or other electronic communication judiciously, respectfully, and in a manner that does not violate Oregon’s Public Meetings Laws;
21. When posting online or to social media, Board members will treat and refer to other Board members, staff, students and the public with respect, and will not post confidential information about students, staff or district business;
22. A Board member is a mandatory reporter of child abuse. A Board member having reasonable cause to believe that any child with whom the Board member comes in contact with has suffered abuse or that any person with whom the Board member comes in contact with has abused a child shall immediately make a report to the Department of Human Services (DHS) ¹ or to law enforcement within the county where the person making the report is located at the time of contact.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 162.015 - 162.035	ORS Chapter 244	ORS 419B.010
ORS 162.405 - 162.425	ORS 332.055	ORS 419B.015
ORS 192.610 - 192.710	ORS 419B.005	

¹ [How to report abuse or neglect: [Oregon DHS](#). Call 855-503-SAFE (7233)]

Deleted: an oral

Deleted: by telephone or otherwise

Deleted: local

Deleted: , to the designee of the department

Deleted: a local

Deleted: 11/22/19

Deleted: PH

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: BBFC
Adopted:

Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child

{Optional policy. Board members are included in the definition of public official from ORS 419B.005, which are designated mandatory reporters of child abuse by ORS 419B.010.}

A Board member is a mandatory reporter of child abuse¹. A Board member having reasonable cause to believe that any child with whom the Board member comes in contact with has suffered abuse or that any person with whom the Board member comes in contact with has abused a child shall immediately notify Oregon Department of Human Services (DHS) or law enforcement pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 419B.015.

The Board member making a report of child abuse, as required by ORS 419B.010, shall make a report through DHS² or to a law enforcement agency within the county where the Board member making the report is located at the time of the contact.

The report must contain, if known, the names and addresses of the child and the parents of the child or other persons responsible for the care of the child, the child's age, the nature and extent of the abuse, including any evidence of previous abuse, the explanation given for the abuse, and any other information that the Board member making the report believes might be helpful in establishing the cause of the abuse and the identity of the perpetrator.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.107](#) [ORS 419B.010](#)
[ORS 419B.005](#) [ORS 419B.015](#)

¹ Includes the neglect of a child; abuse is defined in ORS 419B.005.

² How to report abuse or neglect: [Oregon DHS](#). Call 855-503-SAFE (7233)

- Deleted: the
- Deleted: local
- Deleted: an oral
- Deleted: by telephone or otherwise to
- Deleted: the local office of the Department of Human Services
- Deleted: , to the designee of the department
- Deleted: shall

Deleted: 11/22/19

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: BCBA

Adopted:

Student Representative(s) on the Board

{Optional policy. The choice to add a student representative is by local control of the board.}

The Board establishes ~~[[two][three] positions]~~ [a position] of student representative on the ~~[Blachly School District]~~ Board. A student representative shall not be a voting member of the Board.

~~[~~ A student representative shall be installed on the Board with the following Oath of Office:

“I _____, will support the Constitution and the laws of the United States, the state of Oregon and the laws thereof, and the policies of the ~~[Blachly School]~~ District, and will discharge the duties of Student Representative on the ~~[Blachly School District]~~ Board to the best of my ability.”~~”]~~

~~[[⁺]A student representative on the Board shall be selected through a process determined by the Board. The Board will outline and publish the application and selection process, as well as the roles and responsibilities of a student representative, communication expectations, procedures and regulations for student representatives.]~~

~~[~~ The superintendent ~~[or designee]~~ will develop administrative regulations to include ~~[application and selection processes, roles and responsibilities of a student representative, communication expectations, procedures and regulations for student representative]~~. The information will be published ~~[in appropriate school communications]~~ ~~[and]~~ ~~[on the district website]~~.~~]~~

The district will ensure the process and management of student representative application materials, communications and the interview process (if applicable) will comply with the requirements of law related to student records.

A student representative shall not be liable for any acts of the Board.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.107](#)

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2018); Family Educational Rights and Privacy, 34 C.F.R. Part 99 (2023).

¹ {Discuss and decide whether the Board will be the driver for application, selection, etc., or if decision making is the responsibility of administration and/or the student body from the respective school(s). This first paragraph indicates the Board will manage; the next paragraph is more appropriate if the administration and/or student body will process a choice.}

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: CB
Adopted:

Superintendent {Highly recommended policy.}

The superintendent¹ is designated as the district's chief executive officer. Under the Board's direction, the superintendent exercises general supervision of all district schools, personnel and departments. The superintendent is responsible for managing the schools under the Board's policies and is accountable to the Board for that management. The Board may not direct the superintendent to take any action that conflicts with a local, state or federal law² that applies to school districts.

The superintendent may delegate to other district personnel any powers and duties imposed upon the superintendent by Board policies or by vote of the Board. Delegation of power or duty will not relieve the superintendent of responsibility for action taken under such delegation.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.505](#) [OAR 581-022-2405](#)
[ORS 332.515](#) [OAR 584-005-0005\(51\)](#)

¹ The term "superintendent" includes an interim superintendent.

² "Local, state or federal law" means a local, state or federal directive having the force of law, including an ordinance, a city or county resolution, a statute, a court decision, an administrative rule or regulation, an order issued in compliance with ORS Chapter 183, an executive order or any other directive, declaration or statement that is issued in compliance with the law as having the force of law and that is issued by a local government as defined in ORS 174.116, the state government as defined in ORS 174.111 or the federal government.

Deleted:³

Deleted: 8/08/22

Deleted: LF

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: CBC
Adopted:

Superintendent's Contract

{Optional policy. Contract provisions come from a variety of sources, including ORS 332.505, 342.549, 342.815.}

The superintendent, upon appointment by the Board, will receive a written contract which will state the terms of employment such as compensation, benefits and other conditions. The Board may not issue a contract that includes terms which direct the superintendent¹ to take any action that conflicts with a local, state or federal law² that applies to the district, or which allows the Board to take an adverse employment action against the superintendent for complying with such laws. Contracts shall not be issued for more than three years in duration. The contract shall automatically expire at the end of its term. The Board may elect to issue a subsequent contract at any time for up to three years.

Deleted: ³

The compensation and benefits for the position of superintendent will be fixed by the Board and based upon the responsibilities required of the superintendent in performing their duties. The Board may not enter into an employment contract that contains provisions that expressly obligate the district to compensate the superintendent for work that is not performed.

Provisions for termination of the superintendent's employment, either by the Board or the superintendent, will also be set forth in the superintendent's employment contract. The employment contract, if it includes a mutually agreed to termination-without-cause provision by the Board, will include a 12-month notice of termination for such provision.

†The district may provide health benefits for a superintendent that is no longer employed by the district until the superintendent:

1. Reaches 65 years of age; or
2. Finds new employment that provides health benefits.‡

For a period of one year after termination of the contract, the superintendent may not:

1. Purchase property or surplus property owned by the district or public charter school; or
2. Use property owned by the district or public charter school in a manner other than the manner permitted for the general public.

END OF POLICY

¹ The term "superintendent" includes an interim superintendent.

² "Local, state or federal law" means a local, state or federal directive having the force of law, including an ordinance, a city or county resolution, a statute, a court decision, an administrative rule or regulation, an order issued in compliance with ORS Chapter 183, an executive order or any other directive, declaration or statement that is issued in compliance with the law as having the force of law and that is issued by a local government as defined in ORS 174.116, the state government as defined in ORS 174.111 or the federal government.

Deleted: 8/08/22

Deleted: LF

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.432](#)
[ORS 332.505](#)

[ORS 342.549](#)
[ORS 342.815](#)

[OAR 584-005-0005\(51\)](#)

4/04/24 | RS

Superintendent's Contract – CBC
2-2

Deleted: 8/08/22

Deleted: LF

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: CBG
Adopted:

Evaluation of the Superintendent

{Required policy. OAR 581-022-2405 requires districts to “adopt and implement personnel policies which address...evaluation procedures.” **Review the superintendent contract** before adopting to **ensure there is no conflicting language**; modify policy as needed.}

The Board will formally evaluate the superintendent’s job performance ~~[at least once each year]~~. The evaluation will be based on the superintendent’s job description, any applicable standards of performance, Board policy and progress in attaining any goals for the year established by the superintendent and/or the Board.

Deleted: administrative

Additional criteria for the evaluation, if any, will be developed at a public board meeting prior to conducting the evaluation. The superintendent will be notified of the additional criteria prior to the evaluation.

The Board’s discussion and conferences with and about the superintendent and their performance will be conducted in an executive session, unless the superintendent requests a session open to the public. Such an executive session will not include a general evaluation of any district goal, objective or operation. Results of the evaluation will be written and placed in the superintendent’s personnel file.

At the Board’s discretion, it may notify the superintendent in writing of specific areas to be remedied, and the superintendent may be given an opportunity to correct the problem(s). Where the Board provided written notice pursuant to the prior sentence, if the Board determines the superintendent’s performance remains unsatisfactory, the Board may dismiss or non-renew the superintendent pursuant to Board policy, the superintendent’s employment contract and state law and rules. In those situations where the superintendent’s employment contract includes an evaluation, dismissal or non-renewal provision, it shall take precedent over this policy.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 192.660\(2\), \(8\)](#)
[ORS 332.107](#)

[ORS 332.505](#)

[OAR 581-022-2405](#)

Deleted: [ORS 342.513](#)
[ORS 342.815](#)

Hanson v. Culver Sch. Dist. (FDAB 1975).

Deleted: 4/13/17

Deleted: PH

R4/04/24 | SL

Evaluation of the Superintendent – CBG

1-1

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: CCG
Adopted:

Evaluation of Administrators

{Required Policy. OAR 581-022-2405 requires districts to “adopt and implement personnel policies which address...evaluation procedures.” Review any employment contracts before adopting to ensure there is no conflicting language. Many of the legal requirements in this policy apply only to those who meet the definition of administrator in ORS 342.815, but the district may have administrators that do not meet that definition (e.g., business manager, transportation supervisor).}

The superintendent will implement and supervise an evaluation system for administrators. The purpose of administrator evaluations is to assist an administrator with developing and strengthening professional abilities, to improve the instructional program and management of the school system, and for supervisors to make recommendations regarding their employment and/or salary status.

~~[[Evaluation and support systems established by the district must evaluate administrators on a regular cycle.]]~~ A formal evaluation will be conducted ~~[[regularly]]~~ ~~[[at least once each year.]]~~

The evaluation shall be conducted according to the following guidelines:

1. Evaluative criteria for each position will be in written form and made available to the administrator;
2. Evaluations will be made by the superintendent and/or a qualified, licensed designee;
3. Evaluations will be in writing and discussed with the administrator by the person who conducts the evaluation; and
4. The administrator being evaluated will have the right to attach a memorandum to the written evaluation, and have the right of appeal through established grievance procedures, if applicable.

An administrator’s evaluation shall use the following educational leadership-administrator standards¹ adopted by the State Board of Education.

1. Visionary leadership;
2. Instructional improvement;
3. Effective management;
4. Inclusive practice;
5. Ethical leadership; and
6. Socio-political context.

¹ These standards are aligned with the Interstate School Leaders Licensure Consortium (ISLLC) and the Educational Leadership Constituents Council (ELCC) standards for Education Leadership.

Deleted: 9/28/17

Deleted: RS

Administrator evaluations shall be based on the core administrator standards adopted by the Oregon State Board of Education. The standards shall be customized based on collaborative efforts with the administrators and any exclusive bargaining representative of the administration.

Local evaluation and support systems established by the district for administrators must be designed to meet or exceed the requirements defined in the Oregon Framework for Teacher and Administrator Evaluation and Support Systems, including:

1. Four performance level ratings of effectiveness;
2. Consideration of multiple measures of administrator practice and responsibility which may include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Classroom-based assessments including observations, lesson plans and assignments;
 - b. Portfolios of evidence;
 - c. Supervisor reports; and
 - d. Self-reflections and assessments.
3. Consideration of evidence of student academic growth and learning based on multiple measures of student progress including performance data of students, schools and districts that is both formative and summative. Evidence may also include other indicators of student success;
4. A summative evaluation method for considering multiple measures of professional practice, professional responsibilities, and student learning and growth to determine the administrator's professional growth path;
5. Customized by the district, which may include individualized weighting and application of the standards.

An evaluation using the administrator standards must attempt to:

1. Strengthen the knowledge, skills, disposition and administrative practices of the administrator;
2. Refine the support, assistance and professional growth opportunities offered to the administrator, based on the individual needs of the administrator and the needs of the students, the school and the district;
3. Allow the administrator to establish a set of administrative practices and student learning objectives that are based on the individual circumstances of the administrator, including other assignments of the administrator;
4. Establish a formative growth process for each administrator that supports professional learning and collaboration with other teachers and administrators;
5. Use evaluation methods and professional development, support and other activities that are based on curricular standards and are targeted to the needs of the administrator; and
6. Address ways to help all educators strengthen their culturally responsive practices.

The superintendent shall regularly report to the Board on the implementation of the evaluation and support systems and educator effectiveness.

R4/04/24 | SL

Evaluation of Administrators – CCG

2-3

Deleted: 9/28/17

Deleted: RS

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 192.660\(2\),\(8\)](#)
[ORS 332.505](#)
[ORS 342.120](#)

[ORS 342.815](#)
[ORS 342.850](#)
[ORS 342.856](#)
[OAR 581-022-2405](#)

[OAR 581-022-2410](#)
[OAR 581-022-2420](#)

Hanson v. Culver Sch. Dist. (FDAB 1975).

Deleted: 9/28/17

Deleted: RS

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: DJC
Adopted:

Bidding Requirements

{Highly recommended policy. The Board serves as the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB) and has the ability to adopt its own procurement rules. Many districts choose to use the *Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contracting Rules* in OAR Chapter 137, Divisions 045 - 049. If the LCRB does not adopt rules, the Attorney General's Model Public Contracting Rules apply. This policy is based on those rules. The LCRB may also include as part of its rules portions of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services administrative rules in OAR Chapter 125, Divisions 269 - 249. If the LCRB adopts its own rules, delete portions of this policy that are inconsistent with those rules.}

{The Board is the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB) for the district. {The LCRB has not adopted its own rules of procurement. Consequently, the *Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contracting Rules*¹ shall apply to the district.^{2}}}

OR

~~{The Board is the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB) for the district. The LCRB has adopted its own rules of procedure that will govern district purchasing.³ Consequently, the model rules⁴ adopted by the Attorney General shall not apply to the district. The district shall review its rules each time the Attorney General adopts a modification of the model rules to determine whether any modifications need to be made to district rules, as required by ORS 279A.065(6)(b). New rules, as necessary, shall be adopted by the LCRB. In the event it is unnecessary to adopt new rules, Board minutes will reflect that the review process was completed as required.}~~

Additionally, the district may include as part of its procedures portions of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services administrative rules governing Public Contract Exemptions, OAR Chapter 125, Divisions 246 - 249.

The LCRB may make the written findings required by law for exemptions from competitive bidding. Such findings shall be maintained by the district and made available on request.

The district may not artificially divide or fragment a procurement to reduce the procurement requirements.

The superintendent may develop administrative regulations or procedures to assist with the implementation of this policy and applicable procurement rules.

Goods and Services

¹ Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 137-045 - 049

² See ORS 279A.065(5). {The LCRB can formally adopt the AG rules. If the LCRB formally adopts the rules, the district is required to review the AG rules each time there is a modification.}

³ [The district should insert date of adoption of such rules and their location here and remove brackets.]

⁴ Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 137-045 - 049

The district will purchase goods and services through the following procedures, unless an exception applies:

1. **Small Procurement.** For purchases of goods and services with a contract price not exceeding \$25,000, the district can use any manner deemed practical or convenient, including direct selection or award. Amendments to a contract awarded through small procurement must be in accordance with OAR 137-047-0800.
2. **Intermediate Procurement.** For purchases of goods and services with a contract price exceeding \$25,000, but not exceeding \$250,000, the district shall seek at least three informally solicited competitive price quotes or competitive proposals from prospective contractors. The district will keep record of the request and quotes. If three quotes are not reasonably available, fewer will suffice, but the district will make a written record of the effort made. The district may negotiate with a prospective contractor to clarify the quote or offer, or to effect modifications. Amendments to a contract awarded through intermediate procurement must be in accordance with OAR 137-047-0800.
3. **Regular Procurement.** For purchases exceeding \$250,000, the district will use competitive sealed bids (OAR 137-047-0255) or competitive sealed proposals (OAR 137-047-0260). Amendments to contracts awarded through regular procurement must be in accordance with OAR 137-047-0800.
4. **Emergency Procurements.** In situations of emergency⁵, the LCRB or designee may authorize an emergency procurement. In an emergency procurement, the district is not required to follow general procurement requirements. The district must ensure competition for the contract that is reasonable and appropriate under the circumstances. The district must document the nature of the emergency and the method used for the selection of the contractor.
5. **Sole-source Procurements.** If the LCRB or designee determines that the goods or services are available from only one source, the district may award a contract without competition. To the extent reasonably practicable, the district shall negotiate with the sole source to obtain contract terms that are advantageous to the district. The determination of sole source must be based on written findings and may include:
 - a. That the efficient utilization of existing goods requires acquiring compatible goods or services;
 - b. That the goods or services required to exchange software or data with other public or private agencies are available from only one source;
 - c. That the goods or services are for use in a pilot or experimental project; or
 - d. Other findings that support the conclusion that the goods or services are available from only one source.⁶
6. **Special Procurements.** “Special procurement” means a contract or class of contracts that use a contracting procedure other than competitive sealed proposals, competitive sealed bidding, small procurement or intermediate procurement. Special procurements require LCRB approval and will be

⁵ “Emergency” means circumstances that:

1. Could not have been foreseen;
2. Create a substantial risk of loss, damage or interruption of services or a substantial threat to property, public health, welfare or safety; and
3. Require prompt execution of a contract to remedy the condition.

⁶ If the contract does not exceed \$250,000, using intermediate procurement is likely less burdensome than sole source.

conducted in accordance with ORS 279B.085, OAR 137-047-0285, and this policy and administrative regulation DJC-AR - Exemptions from Competitive Bidding and Special Procurement.^{7}

7. Personal Services Contracts. “Personal services contract,” as used in this policy, means a contract whose primary purpose is to acquire specialized skills, knowledge and resources in the application of technical or scientific expertise, or the exercise of professional, artistic or management discretion or judgment.⁸ Unless otherwise designated by the LCRB, personal services contracts will be procured in accordance with applicable procurement laws. The LCRB may designate certain service contracts or classes of service contracts as personal services contracts and exempt them from competitive bidding.^{9} All personal services contracts shall be based on demonstrated qualifications and competence to perform the required services, encourage competition, discourage favoritism and obtain services at a fair and reasonable price. Personal service contractors may be required to qualify as independent contractors in accordance with applicable laws.¹⁰

Procurements for services estimated to be in excess of \$250,000 shall go through the cost analysis and feasibility process in accordance with ORS 279B.030.

Public Improvements

“Public improvement” means a project for construction, reconstruction or major renovation on real property by or for the district.¹¹ The district will contract for public improvements using the following procedures, unless an exception applies.

1. Public improvements contracts with a value of less than \$25,000 are exempt from competitive bidding.
2. Intermediate Procurements. For public improvement contracts not exceeding \$100,000, the district may utilize three quotes¹²:

⁷ {If the LCRB has designated contracts or classes of contracts as special procurements, include this information along with reference to the LCRB action.}

⁸ This includes, but is not limited to, contracts for the services of an accountant, physician or dentist, educator, consultant (including a provider under an Architectural and Engineering Service Contract), broadcaster, or artist (including a photographer, filmmaker, painter, weaver or sculptor (OAR 137-045-0010(19)). Also includes architectural, engineering, photogrammatic mapping, transportation planning or land surveying services procured under ORS 279C.105 (ORS 279C.100) and related services procured under ORS 279C.120 (ORS 279C.100(5)).

⁹ {If the LCRB has designated contracts or classes of contracts as personal services contracts, include this information along with reference to the LCRB action.}

¹⁰ See ORS 670.600 and OAR 459-005-0020.

¹¹ Public improvement does not include:

1. Projects for which no funds of the district are directly or indirectly used, except for participation that is incidental or related primarily to project design or inspection; or
2. Emergency work, minor alternation, ordinary repair or maintenance necessary to preserve a public improvement.

¹² If three quotes are not reasonably available, the district shall make a written record of the effort made to obtain these quotes.

- a. The request for the quotes shall be in writing (unless not reasonably practicable)¹³;
- b. The request for quotes shall include the selection criteria and if the criteria are not of equal value, their relative value or ranking.

The district shall award the contract to the prospective contractor whose quote will best serve the interest of the district, based on the selection criteria. If the award is not made to the offeror and quote with the lowest price, the district will make a written record of the basis for the award. Amendments to a contract awarded via intermediate procurement may be increased in accordance with OAR 137-049-0160(6)-(7).

3. Regular Procurements. For purchases exceeding \$100,000, the district will use invitation to bid or request for proposals except as otherwise allowed by law. See OAR 137-049-0130 and OAR 137-049-0640. Amendments to contracts awarded through regular procurement must be in accordance with OAR 137-049-0910.
4. Emergency Procurements. Emergency contracts for construction services are not considered public improvement contracts and will be procured in accordance with OAR 137-049-0140 and OAR 137-049-0150.
5. Community Benefit Contracts. “Community benefit contract” means a public improvement contract that includes, but is not limited to, terms and conditions that require the contractor to:
 - a. Qualify as a training agent, as defined in ORS 660.010, or provide apprenticeship training that meets applicable federal and state standards for apprenticeship training;
 - b. Employ apprentices to perform a specified percentage of work hours that workers in apprenticeable occupations perform on the community benefit project;
 - c. Provide employer -paid family health insurance; and
 - d. Meet any other requirements that the LCRB sets forth.

Community benefits contracts may be procured in accordance with ORS 279C.308.

6. Construction Manager/General Contractor (CM/GC) Procurement. The district shall procure CM/GC services in accordance with model rules the Attorney General adopts under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 279A.065(3) and OAR 137-049-0690, which requires “the assistance of legal counsel with substantial experience and necessary expertise in using the CM/GC Method, as well as knowledgeable staff, consultants or both staff and consultants who have demonstrated capability of managing the CM/GC process in the necessary disciplines of engineering, construction scheduling and cost control, accounting, legal, Public Contracting and project management.”

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS Chapter 279](#)
[ORS Chapter 279A](#)
[ORS Chapter 279B](#)

[ORS Chapter 279C](#)
[ORS 670.600](#)

[OAR Chapter 125](#), Divisions 246 -
249

¹³ For Public Works Contracts, oral quotations may only be utilized in the event that written copies of prevailing wage rates are not required by the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

[OAR Chapter 137](#), Divisions 045 -
049

[OAR 459-005-0020](#)

[OREGON PROCUREMENT MANUAL](#), Oregon Department of Administrative Services.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBBA
Adopted:

Student Health Services**

{Highly recommended policy. The requirement for school districts to develop and implement a health services plan comes from OAR 581-022-2220.}

Although the district's primary responsibility is to educate students, the students' health and general welfare is also an important Board responsibility. The Board believes school programs should be conducted in a manner that protects and enhances student and employee health and is consistent with good health practices. A health services plan shall be developed, implemented, and updated annually. The plan shall describe a health services program for all students at each facility that is owned or leased where students are present for regular programming.

The district shall maintain a written prevention-oriented health services plan for all students. The health services plan will¹:

1. Explain available health care space that is appropriately supervised and adequately equipped for providing health care and administering medication or first aid;
2. Refer to available communicable disease prevention and management plan that includes school-level protocols²;
3. Outline a district-to-school communication plan³;
4. Provide information about health screenings, including immunizations and TB certificate requirements;
5. Describe how services for all students, including those who are medically complex, medically fragile or nursing dependent, and those who have approved 504 plans, individual education program plans, and individualized health care plans or special health care needs are managed⁴;
6. Integrate school health services with school health education programs and coordinate with health and social service agencies, public and private;
7. Describe how hearing, vision and dental screenings are managed and/or verified for required students⁵;

¹ For exact language and complete requirement, see OAR 581-022-2220(1).

² For specific protocol content requirements, see OAR 581-022-2220(1)(b).

³ For requirements of this plan see OAR 581-022-2220(1)(c).

⁴ For more information regarding these requirements see ORS 336.201 and 339.869, OARs 581-021-0037, 581-015-2040, 581-015-2045, 851-045-0040 – 0060, and 851-047-0010 – 0030.

⁵ For vision screening or eye examination or dental screening information see ORS 336.211 and 336.213.

8. Include a process to assess and determine a student’s health services needs, including availability of a nurse to assess student nursing needs upon, during, and following enrollment with one or more new medical diagnose(s) impacting a student’s access to education, and implement a student’s individual health plan prior to attending school⁶;
9. Comply with OR-OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standards for all persons who are assigned to job tasks which may put them at risk for exposure to body fluids⁷;
10. Refer to adopted policy and procedures for medications in accordance with Oregon law⁸;
11. Include guidelines for the management of students who are medically complex, medically fragile, or nursing dependent as defined by ORS 336.201, including students with life-threatening food allergies and adrenal insufficiency while the student is in school, at a school-sponsored activity, under the supervision of school personnel, in before-school or after-school care programs on school-owned property, and in transit to or from school or school-sponsored activities⁹; and~~[[~~]
12. ~~[[~~List the positions in the district which shall be required to obtain and maintain a first-aid/CPR/AED card in accordance with OAR 581-022-2220(3).~~]]~~

~~[[~~Any nurse(s) employed by the district and providing services to students on behalf of the district shall be licensed in Oregon to practice as a registered nurse or nurse practitioner or be a licensed practical nurse (LPN) in alignment with LPN supervision requirements of OAR 851-045-0050 – 0060.

A nurse employed by the district shall follow all applicable requirements of ORS Chapter 678 and OAR Chapter 851. This includes, but is not limited to, delegation in accordance with OAR 851-047, which includes performing a nursing assessment of a student prior to delegation, providing adequate supervision during the delegation, and evaluating the skills, ability and willingness of the delegee.¹⁰

A nurse employed by the district will function as an integral member of the instructional staff, serving as a resource person to teachers in securing appropriate information and materials on health-related topics.~~]]~~

~~[[~~The district provides a menstrual product dispenser with a variety of products in every student bathroom¹¹ which meets the requirements of law.~~]]~~

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

⁶ For definitions for this policy see ORS 336.201.

⁷ OAR 437-002-0360 lists various health and safety regulations that apply in the employment setting.

⁸ Medication laws can be found in ORS 339.866 – 339.874 and OAR 581-021-0037; relevant Board policy includes JHCD/JHCDA - Medications.

⁹ For guideline requirements see OAR 581-022-2220(1)(k).

¹⁰ For additional delegation requirements see OAR [851-047-0030](#).

¹¹ [“Student bathroom” means a bathroom that is accessible by students, including a gender-neutral bathroom, a bathroom designated for females, and a bathroom designated for males. (OAR 581-021-0587)]

[ORS 329.025](#)
[ORS 332.107](#)
[ORS 336.201](#)
[ORS 336.204](#)

[ORS 336.211 – 336.214](#)
[OAR 581-021-0017](#)
[OAR 581-021-0031](#)
[OAR 581-021-0587](#)

[OAR 581-021-0590](#)
[OAR 581-022-2050](#)
[OAR 581-022-2220](#)
[OAR 581-022-2515](#)

Every Student Succeeds Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7928 (2018).
Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2018).

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBBAA
Adopted:

Infection Control and Bloodborne Pathogens

{Optional policy. The requirements regarding an Exposure Control Plan and infection control, but are not limited to, are outlined below.}

The Board recognizes that staff and students incur some risk of infection and illness each time they are exposed to blood or other potentially infectious materials. While the risk to staff and students of exposure to body fluids due to casual contact with individuals in the school environment is very low, the Board regards any such risk as serious.

Consequently, the Board directs adherence to standard precautions. Standard precautions require that staff and students approach infection control as if all direct contact with human blood and body fluids is known to be infectious for bloodborne pathogens².

The district shall develop an Exposure Control Plan, in accordance with the requirements in law³.

The Exposure Control Plan shall be reviewed and updated at least annually and when necessary to reflect new or modified tasks and procedures which affect occupational exposure and to reflect new or revised employee positions with occupational exposure. The review and update shall also:

1. Reflect changes in technology that eliminate or reduce exposure to bloodborne pathogens;
2. Annually, document consideration and implementation of appropriate commercially available and effective safer medical devices designed to eliminate or minimize occupational exposure.

The plan shall include training followed by an offer of hepatitis B vaccine and vaccination series for all staff who are required to provide first aid to students and/or for all staff who have occupational exposure as determined by the district. Training shall be provided at the time of initial assignment to tasks where occupational exposure may take place and at least annually⁴ thereafter. Staff will receive the annual training⁵ as well as the location and a content review of first-aid and clean-up kits. Kits shall be readily

Deleted: HIV, AIDS, HBV¹ and/or other

Deleted: that includes infection control procedures, and procedures to minimize and eliminate exposure incidents to bloodborne pathogens

Deleted: Infection Control

¶ Staff and students shall receive an annual in-service that includes correct procedures for cleaning up body fluid spills and for personal cleanup, appropriate disposal, immunization and personal hygiene, as well as the location and a content review of first-aid and clean-up kits. Kits shall be available for each room in the building and in each district vehicle.¶

¶ In addition to an annual in-service, staff and students on a regular basis will receive HIV, AIDS and HBV information.¶

¶ The information shall emphasize infection — how infection is spread as well as how it is not spread.¶

Bloodborne Pathogens

Deleted: immunization with H

² “Bloodborne pathogens” are pathogenic microorganisms that are present in human blood and can cause disease in humans. These pathogens include, but are not limited to, hepatitis B virus (HBV) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). 29 CFR 1910.1030(b)

³ See 29 CFR 1910.1030(c)(1) and OAR 437-002-1059 for more information about an Exposure Control Plan. {A template for an exposure control plan may be available from [Oregon OSHA](#).}

⁴ Annual training for all employees shall be provided within one year of their previous training. (29 CFR 1910.1030(g)(2)(iv))

⁵ See 29 CFR 1910.1030(g)(2) for information about training requirements.

Deleted: H

Deleted: H

Deleted: I

Deleted: V

Deleted: 4/17/17

Deleted: PH

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBBB
Adopted:

Injury or Illness Reports

{Required policy. ORS 339.309 requires a district school board establish policy for reporting incidents, e.g., injury.}

All injuries or illnesses¹, sustained by the employee while in the actual performance of the duty of the employee, occurring on district premises, in district vehicles, at a district-sponsored activity or involving staff members who may be elsewhere on district business will be reported immediately to a supervisor. Staff members will report self-administered first-aid² treatment to an immediate supervisor. All accidents involving employees, students, visiting public or district property will be reported immediately to a supervisor.

A written report will be submitted within 24 hours to the district's safety officer. Reports will cover property damage as well as personal injury.

In the event of a work-related³ illness or injury to an employee resulting in in-patient hospitalization for medical treatment⁴ other than first aid, loss of an eye, amputation or avulsion⁵ the district safety officer shall report the incident to the Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division (OR-OSHA) within 24 hours after notification to the district of an illness or injury. Fatalities or catastrophes⁶ shall be reported⁷ to OSHA within eight hours.

ALL injuries or illnesses sustained by an employee, while in the actual performance of the duty of the employee or by a student or visiting public and accidents involving district property, employees, students or visiting public will be promptly investigated. As a result of the investigation any corrective measures needed will be acted upon.

¹ The Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division provides: "Injury or illness" means an abnormal condition or disorder. Injuries include cases such as, but not limited to, a cut, fracture, sprain, or amputation. Illnesses include both acute and chronic illnesses, such as, but not limited to, skin disease, respiratory disorder, or poisoning (record injuries and illnesses only if they are new, work-related cases that meet one or more of the recording criteria). (OAR 437-001-0015(39))

² For employees, "first aid" means any one-time treatment and subsequent observation of minor scratches, cuts, burns, splinters, or similar injuries that do not ordinarily require medical care. Such one-time treatment and subsequent observation is considered first aid even though it is provided by a physician or registered professional personnel. (OAR 437-001-0015(34))

³ An injury or illness is work related if an event or exposure in the work environment either caused or contributed to the resulting condition or significantly aggravated a preexisting injury or illness. (OAR 437-001-0700(6))

⁴ "Medical treatment" is the management or care of a patient to combat disease or disorder. The following are not considered medical treatment: visits to a physician or other licensed health care professional solely for observation or counseling; diagnostic procedures, such as x-rays and blood tests, including administering prescription medications solely for diagnostic purposes; or any procedure that can be labeled first aid according to OAR 437-001-0700(8)(d)(A)(iii).

⁵ Amputations and avulsions are only required to be reported if they result in bone loss. (OAR 437-001-0704(4))

⁶ "Catastrophe" is an accident in which two or more employees are fatally injured, or three or more employees are admitted to a hospital or an equivalent medical facility. (OAR 437-001-0015(11))

⁷ Reporting must be done in person or by telephone. (OAR 437-001-0704(3))

R4/04/24 JLF

Injury or Illness Reports – EBBB

Deleted: /

Deleted: /

Deleted: overnight

Deleted: . This report will be made

Deleted: /

Deleted: condition

Deleted: includes managing or c

Deleted: aring

Deleted: for

Deleted: for the purpose of

Deleted: ting

Deleted: doctor

Deleted: used

Deleted: and

Deleted: A

Deleted: c

Deleted: 9/28/17

Deleted: RS

Deleted: /

The district safety officer will maintain records on injuries, illnesses, and accidents involving district property, employees, students or visiting public. These records will include prevention measures taken, reporting information, periodic statistical reports on the number and types of injuries, illnesses and accidents occurring in the district, and monthly and annual analyses of accident data. Such reports will be submitted to the [superintendent] ~~[Board]~~.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 339.309](#)

[OAR 437-001-0700](#)

[OAR 437-002-0360](#)

[OAR 437-001-0015](#)

[OAR 437-001-0704](#)

[OAR 437-002-0377](#)

[OAR 437-001-0760](#)

[OAR 581-022-2225](#)

Deleted: and

Deleted: reports on s

Deleted: erious

Deleted: /

Deleted: including

Deleted: or

Deleted: s

Deleted: , and periodic statistical reports on the number and types of injuries/illnesses occurring in the district

Deleted: , as well as on the measures being taken to prevent such injuries/illnesses in the future

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: The records will include monthly reporting information and an analysis of the data and trends will be conducted at least annually.

Deleted: ~~for review~~ [annually*]

Deleted: 9/28/17

Deleted: RS

Deleted: /

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBC
Adopted:

Emergency Plan and First Aid**

{Highly recommended policy. This policy informs districts about requirement for an emergency procedures plan (OAR 581-022-2225), and other minimum standards for providing emergency care to students.}

The district will maintain a comprehensive safety program for all employees and students. This program will include a plan for responding to emergency situations. The superintendent will consult with community and county agencies while developing this plan. The district's emergency plan will meet any requirements of the State Board of Education.

Copies of the emergency plan will be available in every school office and other strategic locations throughout the district. Parents or guardians will be informed of the district's plan.

In each district facility, procedures for handling health emergencies will be established and made known to staff. Each district facility and district vehicle will be equipped with appropriate first-aid supplies and equipment. All employees are expected to know where first-aid supplies and equipment are kept in their work areas.

Each school in the district shall have, at a minimum, at least one staff member with a current first-aid/CPR/AED card for every 60 students enrolled and who are trained annually on the district and building emergency plans. Emergency planning will include the presence of at least one staff member with a current first-aid/CPR/AED card for every 60 students for school-sponsored activities where students are present.

The district shall provide instruction to staff and students in the emergency plan and safety program.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 30.800](#)

[ORS 192.660\(2\)\(k\)](#)

[ORS 332.107](#)

[ORS 433.260](#)

[ORS 433.441](#)

[OAR 437-002-0042](#)

[OAR 437-002-0120 - 0139](#)

[OAR 437-002-0161](#)

[OAR 437-002-0360](#)

[OAR 437-002-0377](#)

[OAR 581-022-2030\(3\)\(c\)](#)

[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

[OAR 581-022-2225](#)

[OAR 581-053-0003\(40\)](#)

[OAR 581-053-0220\(3\)\(e\)\(B\)\(iii\)](#)

[OAR 581-053-0320\(5\)\(b\)](#)

[OAR 581-053-0420\(2\)\(f\)\(B\)](#)

Every Student Succeeds Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7928 (2018).

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2018).

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBCA

Adopted:

Safety Threats**

{Required policy. Requirement for policy comes from ORS 339.324 which outlines actions of a school district when a safety threat action has occurred.}

“Safety threat action” means a lockdown, lockout, shelter in place or evacuation that: (a) is initiated by a school in response to a safety threat; and (b) is not a planned drill.

When a school or the district initiates a safety threat action, the school or district shall issue an electronic communication as expediently as possible and not later than 24 hours after initiation of the safety threat action. The communication will be issued in culturally appropriate languages to effectively communicate with parents and guardians of students attending the school at which the safety threat action occurred.

The communication must include:

1. A general description of the issue that caused the safety threat action to be taken;
2. The duration of time the safety threat action was taken, from when the action was initiated until when it concluded;
3. Actions taken by the school or district to resolve the situation that caused the safety threat action and actions taken to protect student safety; and
4. An explanation of how the situation was resolved.

The communication shall be provided in a manner which communicates relevant facts and details as may be necessary or useful for parents and guardians to understand any potential threats to student safety, and to assist parents and guardians in helping students understand and mentally process the incident and any resulting trauma.

A communication will also be issued to employees of the school at which the safety threat action occurred, and must include the same information as above and any additional information as may be permitted by relevant confidentiality and privacy requirements.

The Board may use Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 192.660(2)(k) to conduct an executive session to consider matters related to school safety or a plan that responds to safety threats made toward a school in the district.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 192.660\(2\)\(k\)](#)

[ORS 332.107](#)

[ORS 339.324](#)

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBCB
Adopted:

Emergency Procedure Drills and Instruction

{Highly recommended policy. This policy includes information about required instruction and drills on emergency procedures. See ORS 336.071}

Each administrator will conduct emergency procedure drills in accordance with the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) and the applicable Oregon Fire Code.

All schools are required to instruct and drill students on district emergency procedures so they can respond to an emergency without confusion and panic. The emergency procedures shall include drills and instruction on fires, earthquakes, ~~tsunami procedures~~ and safety threats. Instruction on emergency procedures shall be conducted for at least 30 minutes each school month.

The first emergency evacuation drill shall be conducted within 10 days of the beginning of classes.

Fire Emergencies

~~Drills and instruction on fire emergencies shall include routes and methods of exiting the school building.~~

~~Earthquake ~~and Tsunami~~ Emergencies~~^{3} At least two drills on earthquakes shall be conducted each year. ~~At least three drills on earthquakes that include tsunami drills shall be conducted each year.~~

Drills and instruction for earthquake emergencies shall include the earthquake emergency response procedure of “drop, cover and hold on” during the earthquake. When based on the evaluation of specific engineering and structural issues related to a building, the district may include additional response procedures for earthquake emergencies.

~~Drills and instruction on tsunami emergencies shall include immediate evacuation after an earthquake, when appropriate, or after a tsunami warning to protect students against inundation by tsunamis.~~

Safety Threats

At least two drills on safety threats shall be conducted each year. Drills and instruction on safety threats shall include procedures related to lockdown, lockout, shelter in place and evacuation and other appropriate actions to take when there is a threat to safety, and will include explanation of the district’s communication strategy following a safety threat action (See Board policy EBCA - Safety Threats**).

¹ {Required if schools are in a designated tsunami hazard zone.}

³ {This is required action for a district not in a tsunami hazard zone.}

⁴ {This is required action for a district in a tsunami hazard zone.}

⁵ {This is required action for a district in a tsunami hazard zone.}

Deleted: that students

Deleted: which shall include

Deleted: in a tsunami hazard zone

Deleted: fires, earthquakes[,] [and] safety threats [and tsunami dangers²,] and drills for students,

Deleted: The district will conduct monthly fire drills. At least one fire drill will be held within the first 10 days of the school year.

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: 10/08/15

The district may provide additional instruction relating to other disasters such as flooding, drought, excessive snowfall or wildfires.⁶

Local units of government and state agencies associated with emergency procedures training and planning shall review the emergency procedures and assist the district with the instruction and the conducting of drills for students in these emergency procedures.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 192.660\(2\)\(k\)](#)
[ORS 336.071](#)

[ORS 339.324](#)
[ORS 476.030](#)

[OAR 581-022-2225](#)

[OREGON STATE FIRE MARSHAL](#), OREGON FIRE CODE

Deleted: The Board may use ORS 192.660(2)(k) to conduct an executive session to consider matters related to school safety or a plan that responds to safety threats made toward a school in the district.

Deleted: (1)

Deleted: (2014)

⁶ The Oregon Department of Education has resources available at <https://www.oregon.gov/ode/schools-and-districts/grants/pages/threat-and-hazard-resources.aspx>.

Deleted: 10/08/15

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: GBEB
Adopted:

Communicable Diseases in Schools

{Highly recommended policy. This policy outlines the requirements for schools on communicable diseases.}

The district shall provide reasonable protection against the risk of exposure to communicable disease for students and employees while engaged in the performance of their duties. Reasonable protection from communicable disease is generally attained through immunization, exclusion or other measures as provided by Oregon law, by the local health department or in the *Communicable Disease Guidance for Schools* published by the Oregon Department of Education (ODE) and the Oregon Health Authority (OHA).

A student or employee may not attend school or work, respectively, while in a communicable stage of a restrictable disease or when an administrator has reason to suspect the student or employee has or has been exposed to any disease for which exclusion is required in accordance with law. The district may provide an educational program in an alternative setting. Services will be provided to students as required by law.

Employees shall comply with all other measures adopted by the district and with all rules adopted by Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division and the local health department.

The district shall protect the confidentiality of each student's and employee's health condition and record to the extent possible and consistent with federal and state law. In cases when a restrictable or reportable disease is diagnosed and confirmed for a student, the administrator may inform employees with a legitimate educational interest.

The district will include, as part of its general emergency plans, a description of the actions to be taken by district staff in buildings and by the district in response to medical emergencies.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.107](#)

[ORS 431.150 - 431.157](#)

[ORS 433.001 - 433.004](#)

[ORS 433.010](#)

[ORS 433.110](#)

[ORS 433.235 - 433.284](#)

[OAR 333-018](#)

[OAR 333-019-0010](#)

[OAR 333-019-0014](#)

[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

[OAR 581-022-2225](#)

OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION and OREGON HEALTH AUTHORITY, *Communicable Disease Guidance for Schools*, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2018); Family Educational Rights and Privacy, 34 C.F.R. Part 99 (2023).
Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1320d -1320d-8 (2018); 45 C.F.R. Parts 160, 164 (2023).

HR4/04/24 | LF

Communicable Diseases in Schools – GBEB

1-1

Deleted: – Staff

Deleted: An

Deleted: that

Deleted: and per administrative regulation GBEB-AR - Communicable Diseases - Staff

Deleted: If the disease is a reportable disease, the administrator will report the occurrence to the local health department.¶

Deleted: Employees shall provide services to students as required by law. In cases when a restrictable or reportable disease is diagnosed and confirmed for a student, the administrator shall inform the appropriate employees with a legitimate educational interest to protect against the risk of exposure.¶

Deleted: an

Deleted: the case of a declared public health emergency or other catastrophe which disrupts district operations

Deleted: The superintendent will develop administrative regulations necessary to implement this policy.¶

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: 526

Deleted: OAR 437-002-0360¶
OAR 437-002-0377¶

Deleted: (2020)

Deleted: 2019

Deleted: 2019

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: – Staff

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: GBN/JBA
Adopted:

Sexual Harassment

{Required policy. The requirement for this policy comes from ORS 342.700 et. al., OAR 581-021-0038 and federal Title IX laws.}

The district is committed to eliminating sexual harassment. Sexual harassment will not be tolerated in the district. All students, staff members and other persons are entitled to learn and work in an environment that is free of harassment. All staff members, students and third parties are subject to this policy. Any person may report sexual harassment.

The district processes complaints^{1} or reports of sexual harassment under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 342.700 et. al. and federal Title IX laws found in Title 34 C.F.R. Part 106. Individual complaints may require both of these procedures, and may involve additional complaint procedures.

General Procedures

When information, a report or complaint regarding sexual harassment is received by the district, the district will review such information, report or complaint to determine which law applies and will follow the appropriate procedures. When the alleged conduct could meet both of the definitions in ORS Chapter 342 and Title IX, both complaint procedures should be processed simultaneously (see GBN/JBA-AR(1) - Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure and GBN/JBA-AR(2) - Federal Law (Title IX) Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure). The district may also need to use other complaint procedures when the alleged conduct could meet the definitions for other complaint procedures^{2}.

OREGON DEFINITION AND PROCEDURES

Oregon Definition

Sexual harassment of students, staff members or third parties³ shall include:

1. A demand or request for sexual favors in exchange for benefits;
2. Unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature that is physical, verbal, or nonverbal and that:
 - a. Interferes with a student's educational activity or program;
 - b. Interferes with a school or district staff member's ability to perform their job; or

¹ {Some districts choose not to use the terms "complaint" and "complainant" because they feel the stigma associated with the terms discourage victims from reporting conduct. The terms used in this policy are consistent with those included in the law. If the district chooses to change these terms, new terms must be consistent and clear. Note, "complainant" is defined under federal law.}

² {Common complaint procedures that may also be involved include: Nondiscrimination (Board policy AC), Workplace Harassment (Board policy GBEA), [Hazing,]Harassment, Intimidation, Bullying, [Menacing,]Cyberbullying, Teen Dating Violence and Domestic Violence – Student (Board policy JFCF), and Reporting Requirements for Suspected Sexual Conduct with Students (Board policy GBNA/JHFF).}

³ "Third party" means a person who is not a student or a school or district staff member and who is: 1) on or immediately adjacent to school grounds or district property; 2) at a school-sponsored activity or program; or 3) off school grounds or district property if a student or a school or district staff member acts toward the person in a manner that creates a hostile environment for the person while on school or district property, or at a school- or district-sponsored activity.

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

c. Creates an intimidating, offensive, or hostile environment.

3. Assault when sexual contact occurs without consent⁴.^{5}

Sexual harassment does not include conduct that is necessary because of a job duty of a school or district staff member or because of a service required to be provided by a contractor, agent, or volunteer, if the conduct is not the product of sexual intent or a person finding another person, or another person's actions, offensive because of that other person's sexual orientation or gender identity.

Examples of sexual harassment may include, but not be limited to, ^{6}physical touching or graffiti of a sexual nature; displaying or distributing of sexually explicit drawings; pictures and written materials; sexual gestures or obscene jokes; touching oneself sexually or talking about one's sexual behaviors in front of others; or spreading rumors about or rating other students or others as to appearance, sexual activity or performance.

Oregon Procedures

Reports and complaints of sexual harassment should be made to the following individual(s):

Name	Position	Phone	Email
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

~~This~~ ~~These~~ individual~~s~~ ~~is~~ ~~are~~ responsible for accepting and managing complaints of sexual harassment. Persons wishing to report should contact them using the above information. ~~This person is also designated as the Title IX coordinator.~~ ^{7} See GBN/JBA-AR(1) - Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure.

Response

Any staff member who becomes aware of behavior that may violate this policy shall [immediately] report to a district official. The district official (with coordination involving the reporting staff member when appropriate) will take any action necessary to ensure the:

1. Student is protected and to promote a nonhostile learning environment;
2. Staff member is protected and to promote a nonhostile work environment; or

⁴ "Without consent" means an act performed: (a) without the knowing, voluntary and clear agreement by all parties to participate in the specific act; or (b) when a person who is a party to the act is incapacitated by drugs or alcohol; unconscious; or pressured through physical force, coercion or explicit or implied threats to participate in the act.

⁵ {The statutory definition (ORS 342.704) for sexual harassment includes separate definitions with slightly different language for students, staff members and third parties. The language used in this policy comes from OAR 581-021-0038(1). If the district would like to include the full statutory definition, it can do so.}

⁶ {OAR 581-021-0038 requires that the policy include a "examples of harassing behaviors covered by policy". The bracketed list in this policy reflects OSBA's recommendations. The district has discretion in what is included in this list. If listing behaviors not reflected in OSBA recommendations, please have the list reviewed by the district's legal counsel.}

⁷ {This must be communicated elsewhere, but it is a good reason to specify it here as well.}

Deleted: the student's, staff member's or third party's consent because the student, staff member of third party is under the influence of drugs or alcohol, is unconscious or is pressured through physical force, coercion or explicit or implied threats

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

3. Third party who is subjected to the behavior is protected and to promote a nonhostile environment.

This includes providing resources for support measures to the student, staff member or third party who was subjected to the behavior and taking any actions necessary to remove potential future impact on the student, staff member or third party, but are not retaliatory against the student, staff member or third party being harassed or the person who reported to the district official.

Any student or staff member who feels they are a victim of sexual harassment are encouraged to [immediately] report their concerns to district officials, this includes officials such as the principal, compliance officer or superintendent. Students may also report concerns to a teacher, counselor or school nurse, who will promptly notify the appropriate district official.

Investigation

All reports and complaints about behavior that may violate this policy shall be investigated. The district may use, but is not limited to, the following means for investigating incidents of possible harassment:

1. ~~Interviews with those involved;~~
2. Interviews with witnesses;
3. Review of video surveillance;
4. Review of written communications, including electronic communications;
5. Review of any physical evidence; and
6. Use of third-party investigator.

The district will use ~~a reasonable person~~ standard when determining whether a hostile environment exists. ~~{A hostile environment exists if a reasonable person with similar characteristics and under similar circumstances would consider the conduct to be so severe as to create a hostile environment.}*~~

The district may take, but is not limited to, the following procedures and remedial action to address and stop sexual harassment:

1. ~~Discipline of staff and students engaging in sexual harassment;~~
2. Removal of third parties engaged in sexual harassment;
3. Additional supervision in activities;
4. Additional controls for district electronic systems;
5. Trainings and education for staff and students; and
6. Increased notifications regarding district procedures and resources.

When a student or staff member is harassed by a third party, the district will consider the following:

⁸ {OSBA strongly recommends that the Board receive input from district administration prior to adopting a standard here. Of note, Title IX's definition of sexual harassment includes "unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be..." 34 CFR 106.30(a), emphasis added. It is important to consider the different definitions under Oregon law and Title IX when determining which standards will apply for the Oregon process.}

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

1. Removing that third party's ability to contract or volunteer with the district, or be present on district property;
2. If the third party works for an entity that contracts with the district, communicating with the third party's employer;
3. If the third party is a student of another district or school, communicate information related to the incident to the other district or school;
4. Limiting attendance at district events; and
5. Providing for additional supervision, including law enforcement if necessary, at district events;

No Retaliation

Retaliation against persons who initiate complaint or otherwise report sexual harassment or who participate in an investigation or other related activities is prohibited. The initiation of a complaint, reporting of behavior, or participation in an investigation, in good faith about behavior that may violate this policy may not adversely affect the:

1. Educational assignments or educational environment of a student or other person initiating the complaint, reporting the behavior, or participating in the investigation; or
2. Any terms or conditions of employment or of work or educational environment of a school or district staff member or other person initiating the complaint, reporting the behavior, or participating in the investigation.

Students who initiate a complaint or otherwise report harassment covered by the policy or who participate in an investigation may not be disciplined for violations of the district's drug and alcohol policies that occurred in connection with the reported prohibited conduct and that were discovered because of the report or investigation, unless the student gave another person alcohol or drugs without the person's knowledge and with the intent of causing the person to become incapacitated and vulnerable to the prohibited conduct.

Notice

When a person⁹ who may have been affected by this policy files a complaint or otherwise reports behavior that may violate the policy, the district shall provide written notification to the following:

1. Each reporting person;
2. If appropriate, any impacted person who is not a reporting person;
3. Each reported person; and
4. Where applicable, a parent or legal guardian of a reporting person, impacted person, or reported person.

The written notification must include¹⁰:

⁹ Student, staff member, or third party, or if applicable, the student or third party's parent. If the person is a minor, the district should consider when to contact the person's parent.

¹⁰ Remember confidentiality laws when providing any information.

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

1. Name and contact information for all person designated by the district to receive complaints;
2. The rights of the person that the notification is going to;
3. Information about the internal complaint processes available through the school or district that the ~~{student, student's parents, staff member, person or person's parent}~~ [person] who filed the complaint may pursue, including the person designated for the school or district for receiving complaints and any timelines;
4. Notice that civil and criminal remedies that are not provided by the school or district may be available to the person through the legal system and that those remedies may be subject to statutes of limitation;
5. Information about services available to the student or staff member through the school or district, including any counseling services, nursing services or peer advising;
6. Information about the privacy rights of the person and legally recognized exceptions to those rights for internal complaint processes and services available through the school or district;
7. Information about, and contact information for, services and resources that are available to the person, including but not limited to:
 - a. For the reporting person, state and community-based resources for persons who have experienced sexual harassment; or
 - b. For the reported persons, information about and contact information for state and community-based mental health services.
8. Notice that students who report about possible prohibited conduct and students who participate in an investigation under this policy may not be disciplined for violations of the district's drug and alcohol policies that occurred in connection with the reported prohibited conduct and that were discovered as a result of a prohibited conduct report or investigation unless the student gave another person alcohol or drugs without the person's knowledge and with the intent of causing the person to become incapacitated and vulnerable to the prohibited conduct; and
9. Prohibition of retaliation.

Notification, to the extent allowable under state and federal student confidentiality laws, must be provided when the investigation is initiated and concluded. The notification at the conclusion must include whether a violation of the policy was found to have occurred.

The notice must:

1. Be written in plain language that is easy to understand;
2. Use print that is of a color, size and font that allows the notification to be easily read; and
3. Be made available to students, students' parents, staff members and member of the public at each office, at the district office and on the website of the school or district.

~~{Oregon Department of Education (ODE) Support~~

~~The ODE will provide technical assistance and training upon request.~~

FEDERAL DEFINITION AND PROCEDURES

Federal Definition

R4/04/24 | JF

Sexual Harassment – GBN/JBA

Deleted: 7/31/20
Deleted: SL

Sexual harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

1. An employee of the district conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the district's education program or activity¹¹;
3. "Sexual assault": an offense classified as a forcible or nonforcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
4. "Dating violence": violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship;
5. "Domestic violence": felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction; or
6. "Stalking": engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person fear for the person's own safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.

This definition only applies to sex discrimination occurring against a person who is a subject of this policy in the United States. A district's treatment of a complainant or a respondent in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment may constitute discrimination on the basis of sex under Title IX.

Federal Procedures

The district will adopt and publish grievance procedures that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of the student and employee complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited by this policy. See GBN/JBA-AR(2) - Federal Law (Title IX) Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure.

Reporting

Any person may report sexual harassment. This report may be made in person, by mail, by telephone, or by electronic mail, or by any other means that results in the Title IX coordinator receiving the person's verbal or written report. The report can be made at any time.

~~The principal~~ is designated as the Title IX coordinator ~~and can be contacted at~~ 541-925-3262. The Title IX coordinator will coordinate the district's efforts to comply with its responsibilities related to this AR. The district prominently will display the contact information for the Title IX coordinator on the district website and in each handbook. ^{12}

¹¹ "Education program or activity" includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the recipient exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs." (Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.44(a))

¹² {Note the difference in requirements for Title IX and Oregon law. It makes sense to align these requirements.}

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

Response

The district will promptly respond to information, allegations or reports of sexual harassment when there is actual knowledge of such harassment, even if a formal complaint has not been filed.¹³ The district shall treat complainants and respondents equitably by providing supportive measures¹⁴ to the complainant and by following a grievance procedure¹⁵ prior to imposing any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent. The Title IX coordinator is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of supportive measures.

The Title IX coordinator must promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider the complainant's wishes, with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and explain to the complainant the process for filing a formal complaint.¹⁶

If after an individualized safety and risk analysis, it is determined that there is an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any person, an emergency removal of the respondent can take place.¹⁷ The district must provide the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal. A non-student employee may also be placed on non-disciplinary administrative leave pending the grievance process.

Notice

The district shall provide notice to all applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians, employees, and all unions or professional organizations holding collective bargaining or professional agreements with the district of the following:

1. The name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the Title IX coordinator(s);
2. That the district does not discriminate on the basis of sex in the education program or activity that it operates, as required by Title IX. This includes admissions and employment; and
3. The grievance procedure and process, how to file a formal complaint of sex discrimination or sexual harassment, and how the district will respond.

¹³ (Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.44(a)) Response cannot be deliberately indifferent. A recipient is deliberately indifferent only if its response to sexual harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.

¹⁴ (Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.44(a)) Supportive measures means non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the recipient's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the district's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment.¹⁴ The district must maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the recipient to provide supportive measures. (Title 34 C.F.R. § 99.30(a))

¹⁵ This grievance procedure must meet the requirements of Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.45 (included in accompanying administrative regulation, *see* GBN/JBA-AR(2) - Federal Law (Title IX) Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure).

¹⁶ The Title IX coordinator may also discuss that the Title IX coordinator has the ability to file a formal complaint.

¹⁷ The district may still have obligations under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 or the American with Disabilities Act (ADA). (Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.44(c))

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

Inquiries about the application to Title IX and its requirements may be referred to the Title IX coordinator or the Main Office Secretary¹⁸, or both.

No Retaliation

Neither the district or any person may retaliate¹⁹ against an individual for reporting, testifying, providing evidence, being a complainant, otherwise participating or refusing to participate in any investigation or process in accordance with this procedure. The district must keep confidential the identity of parties and participating persons, except as disclosure is allowed under Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), as required by law, or to carry out the proceedings herein. Complaints of retaliation may be filed using these procedures.

Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a grievance proceeding does not constitute retaliation.

Publication

This policy shall be made available to students, parents of students and staff members. This policy [and contact information for the Title IX coordinator] shall be prominently published in the [school] [district] student handbook and on the [school] [district] website. This policy shall also be made available at each school office and at the district office. The district shall post this policy on a sign in all grade 6 through 12 schools, on a sign that is at least 8.5 inches by 11 inches in size. A copy of the policy will be made available to any [student, parent of a student, school or district staff member, or third party] [person] upon request.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ORS 243.706 | ORS 342.850 | ORS 659A.030 |
| ORS 332.107 | ORS 342.865 | OAR 581-021-0038 |
| ORS 342.700 | ORS 659.850 | OAR 584-020-0040 |
| ORS 342.704 | ORS 659A.006 | OAR 584-020-0041 |
| ORS 342.708 | ORS 659A.029 | |

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d (2018).
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e (2018).
Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683 (2018); Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance, 34 C.F.R. Part 106 (2020).
Bartsch v. Elkton School District, FDA-13-011 (March 27, 2014).

¹⁸ Of the United States Department of Education.

¹⁹ Retaliation includes, but is not limited to, intimidation, threats, coercion, and discrimination.

Deleted: 7/31/20
Deleted: SL

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: GBNAB/JHFE
Adopted:

Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements**

{Required policy. ORS 339.372 requires school boards to adopt policy on reporting of suspected child abuse.}

Any district employee who has reasonable cause to believe that **any child** with whom the employee has come in contact has suffered abuse¹ shall immediately make a report to the Oregon Department of Human Services (DHS) through the centralized child abuse reporting system² or to a law enforcement agency within the county where the person making the report is located at the time of the contact. Any district employee who has reasonable cause to believe that **any person**³ with whom the employee is in contact has abused a child shall immediately report in the same manner described above.

The report must contain, if known, the names and addresses of the child and the parents of the child or other persons responsible for the child's care, the child's age, the nature and extent of the suspected abuse, including any evidence of previous abuse, the explanation given for the suspected abuse, any other information that the person making the report believes might be helpful in establishing the possible cause of the abuse and the identity of a possible perpetrator.

Abuse of a child by district employees, contractors⁴, agents⁵, volunteers⁶, or students is prohibited and will not be tolerated. All district employees, contractors, agents, volunteers and students are subject to this policy and the accompanying administrative regulations.

Any district employee who has reasonable cause to believe that another district employee, contractor, agent, volunteer or student has engaged in abuse, or that a student has been subjected to abuse by another district employee, contractor, agent, volunteer or student shall immediately report such to DHS through its centralized child abuse reporting system or to a law enforcement agency, and to a designated licensed administrator.

The district will designate a ^{7}licensed administrator and an alternate licensed administrator, in the event that the designated licensed administrator is the suspected abuser, for each school building to receive reports of suspected abuse of a child by district employees, contractors, agents, volunteers or students.

¹ Includes the neglect of a child; abuse is defined in ORS 419B.005.

² {How to report abuse or neglect: [Oregon DHS](#). Call 855-503-SAFE (7233)}

³ "Person" could include adult, student or other child.

⁴ "Contractor" means a person providing services to the district under a contract in a manner that requires the person to have direct, unsupervised contact with students.

⁵ "Agent" means a person acting as an agent for the district in a manner that requires the person to have direct, unsupervised contact with students.

⁶ "Volunteer" means a person acting as a volunteer for the district in a manner that requires the person to have direct, unsupervised contact with students.

⁷ {ORS 339.372 requires the district to post the names and contact information of the persons, i.e., a licensed administrator and an alternate licensed administrator, who are designated to receive reports of sexual abuse for a school building in the respective R4/04/24 | LF Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements** – GBNAB/JHFE

Deleted: orally report or cause an oral report

Deleted: by telephone or otherwise to the local office of

Deleted: or its designee

Deleted: the

Deleted: pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 419B.010

Deleted: or cause a report to be made

Deleted: to DHS or its designee or to the law enforcement agency within the county where the person making the report is located at the time of the contact pursuant to ORS 419B.010

Deleted: If known, t

Deleted: shall

Deleted: the Oregon Department of Human Services (

Deleted:)

Deleted: or its designee

Deleted: the local

Deleted: pursuant to ORS 419B.015

Deleted: the

Deleted: 10/05/21

If the superintendent is the alleged perpetrator the report shall be submitted to the building principal of TLCS who shall also report to the Board chair.

The district will post the names and contact information of the designees for each school building, in the respective school, designated to receive reports of suspected abuse and the procedures in GBNAB/JHFE-AR(1) - Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child the designee will follow upon receipt of a report, the contact information for making a report to law enforcement or the centralized child abuse reporting system of DHS, and a statement that this duty to report suspected abuse is in addition to the requirements of reporting to a designated licensed administrator.

When a designee receives a report of suspected abuse, the designee will follow procedure established by the district and set forth in administrative regulation GBNAB/JHFE-AR(1) - Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child. All such reports of suspected abuse will be reported to a law enforcement agency or DHS for investigation, and the agency will complete an investigation regardless of any changes in the relationship or duties of the person who is the alleged abuser.

When there is reasonable cause to support a report, a district employee suspected of abuse shall be placed on paid administrative leave pending an investigation and the district will take necessary actions to ensure the student's safety. When there is reasonable cause to support a report, a district contractor, agent or volunteer suspected of abuse shall be removed from providing services to the district and the district will take necessary actions to ensure the student's safety.

The district will notify the person, as allowed by state and federal law, who was subjected to the suspected abuse about any actions taken by the district as a result of the report.

A substantiated report of abuse by an employee shall be documented in the employee's personnel file. A substantiated report of abuse by a student shall be documented in the student's education record.

The initiation of a report in good faith, pursuant to this policy, may not adversely affect any terms or conditions of employment or the work environment of the person initiating the report or who may have been subjected to abuse. If a student initiates a report of suspected abuse of a child by a district employee, contractor, agent, volunteer or student, in good faith, the student will not be disciplined by the district or any district employee, contractor, agent or volunteer. Intentionally making a false report of abuse of a child is a Class A violation.

The district shall provide information and training each school year to district employees on the prevention and identification of abuse, the obligations of district employees under ORS 339.388 and ORS 419B.005 - 419B.050 and as directed by Board policy to report suspected abuse of a child, and appropriate electronic communications with students. The district shall make available each school year the training described above to contractors, agents, volunteers, and parents and legal guardians of students attending district-operated schools, and will be made available separately from the training provided to district employees. The district shall provide each school year information on the prevention and identification of abuse, the obligations of district employees under Board policy to report abuse, and appropriate electronic communications with students to contractors, agents and volunteers. The district shall make available each school year training that is designed to prevent abuse to students attending district-operated schools.

school building. A "licensed administrator" is a person employed as an administrator by the district and holds an administrative license issued by TSPC or may be a person employed by the district that does not hold an administrative license issued by TSPC if the district does not require the administrator to be licensed by TSPC.)

R4/04/24 | LF Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements** - GBNAB/JHFE

Deleted: local

Deleted: and

Deleted: local

Deleted: office or its designee

Deleted: , or its designee,

Deleted: 10/05/21

The district shall provide to a district employee at the time of hire, or to a contractor, agent, or volunteer at the time of beginning service for the district, the following:

1. A description of conduct that may constitute abuse;
2. A description of the investigatory process and possible consequences if a report of suspected abuse is substantiated; and
3. A description of the prohibitions imposed on district employees, contractors, and agents when they attempt to obtain a new job, as provided under ORS 339.378. ~~A district employee, contractor or agent will not assist another district employee, contractor or agent in obtaining a new job if the individual knows, or has reasonable or probable cause to believe the district employee, contractor or agent engaged in abuse, unless criteria found in ORS 339.378(2)(c) are applicable.~~

Nothing in this policy prevents the district from disclosing information required by law or providing the routine transmission of administrative and personnel files pursuant to law.

The district shall make available to students, district employees, contractors, agents, and volunteers a policy of appropriate electronic communications with students.

Any electronic communications with students by a contractor, agent or volunteer for the district will be appropriate and only when directed by district administration. When communicating with students electronically regarding school-related matters, contractors, agents or volunteers shall use district e-mail, using mailing lists and/or other internet messaging approved by the district to a group of students rather than individual students or as directed by district administration. Texting or electronically communicating with a student through contact information gained as a contractor, agent or volunteer for the district is ~~strongly discouraged~~ prohibited.

The superintendent shall develop administrative regulations as are necessary to implement this policy and to comply with state law.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 339.370 - 339.400](#)
[ORS 418.257 - 418.259](#)

[ORS 419B.005 - 419B.050](#)

[OAR 581-022-2205](#)

Greene v. Camreta, 588 F.3d 1011 (9th Cir. 2009), vacated in part by, remanded by Camreta v. Greene, 131 S. Ct. 2020 (U.S. 2011); vacated in part, remanded by Greene v. Camreta 661 F.3d 1201 (9th Cir. 2011).

Deleted: Senate Bill 51 (2021).

Deleted: 10/05/21

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: GCDA/GDDA

Adopted:

Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting *

{Required policy. Requirement/Authority for policy comes from OAR 581-021-0510 - 021-0512 and ORS 326.603 - 326.607.}

In a continuing effort to ensure the safety and welfare of students and staff, the district shall require certain individuals to submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting as required by law. This includes employees, contractors, volunteers and others.

~~Requirements for Employees ^{1} not Licensed, Certified or Registered by the Teachers Standards Practices Commission (TSPC)~~

~~All newly hired employees² not identified under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 342.223³ are required to submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting as required by law. A newly hired employee is not subject to fingerprinting if the district has evidence on file that the person successfully completed a state and national criminal records check for a previous employer that was a school district⁴ or private school, and has not resided outside the state between the two periods of employment^{5}.~~

~~An individual shall be subject to the collection of fingerprint information, only after the offer of employment from the district. Fees associated with criminal records checks and fingerprinting for individuals applying for employment with the district and not requiring licensure shall be paid by the [district.] [individual. An individual may request the fee be withheld from the amount otherwise due the individual. The district will withhold this amount only upon request of the subject individual.]~~

~~The district [may⁶] [shall not] begin the employment of an individual [on a probationary basis pending] [before] the return and disposition of the required criminal records checks.~~

~~When the criminal records check indicates an individual has been convicted of any crimes⁷ prohibiting employment, the individual will not be employed, or if employed will be terminated. When the criminal records check indicates an individual has knowingly made a false statement as to the conviction of any~~

¹ {If the district wants to include the larger section on TSPC-licensed employees (see p. 2), keep this bracketed language. If the district does not want to include the larger section on TSPC-licensed individuals, omit this bracketed language.}

² Any individual hired within the last three months. This does not include an employee hired within the last three months if the district has evidence on file that meets the definition in Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-021-0510(11)(b).

³ ORS 342.223 includes teachers, administrators, personnel specialist, school nurses, persons participating in supervised clinical practice experience, practicum or internship as a teacher, administrator or personnel specialist. See statute for details.

⁴ As is defined in OAR 581-021-0510(9); includes school districts, the Oregon School for the Deaf, and educational program under the Youth Corrections Education Program, public charter schools and ESDs.

⁵ {Additional exception applies through July 1, 2024. See ORS 326.603(4)(b).}

⁶ Decisions regarding which employees may begin before the return of the required criminal records checks must be made in a nondiscriminatory manner.

⁷ See OAR 581-021-0511(8).

~~crime, the individual [may] [will not] be employed by the district, or if employed by the district [may] [will] be terminated. An individual who fails to disclose the presence of convictions that would not otherwise prohibit employment or contract with the district as provided by law [may] [will not] be employed by the district. Employment termination shall remove the individual from any district policies, collective bargaining provisions regarding dismissal procedures and appeals and the provisions of Accountability for Schools for the 21st Century Law.~~

~~[Requirements for individuals in positions requiring licensure, certification or registration with Teacher Standards and Practices Commission (TSPC) are outlined in ORS 342.223.]~~

OR

[Requirements for TSPC Licensed, Certified or Registered Individuals

1. Any individual who is applying for a license as a teacher, administrator or personnel specialist is subject to a criminal records check and fingerprinting, unless the individual has submitted to such a check through the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission (TSPC) within the previous three years, or has remained continuously licensed by or registered with TSPC for a different license or registration for which the individual has already submitted to a criminal records check and fingerprinting.
2. Any individual who is applying for an initial certificate under ORS 342.475 as a school nurse shall submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting with TSPC.
3. Any individual who is applying for a registration as a public charter school teacher or administrator with TSPC shall submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting with TSPC.
4. Any individual applying for reinstatement of an Oregon license or registration as a teacher, administrator or personnel specialist, or a certificate as a school nurse with the TSPC, whose license, registration or certificate has lapsed for at least three years, shall submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting with TSPC.
5. Any individual registering with the TSPC for student teaching, practicum or internship as a teacher, administrator or personnel specialist, if the individual does not hold a current license issued by TSPC and has not submitted to a criminal records check by TSPC within the previous three years for student teaching, practicum or internship as a teacher, administrator or personnel specialist, shall be required to submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting with TSPC.]

Requirements for Contractors {⁸}

All individuals employed as or by a contractor and considered by the district to have direct, unsupervised contact with students⁹ or unsupervised access to children are required to submit to a criminal records check and a fingerprint-based criminal records check.

⁸ {The district should include language regarding background checks in any contract that includes direct, unsupervised contact with students whenever applicable.}

⁹ “Direct, unsupervised contact with students” means contact with students that provides the person opportunity and probability for personal communication or touch when not under direct supervision. (OAR 581-021-0510)

The superintendent ~~{or designee}~~ will identify contractors who are subject to such requirements.

A contractor or an employee of a contractor required to submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting in accordance with law and Board policy will be terminated from contract status, or withdrawal of offer of contract will be made by the district upon:

1. Refusal to consent to a criminal records check and fingerprinting; or
2. Notification¹⁰ from the Superintendent of Public Instruction that the individual has a conviction of any crimes listed in ORS 342.143, or the substantial equivalent of any of those crimes if the conviction occurred in another jurisdiction or in Oregon under a different statutory name or number.

A subject individual ~~{may}~~~~{will}~~ be terminated from contract status upon notification from the Superintendent of Public Instruction that the individual has knowingly made a false statement as to the conviction of any crime.

Requirements for Volunteers

~~{¹¹}~~ The district shall require a fingerprint-based criminal records check for volunteers allowed direct, unsupervised contact with students, in the following positions:

1. Head coach;
2. Assistant coach;
3. Overnight chaperone;
4. Volunteers transporting students, other than their own, in a private vehicle off district property for a district-sponsored activity;
5. List of other positions subject to this fingerprinting, if any.

The service of a volunteer into a position identified by the district as requiring a fingerprint-based criminal records check ~~{may}~~~~{will not}~~ begin ~~{on a probationary basis pending}~~~~{before}~~ the return and disposition of a state and national criminal records check based on fingerprints.

~~{¹²}~~ Volunteers allowed by the district into a position designated by the district to have direct, unsupervised contact with students shall submit to an in-state criminal records check.

¹⁰ Prior to making a determination that results in this notification and opportunity for a hearing, the Superintendent of Public Instruction may cause an investigation pursuant to OAR 581-021-0511; involved parties shall cooperate with the investigation pursuant to law.

¹¹ {If the district requires fingerprinting for certain volunteer positions, the district is required to list those volunteer positions in board policy. The bracketed language is only possible examples; modify to identify the positions in the district which require such fingerprinting.}

¹² {If the district allows volunteer service and the volunteers have direct, unsupervised contact with students, this policy language is required, and districts are required to conduct criminal records checks on these volunteers.}

~~{The service of a volunteer allowed to have direct, unsupervised contact with students ~~{may}~~ ~~{will not}~~ begin ~~{on a probationary basis pending}~~ ~~{before}~~ the return and disposition of a criminal records check.}~~

~~{A volunteer that is not likely to have direct, unsupervised contact with students, as determined by the district, ~~{will}~~ ~~{will not}~~ be required to submit to an in-state criminal records check.}~~

~~{A volunteer who knowingly made a false statement on a district volunteer application form or has a conviction of a crime listed in ORS 342.143, or the substantial equivalent of any of those crimes if the conviction occurred in another jurisdiction or in Oregon under a different statutory name or number ~~{may}~~ ~~{will}~~ result in immediate termination from the ability to volunteer in the district.}~~

~~{Fees associated with a required fingerprinting for volunteers shall be paid by the ~~{individual}~~ ~~{district}~~. Fees associated with required non-fingerprinting criminal records checks for volunteers shall be paid by the ~~{individual}~~ ~~{district}~~.}~~

~~{A volunteer who refuses to submit, when required, to a criminal records check or a fingerprint-based criminal records check in accordance with law and Board policy will be denied such ability to volunteer in the district.}~~

Requirements for Others

Any community college faculty member providing instruction at the site of an early childhood education program, at a school site as part of an early childhood program or at a grade K through 12 school site during the regular school day is required to submit to a criminal records check and a fingerprint-based criminal records check.

Any individual who is an employee of a public charter school and not identified under ORS 342.223 is required to submit to a criminal records check and a fingerprint-based criminal records check.

Notification

The district will provide written notice about the requirements of fingerprinting and criminal records checks through means such as staff handbooks, employment applications, contracts or [volunteer] forms.

The district will provide the following notification to individuals subject to criminal records checks and fingerprinting:

1. Such criminal records checks and fingerprinting are required by law or Board policy;
2. All employment or contract offers ~~{or the ability to volunteer}~~ are contingent upon the results of such checks;
3. A refusal to consent to a required criminal records check and fingerprinting shall result in immediate termination from employment ~~{,}~~ ~~{or}~~ contract status ~~{or the ability to volunteer in the district}~~;
4. A determination by the Oregon Department of Education (ODE) which affects an individual's eligibility to be employed, or contracted with, by the district may be appealed to the Superintendent of Public Instruction under ORS 183.413 – 183.470;

5. An individual determined to have knowingly made a false statement as to the conviction of any crime on district employment applications, contracts~~[,][or]~~ ODE forms ~~{(written or electronic)}~~ ~~[may][will]~~ result in immediate termination from employment or contract status;
6. An individual determined to have been convicted of any crime that would prohibit employment or contract will be immediately terminated from employment or contract status~~[,][.]~~
7. ~~{A volunteer candidate who knowingly made a false statement or has a conviction of the crimes listed in ORS 342.143, or the substantial equivalent of any of those crimes if the conviction occurred in another jurisdiction or in Oregon under a different statutory name or number [may][will] result in immediate termination from the ability to volunteer in the district.}[The district [may][will] remove the volunteer from the position allowing direct, unsupervised contact with students.]~~

Processing and Reporting Procedures

Immediately following an offer and acceptance of employment or contract, an individual subject to criminal records checks and fingerprinting shall complete the appropriate forms authorizing such checks and report to an authorized fingerprinter as directed by the district. The district shall send such authorization, any collection of fingerprint information, and the request to ODE pursuant to law.

Fingerprints may be collected by one of the following:

1. Employing district staff;
2. Contracted agent of employing district;
3. Local or state law enforcement agency; or
4. Statewide vendor identified by the Oregon Department of Administrative Services.

To ensure the integrity of the fingerprinting collection and prevent any compromise of the process, the district will provide the name of the individual to be fingerprinted to the authorized fingerprinter.

The authorized fingerprinter will obtain the necessary identification and fingerprinting and notify ODE of the results. ODE will then review and notify the district of said results as well as the identity of any individual it believes has knowingly made a false statement as to conviction of a crime or has a conviction of a crime prohibiting employment~~[,][or]~~ contract~~[or volunteering]~~.

A copy of the fingerprinting results will be kept by the district. The district's use of criminal history must be relevant to the specific requirements of the position, services or employment.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 181A.180](#)
[ORS 181A.230](#)
[ORS 326.603](#)
[ORS 326.607](#)
[ORS 332.107](#)

[ORS 336.631](#)
[ORS 342.143](#)
[ORS 342.223](#)
[OAR 414-061-0010 – 061-0030](#)
[OAR 581-021-0510 – 021-0512](#)

[OAR 581-022-2430](#)
[OAR 584-050-0012](#)
[OAR 584-050-0100](#)

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e, et. seq. (2018).

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: IGBAF
Adopted:

Special Education - Individualized Education Program (IEP)**

An individualized education program (IEP) shall be developed and implemented for each student with disabilities in the district, kindergarten through 21 years of age, including those who attend a public charter school located in the district, are placed in or referred to a private school or facility by the district; or receive related services from the district. The district is responsible for initiating and conducting the meetings to develop, review and revise the IEP of a student with disabilities. The district will ensure that one or both parents are present at each meeting or are afforded the opportunity to participate and are given a copy of the IEP. A meeting to develop an IEP shall be held within 30 calendar days of a determination that the student needs special education and related services, once every 365 days thereafter and when considering a change in the IEP or placement.

If a student is to be placed or referred to a private school or facility or attends a private or parochial school, the district will ensure that a representative of the private school or facility attends the IEP meeting. If the representative of the private school or facility is unable to attend the IEP meeting, the district shall use other methods to ensure participation including but not limited to, individual or conference telephone calls or individual meetings.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 343.068	OAR 581-015-2195	OAR 581-015-2229
ORS 343.151	OAR 581-015-2200	OAR 581-015-2230
ORS 343.155	OAR 581-015-2205	OAR 581-015-2235
ORS 343.321 - 343.333	OAR 581-015-2210	OAR 581-015-2055
	OAR 581-015-2215	OAR 581-015-2600
OAR 581-015-2000	OAR 581-015-2220	OAR 581-015-2065
OAR 581-015-2190	OAR 581-015-2225	OAR 581-015-2265

Assistance to States for the Education of Children with Disabilities, 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.5 - 300.6, 300.22 - 300.24, 300.34, 300.43, 300.105 - 106, 300.112, 320.325, 300.328, 300.501 (2012).

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: IGBAG
Adopted:

Special Education - Procedural Safeguards**

Procedural Safeguards – General

A district ensures that students with disabilities and their families are afforded their procedural safeguards related to:

1. Access to students' educational records;
2. Parent and adult student participation in special education decisions;
3. Transfer of rights to students who have reached the age of majority;
4. Prior written notice of proposed district actions;
5. Consent for evaluation and for initial placement in special education¹;
6. Independent educational evaluation;
7. Dispute resolution through mediation, state complaint investigation, resolution sessions and due process hearings;
8. Discipline procedures and protections for students with disabilities, including placements related to discipline;
9. Placement of students during the pendency of due process hearings;
10. Placement of students by their parents in private schools;
11. Civil actions; and
12. Attorney's fees.

Procedural Safeguards Notice

The district provides to parents a copy of the *Procedural Safeguards Notice*, published by the Oregon Department of Education, at least once per year and upon initial referral or parent request for special

¹ If, at any time subsequent to the initial provision of special and related services, the parent of a child revokes consent in writing for the continued provision of special education and related services, the district: 1) may not continue to provide special education and related services to the child, but must provide prior written notice before ceasing the provision of special education and related services; 2) may not use mediation or due process procedures to obtain an agreement or ruling that the services may be provided to the child; 3) the district will not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make a free appropriate public education (FAPE) available to the child because of the failure to provide the child with further special education and related services; and 4) the district is not required to convene an individualized education program (IEP) team meeting or develop an IEP for the child for further provision of special education or related services.

education evaluation and when the parent requests a copy. The district also gives a copy to the student at least a year before the student's 18th birthday or upon learning that the student is considered emancipated.

The district provides the *Procedural Safeguards Notice* in the parent's native language or other mode of communication unless it is clearly not feasible to do so. If the native language or other mode of communication of the parent is not a written language, the district takes steps to ensure that the notice is translated orally or by other means understandable to the parent and that the parent understands the content of the notice. The district maintains written evidence that it meets these requirements.

Parent or Adult Student Meeting Participation

1. The district provides parents or adult students an opportunity to participate in meetings with respect to the identification, evaluation, IEP and educational placement of the student, and the provision of a free appropriate public education (FAPE) to the student.
2. The district provides parents or adult students written notice of any meeting sufficiently in advance to ensure an opportunity to attend. The written notice:
 - a. States the purpose, time and place of the meeting and who is invited to attend;
 - b. Advises that parents or adult students may invite other individuals who they believe have knowledge or special expertise regarding the student;
 - c. Advises that the team may proceed with the meeting even if the parents are not in attendance;
 - d. Advises the parents or adult students who to contact before the meeting to provide information if they are unable to attend; and
 - e. Indicates if one of the meeting's purposes is to consider transition services or transition services needs. If so:
 - (1) Indicates that the student will be invited; and
 - (2) If considering transition services, identifies any agencies invited to send a representative (with parent or adult student consent).
3. The district takes steps to ensure that one or both parents of a child with a disability are present at each IEP or placement meeting or are afforded the opportunity to participate, including:
 - a. Notifying parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend; and
 - b. Scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed upon time and place.
4. If neither parent can attend, the district will use other methods to ensure an opportunity to participate, including, but not limited to, individual or conference phone calls or home visits.
5. The district may conduct an evaluation planning or eligibility meeting without the parent or adult student if the district provided meeting notice to the parent or adult student sufficiently in advance to ensure an opportunity to attend.

Access to Records

A parent is entitled at any reasonable time to examine all of the records of the district pertaining to the identification, evaluation and educational placement of their child and the provision of FAPE to their child. Records must be provided without undue delay, which may not exceed 10 business days, as defined

in ORS 192.311, from the date of the request for the records. Records may be redacted only to the extent necessary to protect personally identifiable information of other children unless disclosure is authorized by law or court order.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 343.155	OAR 581-015-2000	OAR 581-015-2310
ORS 343.165	OAR 581-015-2030	OAR 581-015-2325
ORS 343.173	OAR 581-015-2090	OAR 581-015-2330
ORS 343.177	OAR 581-015-2095	OAR 581-015-2345
ORS 343.181	OAR 581-015-2190	OAR 581-015-2360
	OAR 581-015-2195	OAR 581-015-2385
OAR 581-001-0005	OAR 581-015-2305	

Assistance to States for the Education of Children with Disabilities, 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.300, 300.500 - 300.505, 300.515, 300.517.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JBA/GBN
Adopted:

Sexual Harassment

{Required policy. The requirement for this policy comes from ORS 342.700 et. al., OAR 581-021-0038 and federal Title IX laws.}

The district is committed to eliminating sexual harassment. Sexual harassment will not be tolerated in the district. All students, staff members and other persons are entitled to learn and work in an environment that is free of harassment. All staff members, students and third parties are subject to this policy. Any person may report sexual harassment.

The district processes complaints^{1} or reports of sexual harassment under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 342.700 et. al. and federal Title IX laws found in Title 34 C.F.R. Part 106. Individual complaints may require both of these procedures, and may involve additional complaint procedures.

General Procedures

When information, a report or complaint regarding sexual harassment is received by the district, the district will review such information, report or complaint to determine which law applies and will follow the appropriate procedures. When the alleged conduct could meet both of the definitions in ORS Chapter 342 and Title IX, both complaint procedures should be processed simultaneously (*see* JBA/GBN-AR(1) - Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure and JBA/GBN-AR(2) - Federal Law (Title IX) Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure). The district may also need to use other complaint procedures when the alleged conduct could meet the definitions for other complaint procedures^{2}.

OREGON DEFINITION AND PROCEDURES

Oregon Definition

Sexual harassment of students, staff members or third parties³ shall include:

1. A demand or request for sexual favors in exchange for benefits;
2. Unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature that is physical, verbal, or nonverbal and that:
 - a. Interferes with a student's educational activity or program;
 - b. Interferes with a school or district staff member's ability to perform their job; or

¹ {Some districts choose not to use the terms "complaint" and "complainant" because they feel the stigma associated with the terms discourage victims from reporting conduct. The terms used in this policy are consistent with those included in the law. If the district chooses to change these terms, new terms must be consistent and clear. Note, "complainant" is defined under federal law.}

² {Common complaint procedures that may also be involved include: Nondiscrimination (Board policy AC), Workplace Harassment (Board policy GBEA), [Hazing,]Harassment, Intimidation, Bullying, [Menacing,]Cyberbullying, Teen Dating Violence and Domestic Violence – Student (Board policy JFCF), and Reporting Requirements for Suspected Sexual Conduct with Students (Board policy JHFF/GBNAA).}

³ "Third party" means a person who is not a student or a school or district staff member and who is: 1) on or immediately adjacent to school grounds or district property; 2) at a school-sponsored activity or program; or 3) off school grounds or district property if a student or a school or district staff member acts toward the person in a manner that creates a hostile environment for the person while on school or district property, or at a school- or district-sponsored activity.

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

c. Creates an intimidating, offensive, or hostile environment.

3. Assault when sexual contact occurs without consent⁴.^{5}

Sexual harassment does not include conduct that is necessary because of a job duty of a school or district staff member or because of a service required to be provided by a contractor, agent, or volunteer, if the conduct is not the product of sexual intent or a person finding another person, or another person's actions, offensive because of that other person's sexual orientation or gender identity.

Examples of sexual harassment may include, but not be limited to, ^{6}physical touching or graffiti of a sexual nature; displaying or distributing of sexually explicit drawings; pictures and written materials; sexual gestures or obscene jokes; touching oneself sexually or talking about one's sexual behaviors in front of others; or spreading rumors about or rating other students or others as to appearance, sexual activity or performance.

Oregon Procedures

Reports and complaints of sexual harassment should be made to the following individual(s):

Name	Position	Phone	Email
_____	_____	_____	_____
{ _____ }			

{This} {These} individual{s} {is} {are} responsible for accepting and managing complaints of sexual harassment. Persons wishing to report should contact them using the above information. {This person is also designated as the Title IX coordinator.} ^{7} See JBA/GBN-AR(1) - Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure.

Response

Any staff member who becomes aware of behavior that may violate this policy shall immediately report to a district official. The district official (with coordination involving the reporting staff member when appropriate) will take any action necessary to ensure the:

1. Student is protected and to promote a nonhostile learning environment;
2. Staff member is protected and to promote a nonhostile work environment; or

⁴ "Without consent" means an act performed: (a) without the knowing, voluntary and clear agreement by all parties to participate in the specific act; or (b) when a person who is a party to the act is incapacitated by drugs or alcohol; unconscious; or pressured through physical force, coercion or explicit or implied threats to participate in the act.

⁵ {The statutory definition (ORS 342.704) for sexual harassment includes separate definitions with slightly different language for students, staff members and third parties. The language used in this policy comes from OAR 581-021-0038(1). If the district would like to include the full statutory definition, it can do so.}

⁶ {OAR 581-021-0038 requires that the policy include a "examples of harassing behaviors covered by policy". The bracketed list in this policy reflects OSBA's recommendations. The district has discretion in what is included in this list. If listing behaviors not reflected in OSBA recommendations, please have the list reviewed by the district's legal counsel.}

⁷ {This must be communicated elsewhere, but it is a good reason to specify it here as well.}

Deleted: the student's, staff member's or third party's consent because the student, staff member of third party is under the influence of drugs or alcohol, is unconscious or is pressured through physical force, coercion or explicit or implied threats

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

3. Third party who is subjected to the behavior is protected and to promote a nonhostile environment.

This includes providing resources for support measures to the student, staff member or third party who was subjected to the behavior and taking any actions necessary to remove potential future impact on the student, staff member or third party, but are not retaliatory against the student, staff member or third party being harassed or the person who reported to the district official.

Any student or staff member who feels they are a victim of sexual harassment are encouraged to immediately report their concerns to district officials, this includes officials such as the principal, compliance officer or superintendent. Students may also report concerns to a teacher, counselor or school nurse, who will promptly notify the appropriate district official.

Investigation

All reports and complaints about behavior that may violate this policy shall be investigated. The district may use, but is not limited to, the following means for investigating incidents of possible harassment:

1. Interviews with those involved;
2. Interviews with witnesses;
3. Review of video surveillance;
4. Review of written communications, including electronic communications;
5. Review of any physical evidence; and
6. Use of third-party investigator.

The district will use a reasonable person standard when determining whether a hostile environment exists. ~~A hostile environment exists if a reasonable person with similar characteristics and under similar circumstances would consider the conduct to be so severe as to create a hostile environment.~~⁸

The district may take, but is not limited to, the following procedures and remedial action to address and stop sexual harassment:

1. Discipline of staff and students engaging in sexual harassment;
2. Removal of third parties engaged in sexual harassment;
3. Additional supervision in activities;
4. Additional controls for district electronic systems;
5. Trainings and education for staff and students; and
6. Increased notifications regarding district procedures and resources.

When a student or staff member is harassed by a third party, the district will consider the following:

⁸ {OSBA strongly recommends that the Board receive input from district administration prior to adopting a standard here. Of note, Title IX's definition of sexual harassment includes "unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be..." 34 CFR 106.30(a), emphasis added. It is important to consider the different definitions under Oregon law and Title IX when determining which standards will apply for the Oregon process.}

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

1. Removing that third party's ability to contract or volunteer with the district, or be present on district property;
2. If the third party works for an entity that contracts with the district, communicating with the third party's employer;
3. If the third party is a student of another district or school, communicate information related to the incident to the other district or school;
4. Limiting attendance at district events; and
5. Providing for additional supervision, including law enforcement if necessary, at district events.

No Retaliation

Retaliation against persons who initiate complaint or otherwise report sexual harassment or who participate in an investigation or other related activities is prohibited. The initiation of a complaint, reporting of behavior, or participation in an investigation, in good faith about behavior that may violate this policy may not adversely affect the:

1. Educational assignments or educational environment of a student or other person initiating the complaint, reporting the behavior, or participating in the investigation; or
2. Any terms or conditions of employment or of work or educational environment of a school or district staff member or other person initiating the complaint, reporting the behavior, or participating in the investigation.

Students who initiate a complaint or otherwise report harassment covered by the policy or who participate in an investigation may not be disciplined for violations of the district's drug and alcohol policies that occurred in connection with the reported prohibited conduct and that were discovered because of the report or investigation, unless the student gave another person alcohol or drugs without the person's knowledge and with the intent of causing the person to become incapacitated and vulnerable to the prohibited conduct.

Notice

When a person⁹ who may have been affected by this policy files a complaint or otherwise reports behavior that may violate the policy, the district shall provide written notification to the following:

1. Each reporting person;
2. If appropriate, any impacted person who is not a reporting person;
3. Each reported person; and
4. Where applicable, a parent or legal guardian of a reporting person, impacted person, or reported person.

The written notification must include¹⁰:

⁹ Student, staff member, or third party, or if applicable, the student or third party's parent. If the person is a minor, the district should consider when to contact the person's parent.

¹⁰ Remember confidentiality laws when providing any information.

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

1. Name and contact information for all person designated by the district to receive complaints;
2. The rights of the person that the notification is going to;
3. Information about the internal complaint processes available through the school or district that the ~~{student, student's parents, staff member, person or person's parent}~~ [person] who filed the complaint may pursue, including the person designated for the school or district for receiving complaints and any timelines;
4. Notice that civil and criminal remedies that are not provided by the school or district may be available to the person through the legal system and that those remedies may be subject to statutes of limitation;
5. Information about services available to the student or staff member through the school or district, including any counseling services, nursing services or peer advising;
6. Information about the privacy rights of the person and legally recognized exceptions to those rights for internal complaint processes and services available through the school or district;
7. Information about, and contact information for, services and resources that are available to the person, including but not limited to:
 - a. For the reporting person, state and community-based resources for persons who have experienced sexual harassment; or
 - b. For the reported persons, information about and contact information for state and community-based mental health services.
8. Notice that students who report about possible prohibited conduct and students who participate in an investigation under this policy may not be disciplined for violations of the district's drug and alcohol policies that occurred in connection with the reported prohibited conduct and that were discovered as a result of a prohibited conduct report or investigation unless the student gave another person alcohol or drugs without the person's knowledge and with the intent of causing the person to become incapacitated and vulnerable to the prohibited conduct; and
9. Prohibition of retaliation.

Notification, to the extent allowable under state and federal student confidentiality laws, must be provided when the investigation is initiated and concluded. The notification at the conclusion must include whether a violation of the policy was found to have occurred.

The notice must:

1. Be written in plain language that is easy to understand;
2. Use print that is of a color, size and font that allows the notification to be easily read; and
3. Be made available to students, students' parents, staff members and member of the public at each office, at the district office and on the website of the school or district.

~~{Oregon Department of Education (ODE) Support~~

~~The ODE will provide technical assistance and training upon request.~~

FEDERAL DEFINITION AND PROCEDURES

Federal Definition

R4/04/24 | JF

Deleted: 7/31/20
Deleted: SL

Sexual harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

1. An employee of the district conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the district's education program or activity¹¹;
3. "Sexual assault": an offense classified as a forcible or nonforcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
4. "Dating violence": violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship;
5. "Domestic violence": felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction; or
6. "Stalking": engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person fear for the person's own safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.

This definition only applies to sex discrimination occurring against a person who is a subject of this policy in the United States. A district's treatment of a complainant or a respondent in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment may constitute discrimination on the basis of sex under Title IX.

Federal Procedures

The district will adopt and publish grievance procedures that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of the student and employee complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited by this policy. See JBA/GBN-AR(2) - Federal Law (Title IX) Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure.

Reporting

Any person may report sexual harassment. This report may be made in person, by mail, by telephone, or by electronic mail, or by any other means that results in the Title IX coordinator receiving the person's verbal or written report. The report can be made at any time.

{Building principal of TLCS} is designated as the Title IX coordinator and can be contacted at {541-925-3262}. The Title IX coordinator will coordinate the district's efforts to comply with its responsibilities related to this policy. The district prominently will display the contact information for the Title IX coordinator on the district website and in each handbook.^{12}

¹¹ "Education program or activity" includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the recipient exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs." (Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.44(a))

¹² {Note the difference in requirements for Title IX and Oregon law. It makes sense to align these requirements.}

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

Response

The district will promptly respond to information, allegations or reports of sexual harassment when there is actual knowledge of such harassment, even if a formal complaint has not been filed.¹³ The district shall treat complainants and respondents equitably by providing supportive measures¹⁴ to the complainant and by following a grievance procedure¹⁵ prior to imposing any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent. The Title IX coordinator is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of supportive measures.

The Title IX coordinator must promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider the complainant's wishes, with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and explain to the complainant the process for filing a formal complaint.¹⁶

If after an individualized safety and risk analysis, it is determined that there is an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any person, an emergency removal of the respondent can take place.¹⁷ The district must provide the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal. A non-student employee may also be placed on non-disciplinary administrative leave pending the grievance process.

Notice

The district shall provide notice to all applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians, employees, and all unions or professional organizations holding collective bargaining or professional agreements with the district of the following:

1. The name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the Title IX coordinator(s);
2. That the district does not discriminate on the basis of sex in the education program or activity that it operates, as required by Title IX. This includes admissions and employment; and
3. The grievance procedure and process, how to file a formal complaint of sex discrimination or sexual harassment, and how the district will respond.

¹³ (Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.44(a)) Response cannot be deliberately indifferent. A recipient is deliberately indifferent only if its response to sexual harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.

¹⁴ (Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.44(a)) Supportive measures means non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the recipient's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the district's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment.¹⁴ The district must maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the recipient to provide supportive measures. (Title 34 C.F.R. § 99.30(a))

¹⁵ This grievance procedure must meet the requirements of Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.45 (included in accompanying administrative regulation, *see* JBA/GBN-AR(2) - Federal Law (Title IX) Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure).

¹⁶ The Title IX coordinator may also discuss that the Title IX coordinator has the ability to file a formal complaint.

¹⁷ The district may still have obligations under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 or the American with Disabilities Act (ADA). (Title 34 C.F.R. § 106.44(c))

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

Inquiries about the application to Title IX and its requirements may be referred to the Title IX coordinator. ~~or the main office secretary¹⁸, or both.~~

No Retaliation

Neither the district or any person may retaliate¹⁹ against an individual for reporting, testifying, providing evidence, being a complainant, otherwise participating or refusing to participate in any investigation or process in accordance with this procedure. The district must keep confidential the identity of parties and participating persons, except as disclosure is allowed under Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), as required by law, or to carry out the proceedings herein. Complaints of retaliation may be filed using these procedures.

Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a grievance proceeding does not constitute retaliation.

Publication

This policy shall be made available to students, parents of students and staff members. This policy ~~and~~ contact information for the Title IX coordinator ~~shall~~ be prominently published in the ~~school~~ ~~district~~ student handbook and on the ~~school~~ ~~district~~ website. This policy shall also be made available at each school office and at the district office. The district shall post this policy on a sign in all grade 6 through 12 schools, on a sign that is at least 8.5 inches by 11 inches in size. A copy of the policy will be made available to any ~~student, parent of a student, school or district staff member, or third party~~ ~~person~~ upon request.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 243.706	ORS 342.850	ORS 659A.030
ORS 332.107	ORS 342.865	
ORS 342.700	ORS 659.850	OAR 581-021-0038
ORS 342.704	ORS 659A.006	OAR 584-020-0040
ORS 342.708	ORS 659A.029	OAR 584-020-0041

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d (2018).
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e (2018).
Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683 (2018); Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance, 34 C.F.R. Part 106 (2020).
Davis v. Monroe County Bd. of Educ., 526 U.S. 629 (1999).
Gebser v. Lago Vista Indep. Sch. Dist., 524 U.S. 274 (1998).

¹⁸ Of the United States Department of Education.

¹⁹ Retaliation includes, but is not limited to, intimidation, threats, coercion, and discrimination.

Deleted: 7/31/20

Deleted: SL

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JBAA
Adopted:

Section 504 – Students** (Version 2)

In compliance with the requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the Americans with Disabilities Amendments Act of 2008 (ADA), the district shall ensure that no otherwise qualified individual with disabilities shall, solely by reason of a disability, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity conducted by the district or those provided by the district through contractual or other arrangements. Programs and activities shall be accessible and usable by individuals with disabilities as prescribed by law.

The superintendent will ensure all students are identified annually who qualify for Section 504. Students will be evaluated by a team of individuals knowledgeable about the student, the meaning of the evaluation data and placement options. Services will be provided as required by law.

The superintendent will develop administrative regulations as needed for the implementation of this policy and to meet the requirements of state and federal law. Regulations will include provisions to ensure notice of the district’s responsibilities are provided as required and that procedures are established for students, parents and staff with complaints concerning district compliance with the provisions of law.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 192.630](#)
[ORS 326.051\(1\)\(e\)](#)
[ORS 343.068](#)
[ORS 659.850](#)
[ORS 659.865](#)

[ORS 659A.103](#)
[ORS 659A.109](#)

[OAR 581-015-2030](#)
[OAR 581-021-0045](#)

[OAR 581-021-0046](#)
[OAR 581-021-0049](#)
[OAR 581-022-2310](#)

Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12213; 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2017); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2017).
Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Handicap in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance, 34 C.F.R. Part 104 (2017).
Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § § 791, 793-794 (2012).
Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JEA
Adopted:

Compulsory Attendance**

{Highly Recommended. ORS 339.010 requires the attendance of children between the ages of 6 and 18 years who have not completed grade 12 in public school; ORS 339.020 compels parents or guardians of the child to maintain attendance in public school unless otherwise exempted.}

Except when exempt by Oregon law, all children between ages 6 and 18 who have not completed the 12th grade are required to regularly attend a public, full-time school during the entire school term. Persons having control of a child between the ages 6 and 18, who has not completed the 12th grade, are required to send the child to school and maintain the child in regular attendance during the entire school term.

All children five years of age who have been enrolled in a public school are required to attend regularly while enrolled in the public school. Persons having control of a child, who is five years of age and who have enrolled the child in a public school, are required to send the child to school and maintain the child in regular attendance during the school term.

Attendance supervisors shall monitor and report any violation of the compulsory attendance law to the superintendent or designee. [A citation for violation of ORS 339.035 may be issued.]

A parent who is not supervising their child by requiring school attendance may also be in violation of Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 163.577(1)(c); failing to supervise a child is a Class A violation.

Exemptions from Compulsory School Attendance

In the following cases, children shall not be required to attend public, full-time schools:

1. Children being taught in a private or parochial school in courses of study usually taught in kindergarten through grade 12 in the public schools, and in attendance for a period equivalent to that required of students attending public schools.
2. Children proving to the Board's satisfaction that they have acquired equivalent knowledge to that acquired in the courses of study taught in kindergarten through grade 12 in the public schools.
3. Children who have received a high school diploma or a modified diploma.
4. Children being taught, by a private teacher, the courses of study usually taught in kindergarten through grade 12 in the public school for a period equivalent to that required of students attending public schools.
5. Children being educated in the home by a parent, legal guardian or private teacher:
 - a. [When a student is taught or is withdrawn from a public school to be taught by a parent, legal guardian or private teacher, the parent, legal guardian or private teacher must notify the [Lane Education Service District (ESD) in writing within 10 days of such occurrence. In addition, when such a student moves to a new ESD, the parent, guardian or private teacher shall notify the new ESD in writing, within 10 days, of the intent to continue home schooling. The ESD

Deleted: legal

Deleted: have

Deleted: attend

Deleted: legal

Deleted: has

Deleted: have

Deleted: attend

Deleted: The district will develop procedures for issuing a citation.

Deleted: home-schooled

Deleted: 8/08/22

shall acknowledge receipt of any notification in writing within 90 days of receipt of the notification. The ESD is to notify, at least annually, the school districts of students who are registered with the ESD and reside in their district;

Deleted: home-schooled

b. Each child being taught as described above shall be examined no later than August 15, following grades 3, 5, 8 and 10:

Deleted: by a parent or private teacher

- (1) If the student was withdrawn from public school, the first examination shall be administered at least 18 months after the date the student withdrew from public school;
- (2) If the child never attended public or private school, the first examination shall be administered prior to the end of grade 3.

c. Procedures for homeschooling students with disabilities are set out in Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-021-0029;

d. Examinations shall be from the list of approved examinations from the State Board of Education;

Deleted: testing each child

e. The examination must be administered by a neutral, individual qualified to administer tests on the approved list provided by the Oregon Department of Education;

f. The person administering the examination shall score the examination and report the results to the parent or guardian. Upon request of the ESD superintendent, the parent or guardian shall submit the results of the examination to the ESD;

g. All costs for the test instrument, administration and scoring are the responsibility of the parent or guardian;

h. In the event the ESD superintendent finds that the child is not showing satisfactory educational progress, the ESD superintendent shall follow the guidelines in Oregon Revised Statutes and Oregon Administrative Rules.

- 6. Children whose sixth birthday occurred on or before September 1 immediately preceding the beginning of the current school year, if the parent or guardian notified the child's resident district in writing that the parent or guardian is delaying the enrollment of their child for one school year to better meet the child's needs for cognitive, social or physical development, as determined by the parent or guardian.
- 7. Children who are present in the United States on a nonimmigrant visa and who are attending a private, accredited English language learner program in preparation for attending a private high school or college.
- 8. Children excluded from attendance as provided by law.
- 9. Children who are eligible military children¹ are exempt up to 10 days after the date of military transfer or pending transfer indicated in the official military order.
- 10. An exemption may be granted to the parent or guardian of any child 16 or 17 years of age who is lawfully employed full-time, or who is lawfully employed part-time and enrolled in school, a community college or an alternative education program as defined in ORS 336.615.

¹ "Military child" means a child who is in a military family covered by the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children, as determined under rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

Deleted: 8/08/22

11. An exemption may be granted to any child who is an emancipated minor or who has initiated the procedure for emancipation under ORS 419B.550 - 419B.558.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 153.018](#)

[ORS 163.577](#)

[ORS 339.010 - 339.095](#)

[ORS 339.139](#)

[ORS 339.990](#)

[OAR 581-021-0026](#)

[OAR 581-021-0029](#)

[OAR 581-021-0076](#)

[OAR 581-021-0077](#)

Deleted: [ORS 807.065¶](#)
[ORS 807.066¶](#)

Deleted: 8/08/22

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JGA
Adopted:

Corporal Punishment**

{Optional policy. While State law prohibits the use of corporal punishment, having a policy which states this is optional.}

The use of corporal punishment in any form is strictly prohibited in the district. No student will be subject to the infliction of corporal punishment.

“Corporal punishment” is defined as the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain. Corporal punishment does not include the use of physical force authorized in ORS 161.205 (2), (4) or (5) for the reasons specified therein, or physical pain or discomfort resulting from or caused by participation in athletic competition or other such recreational activity, voluntarily engaged in by a student.

No teacher, administrator, other school personnel or school volunteer will subject a student to corporal punishment or condone the use of corporal punishment by any person under their supervision or control. Permission to administer corporal punishment will not be sought or accepted from any parent or school official.

~~[A parent or legal guardian of a minor child may use reasonable physical force upon the minor child when and to the extent the person reasonably believes the physical force is necessary to maintain discipline or promote the welfare of the minor child, unless the physical force constitutes abuse as defined in ORS 418.257 or 419B.005.]~~

A staff member is authorized to employ reasonable physical force upon a student **only to the extent that** the application of physical force is consistent with ORS 339.285 - 339.303 and is not corporal punishment as defined in ORS 339.250(9). Physical force shall not be used to discipline or punish a student.

Deleted: when and

A staff member found in violation of this policy may be subject to discipline up to and including dismissal. A volunteer found in violation of this policy by administration may be subject to sanctions and/or prohibited from volunteer service in the district.

The superintendent shall inform all staff members and volunteers of this policy.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 161.205](#)
[ORS 332.107](#)
[ORS 339.240](#)

[ORS 339.250](#)
[OAR 581-021-0050 – 0075](#)

[OAR 584-020-0040](#)

4/04/24 | LF

Corporal Punishment** – JGA

Deleted: 4/22/21

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JGAB
Adopted:

Use of Restraint or Seclusion**

{Required policy. The requirement for this policy comes from OAR 581-021-0556(12).}

The Board is dedicated to the development and application of best practices within the district's public educational/behavioral programs. The Board establishes this policy and its administrative regulation to define the circumstances that must exist and the requirements that must be met prior to, during, and after the use of restraint or seclusion as an intervention with district students.

The use of the following types of restraint on a student in the district is prohibited:

1. Chemical restraint.
2. Mechanical restraint.
3. Prone restraint.
4. Supine restraint.
5. Any restraint that involves the intentional and nonincidental use of a solid object¹, including a wall or the floor, to impede a student's movement, unless the restraint is necessary to prevent an imminent life-threatening injury or to gain control of a weapon.
6. Any restraint that places, or creates a risk of placing, pressure on a student's mouth, neck or throat.
7. Any restraint that places, or creates a risk of placing, pressure on a student's mouth, unless the restraint is necessary for the purpose of extracting a body part from a bite.
8. Any restraint that impedes, or creates a risk of impeding, breathing.
9. Any restraint that involves the intentional placement of the hands, feet, elbow, knee or any object on a student's neck, throat, genitals or other intimate parts.
10. Any restraint that causes pressure to be placed, or creates a risk of causing pressure to be placed, on the stomach or back by a knee, foot or elbow bone.
11. Any action designed for the primary purpose of inflicting pain.

The use of a seclusion cell is prohibited.

¹ The use of a solid object, including furniture, a wall, or the floor, by district staff performing a restraint is not prohibited if the object is used for the staff's own stability or support while performing the restraint and not as a mechanism to apply pressure directly to the student's body.

Restraint or seclusion may not be used for discipline, punishment, retaliation or convenience of staff, contractors or volunteers of the district.

Restraint may be imposed on a student in the district only under the following circumstances:

1. The student's behavior imposes a reasonable risk of imminent and substantial physical or bodily injury to the student or others; and
2. Less restrictive interventions would not be effective.

Seclusion may be used on a student in the district only under the following circumstances:

1. The student's behavior imposes a reasonable risk of imminent and serious bodily injury to the student or others; and
2. Less restrictive interventions would not be effective.

If restraint or seclusion is used on a student, by trained staff or other staff available in the case of an emergency when trained staff are not immediately available due to the unforeseeable nature of the emergency, e.g., teacher, administrator, or volunteer, it will be used only for as long as the student's behavior poses a reasonable risk of imminent and substantial physical or bodily injury to the student or others and less restrictive interventions would not be effective. Students will be continuously monitored by staff for the duration of the restraint or seclusion.

Definitions

1. "Restraint" means the restriction of a student's actions or movements by holding the student or using pressure or other means.

"Restraint" does not include:

- a. Holding a student's hand or arm to escort the student safely and without the use of force from one area to another;
- b. Assisting a student to complete a task if the student does not resist the physical contact; or
- c. Providing reasonable intervention with the minimal exertion of force necessary if the intervention does not include a restraint prohibited under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 339.288 and the intervention is necessary to:
 - (1) Break up a physical fight;
 - (2) Interrupt a student's impulsive behavior that threatens the student's immediate safety, including running in front of a vehicle or climbing on unsafe structures or objects; or
 - (3) Effectively protect oneself or another from an assault, injury or sexual contact with the minimum physical contact necessary for protection.

2. "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room from which the student is physically prevented from leaving. Seclusion includes, but is not limited to, the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room with a closed door, whether the door is locked or unlocked.

"Seclusion" does not include the removal of a student for a short period of time to provide the student with an opportunity to regain self-control if the student is in a setting from which the student is not physically prevented from leaving, or a student being left alone in a room with a closed door

for a brief period of time if the student is left alone for a purpose that is unrelated to the student’s behavior.

3. “Seclusion cell” means a freestanding, self-contained unit that is used to isolate the student from other students or physically prevent a student from leaving the unit or cause the student to believe that the student is physically prevented from leaving the unit.
4. “Serious bodily injury” means any significant impairment of the physical condition of a person, as determined by qualified medical personnel, whether self-inflicted or inflicted by someone else.
5. “Substantial physical or bodily injury” means any impairment of the physical condition of a person that requires some form of medical treatment.
6. “Mechanical restraint” means a device used to restrict the movement of a student or the movement or normal function of a portion of the body of a student.

“Mechanical restraint” does not include:
 - a. A protective or stabilizing device ordered by a licensed physician; or
 - b. A vehicle safety restraint when used as intended during the transport of a student in a moving vehicle.
7. “Chemical restraint” means a drug or medication that is used on a student to control behavior or restrict freedom of movement that is not prescribed by a licensed physician or other qualified health professional acting under the professional’s scope of practice for standard treatment of the student’s medical or psychiatric condition; and administered as prescribed by a licensed physician or other qualified health professional acting under the professional’s scope of practice.
8. “Prone restraint” means a restraint in which a student is held face down on the floor.
9. “Supine restraint” means a restraint in which a student is held face up on the floor.

Any student being restrained or secluded within the district whether in an emergency or as a part of a plan shall be constantly monitored by staff for the duration of the intervention. Any room used for seclusion of a student must meet the standards as outlined in Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-021-0568.

The district shall only utilize a training program for restraint or seclusion to train staff and use in the district which has been approved by the Oregon Department of Education (ODE).

The district shall preserve, and may not destroy, any records related to an incident of restraint or seclusion, including an audio or video recording. The records must be preserved in the original format and without alteration in accordance with law.

An annual review of the use of restraint and seclusion during the preceding school year shall be completed and submitted to ODE to ensure compliance with district policies and procedures.

The results of the review and annual report shall be documented and shall include at a minimum:

1. The total number of incidents involving restraint;
2. The total number of incidents involving seclusion;

R4/04/24 | LF

Use of Restraint or Seclusion** – JGAB

3-5

Deleted: the { 2 }

Deleted: of

Deleted: for use

Deleted: . As required by state regulation, the selected program shall be one

Deleted: and include, but not limited to, positive behavior support, conflict prevention, de-escalation and crisis response techniques

Deleted: Any program selected by the district must be in compliance with state and federal law with respect to the use of restraint and seclusion.

Deleted: 8/08/22

3. The total number of seclusions in a locked room;
4. The total number of students placed in restraint;
5. The total number of students placed in seclusion;
6. The total number of incidents that resulted in injuries or death to students or staff as a result of the use of restraint or seclusion;
7. The total number of students placed in restraint or seclusion more than 10 times in a school year and an explanation of what steps have been taken by the district to decrease the use of restraint and seclusion for each student;
8. The total number of restraint or seclusion incidents carried out by untrained individuals;
9. The demographic characteristics³ of all students upon whom restraint or seclusion was imposed;
10. The total number of rooms available for use by the district for seclusion of a student and a description of the dimensions and design of the rooms.

This annual report shall be made available to the public at the district’s main office and on the district’s website, and to the Board. At least once each school year the parents and guardians of students of the district shall be notified about how to access the report.

The district shall investigate all complaints regarding the use of restraint and/or seclusion practices according to the procedures outlined in Board policy KL - Public Complaints and KL-AR - Public Complaint Procedure. The complaint procedure is available at the district’s administrative office and is available on the home page of the district’s website.

The complainant, whether an organization or an individual, may appeal a district’s final decision to the Oregon Department of Education pursuant to OAR 581-002-0001 - 581-002-0023. ~~This appeal process is represented in administrative regulation KL-AR(2) - Appeal to the Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction.~~

Deleted: identified

The superintendent shall develop administrative regulations to carry out the requirements set forth in this policy and to meet any additional requirements established by law related to the use, reporting, and written documentation of the use of restraint or seclusion by district staff. A staff member who violates this policy or its administrative regulation may be subject to discipline, up to and including dismissal.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 161.205	ORS 339.288	ORS 339.297
ORS 339.250	ORS 339.291	ORS 339.300
ORS 339.285	ORS 339.294	ORS 339.303

³ Including race, ethnicity, gender, disability status, migrant status, English proficiency and status as economically disadvantaged, unless the demographic information would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual student.

Deleted: 8/08/22

[OAR 581-021-0061](#)
[OAR 581-021-0550](#)
[OAR 581-021-0553](#)

[OAR 581-021-0556](#)
[OAR 581-021-0563](#)
[OAR 581-021-0566](#)
[OAR 581-021-0568](#)

[OAR 581-021-0569](#)
[OAR 581-021-0570](#)
[OAR 581-022-2267](#)
[OAR 581-022-2370](#)

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JH
Adopted:

Student Welfare** {Optional policy.}

The district provides supervision of students. Such supervision does not include early morning or the time following usual departure, unless students are present for a scheduled school-sponsored activity. Hours when supervision is available shall be included in the student/parent handbook.

Deleted: Students' safety will be assured through close supervision of students in [all school buildings and grounds during the hours] when students are normally present.

The district further requires the following practices:

Deleted: ,

1. Maintaining a safe school environment; designated personnel will be responsible for periodically inspecting the physical condition of all equipment, buildings and grounds;
2. Expecting school personnel and students to observe safe practices, particularly in those areas of instruction or extracurricular activities that offer special hazards;
3. Providing safety education to students as is germane to particular subjects such as, but not limited to, science, professional technical, health and physical education courses;
4. Providing first-aid care for students in case of accident or sudden illness; and
5. Providing adequate supervision on the grounds when they are used by students during established school hours or school-sponsored activities.

Deleted: assures

Deleted: appropriate

Deleted: Observation of safe practices on the part of

Deleted: Offering

Deleted: , [through the services of the school nurse,]

School personnel will be concerned about school safety issues, including but not limited to, safety issues in or on school property and awareness of persons loitering in or near school buildings or sitting in parked vehicles nearby. Staff shall report all such instances to the principal or designee. The principal or designee will notify law enforcement if circumstances warrant such action.

Deleted: In addition, s

Deleted: and

Deleted: suspicious strangers

Deleted: the

Students will be instructed on personal safety and that of others in accordance with State Health Standards. Students will be instructed to tell or report to teachers, their parents, law enforcement or school security personnel of any safety concerns.

Deleted: Teachers will instruct students not to accept gifts or vehicle rides from strangers

Deleted: suspicious strangers

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.107](#)

[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

[OAR 581-022-2225](#)

4/04/24 JF

Student Welfare** – JH

1-1

Deleted: 4/17/17

Deleted: PH

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JHCA/JHCB
Adopted:

Immunization and School Sports Participation** {Highly recommended policy.}

Immunization

Proof of immunization must be presented at the time of initial enrollment¹ in school or within 30 days of transfer to the district in accordance with Oregon law. Proof consists of a signed Certificate of Immunization Status form documenting either evidence of immunization, a religious, philosophical beliefs and/or medical exemption or immunity documentation.²

School Sports Participation

A student participating in extracurricular sports in grades 7 through 12 is required to submit to an appropriate School Sports Pre-Participation Examination³ prior to their initial participation in a related district program. The form⁴ is to be completed and signed by a parent or guardian giving permission for the student to participate and signed by a medical provider authorized by law⁵ who has examined and evaluated the student. The completed form(s) must be returned ~~as directed~~ to the school office. A student who is subsequently diagnosed with a significant illness or has had a major surgery is required to have a physical examination prior to further participation.

A student who exhibits signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion following an observed or suspected blow to the head or body, or who has been diagnosed with a concussion will not be allowed to participate in any athletic event or training on that day, unless an athletic trainer licensed by the Board of Athletic Trainers or a physician licensed pursuant to ORS 677.100 - 677.228 has determined the student has not suffered a concussion.⁶ Except as allowed above, a student excluded for concussion reasons will not be allowed to return to participate in an athletic event or training until the following three conditions have been met:

1. It is not the same day as the student exhibited signs, symptoms or behaviors, experienced a blow to the head or body, or was diagnosed with a concussion;

¹ The district shall immediately enroll a student experiencing houselessness in the school selected even if the student is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment.

² Documentation requirements for exemptions are outlined in ORS 433.267.

³ The required form is available at <https://www.osaa.org/governance/forms>, a copy may be obtained from a school office, or a form generated by the medical provider may be used if it meets requirements of law in OAR 581-021-0041.

⁴ The form may be used in either a hard copy or electronic format.

⁵ This physical examination must be conducted by a physician possessing an unrestricted license to practice medicine, a licensed naturopathic physician, a licensed physician assistant, a licensed nurse practitioner or a licensed chiropractic physician who has clinical training and experience in detecting cardiopulmonary diseases and defects.

⁶ For more information regarding medical releases for students in grades 9-12, see OSAA rules.

Deleted: ,

Deleted: Physical

Deleted: Examination

Deleted: , Vision Screening/Eye Examination and Dental Screening

Deleted: Physical Examination

Deleted: The Board recommends that all students initially enrolling in school have a physical examination. Parents will be asked to complete a district [Health History form] when initially enrolling their student in the district and when registering them for grade 7.¶ All students participating in athletic programs are required to submit to the district a School Sports Pre-participation Examination form prior to their initial participation in a district athletic program. The form is to be completed and signed by a parent or guardian and physician giving permission for the student to participate.¶

Deleted: in extracurricular sports

Deleted: homeless

Deleted: 4/22/21

Deleted: ,

Deleted: Physical Examination, Vision Screening/Eye Examination and Dental Screening

2. The student no longer exhibits signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion; and
3. The student has received a medical release form from a health care professional⁷.

A student who continues to participate in extracurricular sports in grades 7 through 12 shall be required to complete a sports examination once every two years, thereafter.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

- [ORS 326.580](#)
- [ORS 336.479](#)
- [ORS 336.485 - ORS 336.490](#)
- [ORS 433.235 - 433.280](#)
- [OAR 333-019-0010](#)
- [OAR 333-050-0010 - 050-0120](#)
- [OAR 581-021-0041](#)

McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, Subtitle VII-B, reauthorized by Title IX-A of the Every Student Succeeds Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11431-11435 (2018).
 Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2018); Family Educational Rights and Privacy, 34 C.F.R. Part 99 (2024).

⁷ “Health care professional” includes a chiropractic physician, a naturopathic physician, a psychologist, a physical therapist, an occupational therapist, a physician assistant or a nurse practitioner who is licensed or registered under the laws of Oregon.

Deleted: physical

Deleted: Vision Screening or Eye Examination¶

¶ The parent or guardian of a student who is 7 years of age or younger and is beginning an education program with the district for the first time shall, within 120 days of beginning the education program, submit a certification that the student has received:¶

¶ A vision screening or eye examination; and¶
 Any further examination, treatments or assistance necessary.¶

The certification is not required if the parent or guardian provides a statement to the district that:¶

¶ The student submitted a certification to a prior education provider; or¶

The vision screening or eye examination is contrary to the religious beliefs of the student or the parent or guardian of the student.¶

Dental Screening¶

¶ The district shall file in the students dental health record any dental screening certifications and any results of a dental screening known by the district. The district will provide to the parent or guardian of each student, standardized information developed by the Oregon Health Authoritys dental director regarding dental screenings, further examinations or necessary treatments and preventative care including fluoride varnish, sealants and daily brushing and flossing.¶

¶ The parent or guardian of a student who is 7 years of age or younger, and is beginning an education program with the district for the first time, shall submit a certification within 120 days of beginning the education program that the student has received a dental screening within the previous 12 months.¶

¶ The certification is not required if the parent or guardian provides a statement to the district that:¶

... [1]

Deleted: [ORS 336.211](#)¶

[ORS 336.213](#)¶

[ORS 336.214](#)¶

Deleted: [OAR 581-021-0017](#)¶

[OAR 581-021-0031](#)¶

Deleted: ¶

[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

.....Section Break (Continuous).....

Deleted: 2020

Deleted: ¶

OREGON SCHOOL ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATION, *OSAA HANDBOOK*.

Deleted: 4/22/21

Deleted: .

Deleted: Physical Examination, Vision Screening/Eye Examination and Dental Screening

Vision Screening or Eye Examination

The parent or guardian of a student who is 7 years of age or younger and is beginning an education program with the district for the first time shall, within 120 days of beginning the education program, submit a certification that the student has received:

A vision screening or eye examination; and

Any further examination, treatments or assistance necessary.

The certification is not required if the parent or guardian provides a statement to the district that:

The student submitted a certification to a prior education provider; or

The vision screening or eye examination is contrary to the religious beliefs of the student or the parent or guardian of the student.

Dental Screening

The district shall file in the students dental health record any dental screening certifications and any results of a dental screening known by the district. The district will provide to the parent or guardian of each student, standardized information developed by the Oregon Health Authoritys dental director regarding dental screenings, further examinations or necessary treatments and preventative care including fluoride varnish, sealants and daily brushing and flossing.

The parent or guardian of a student who is 7 years of age or younger, and is beginning an education program with the district for the first time, shall submit a certification within 120 days of beginning the education program that the student has received a dental screening within the previous 12 months.

The certification is not required if the parent or guardian provides a statement to the district that:

The student submitted a certification to a prior education provider;

The dental screening is contrary to the religious beliefs of the student or the parent or guardian of the student; or

The dental screening is a burden for the student or the parent or guardian of the student in the following ways:

The cost of obtaining the dental screening is too high;

The student does not have access to an approved screener;

The student was unable to obtain an appointment with an approved screener.

The certification may be provided by a licensed dentist, a dental hygienist or a health care practitioner as defined by state law. The certification must include the:

Sts name;

Date of screening; and

Name of entity conducting the dental screening.

The district shall submit to the Oregon Department of Education a report that identifies the percentage of students who failed to submit the certification for the previous year, no later than October 1 of each year.

If the district is causing the dental screening to be conducted, the district will follow the notice requirements in accordance with law.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JHCCF
Adopted:

Pediculosis (Head Lice)

{Optional policy.}

A student with a suspected case of head lice may be referred to designated trained staff for a screening. The screening will be done in a confidential manner by trained personnel.

School personnel will notify the parent or guardian of a student found with head lice and may provide information on treatment. The student will be allowed to remain in school.

~~[Suggested school measures for head lice provided in *Communicable Disease Guidance for Schools* issued by the Oregon Department of Education and Oregon Health Authority will be consulted.]~~

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.107](#)

4/04/24|LF

Pediculosis (Head Lice) – JHCCF

1-1

Deleted: (Version 3)¶
(A student with nits and/or infested with live lice will be allowed to remain in school.)¶

Deleted: appropriate

Deleted: The suggested school measures for head lice control, as provided in *Head Lice Guidance* published by the Oregon Department of Education and the Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division, shall be followed.¶

Deleted: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOL NURSES, *Pediculosis Management in the School Setting*, (POSITION STATEMENT REVISED 2016),¶
THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF PEDIATRICS, (MAY, 2015),¶
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION, (2015),¶
OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, *Head Lice Guidance*.

Deleted: 9/28/17 | PH

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JHFE/GBNAB
Adopted:

Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements**

{Required policy. ORS 339.372 requires school boards to adopt policy on reporting of suspected child abuse.}

Any district employee who has reasonable cause to believe that **any child** with whom the employee has come in contact has suffered abuse¹ shall make a report to the Oregon Department of Human Services (DHS) ~~through the centralized child abuse reporting system²; or to a law enforcement agency within the county where the person making the report is located at the time of the contact.~~ Any district employee who has reasonable cause to believe that **any person**³ with whom the employee is in contact has abused a child shall immediately report ~~in the same manner described above.~~

~~The report must contain, if known, the names and addresses of the child and the parents of the child or other persons responsible for the child's care, the child's age, the nature and extent of the suspected abuse, including any evidence of previous abuse, the explanation given for the suspected abuse, any other information that the person making the report believes might be helpful in establishing the possible cause of the abuse and the identity of a possible perpetrator.~~

Abuse of a child by district employees, contractors⁴, agents⁵, volunteers⁶, or students is prohibited and will not be tolerated. All district employees, contractors, agents, volunteers and students are subject to this policy and the accompanying administrative regulations.

Any district employee who has reasonable cause to believe that another district employee, contractor, agent, volunteer or student has engaged in abuse, or that a student has been subjected to abuse by another district employee, contractor, agent, volunteer or student shall immediately report such to ~~DHS through its centralized child abuse reporting system or to a law enforcement agency pursuant to ORS 419B.015, and to a designated licensed administrator.~~

The district will designate a ^{7}licensed administrator and an alternate licensed administrator, in the event that the designated licensed administrator is the suspected abuser, for each school building to receive reports of suspected abuse of a child by district employees, contractors, agents, volunteers or students.

¹ Includes the neglect of a child; abuse is defined in ORS 419B.005.

² ~~{How to report abuse or neglect: [Oregon DHS](#). Call 855-503-SAFE (7233)}~~

³ "Person" could include adult, student or other child.

⁴ "Contractor" means a person providing services to the district under a contract in a manner that requires the person to have direct, unsupervised contact with students.

⁵ "Agent" means a person acting as an agent for the district in a manner that requires the person to have direct, unsupervised contact with students.

⁶ "Volunteer" means a person acting as a volunteer for the district in a manner that requires the person to have direct, unsupervised contact with students.

⁷ {ORS 339.372 requires the district to post the names and contact information of the persons, i.e., a licensed administrator and an alternate licensed administrator, who are designated to receive reports of sexual abuse for a school building in the respective R4/04/24 | LF ~~Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements** - JHFE/GBNAB~~

Deleted: orally report or cause an oral report immediately by telephone or otherwise to the local office of

Deleted: or its designee

Deleted: the

Deleted: pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 419B.010

Deleted: or cause a report to be made

Deleted: to DHS or its designee or to the law enforcement agency within the county where the person making the report is located at the time of the contact pursuant to ORS 419B.010

Deleted: If known, t

Deleted: shall

Deleted: the Oregon Department of Human Services (

Deleted:)

Deleted: or its designee

Deleted: the local

Deleted: the

Deleted: 10/05/21

If the superintendent is the alleged perpetrator the report shall be submitted to the [Triangle Lake Charter School Principal] who shall also report to the Board chair.

The district will post the names and contact information of the designees for each school building, in the respective school, designated to receive reports of suspected abuse and the procedures in JHFE/GBNAB-AR(1) - Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child the designee will follow upon receipt of a report, the contact information for making a report to law enforcement or the centralized child abuse reporting system of DHS, and a statement that this duty to report suspected abuse is in addition to the requirements of reporting to a designated licensed administrator.

When a designee receives a report of suspected abuse, the designee will follow procedure established by the district and set forth in administrative regulation JHFE/GBNAB-AR(1) - Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child. All such reports of suspected abuse will be reported to a law enforcement agency or DHS for investigation, and the agency will complete an investigation regardless of any changes in the relationship or duties of the person who is the alleged abuser.

When there is reasonable cause to support a report, a district employee suspected of abuse shall be placed on paid administrative leave pending an investigation and the district will take necessary actions to ensure the student's safety. When there is reasonable cause to support a report, a district contractor, agent or volunteer suspected of abuse shall be removed from providing services to the district and the district will take necessary actions to ensure the student's safety.

The district will notify the person, as allowed by state and federal law, who was subjected to the suspected abuse about any actions taken by the district as a result of the report.

A substantiated report of abuse by an employee shall be documented in the employee's personnel file. A substantiated report of abuse by a student shall be documented in the student's education record.

The initiation of a report in good faith, pursuant to this policy, may not adversely affect any terms or conditions of employment or the work environment of the person initiating the report or who may have been subjected to abuse. If a student initiates a report of suspected abuse of a child by a district employee, contractor, agent, volunteer or student, in good faith, the student will not be disciplined by the district or any district employee, contractor, agent or volunteer. Intentionally making a false report of abuse of a child is a Class A violation.

The district shall provide information and training each school year to district employees on the prevention and identification of abuse, the obligations of district employees under ORS 339.388 and ORS 419B.005 - 419B.050 and as directed by Board policy to report suspected abuse of a child, and appropriate electronic communications with students. The district shall make available each school year the training described above to contractors, agents, volunteers, and parents and legal guardians of students attending district-operated schools, and will be made available separately from the training provided to district employees. The district shall provide each school year information on the prevention and identification of abuse, the obligations of district employees under Board policy to report abuse, and appropriate electronic communications with students to contractors, agents and volunteers. The district shall make available each school year training that is designed to prevent abuse to students attending district-operated schools.

school building. A "licensed administrator" is a person employed as an administrator by the district and holds an administrative license issued by TSPC or may be a person employed by the district that does not hold an administrative license issued by TSPC if the district does not require the administrator to be licensed by TSPC.)

Deleted: local

Deleted: and

Deleted: local

Deleted: office or its designee

Deleted: , or its designee,

Deleted: 10/05/21

The district shall provide to a district employee at the time of hire, or to a contractor, agent, or volunteer at the time of beginning service for the district, the following:

1. A description of conduct that may constitute abuse;
2. A description of the investigatory process and possible consequences if a report of suspected abuse is substantiated; and
3. A description of the prohibitions imposed on district employees, contractors, and agents when they attempt to obtain a new job, as provided under ORS 339.378. ~~A district employee, contractor or agent will not assist another district employee, contractor or agent in obtaining a new job if the individual knows, or has reasonable or probable cause to believe the district employee, contractor or agent engaged in abuse, unless criteria found in ORS 339.378(2)(c) are applicable.~~

Nothing in this policy prevents the district from disclosing information required by law or providing the routine transmission of administrative and personnel files pursuant to law.

The district shall make available to students, district employees, contractors, agents, and volunteers a policy of appropriate electronic communications with students.

Any electronic communications with students by a contractor, agent or volunteer for the district will be appropriate and only when directed by district administration. When communicating with students electronically regarding school-related matters, contractors, agents or volunteers shall use district e-mail, using mailing lists and/or other internet messaging approved by the district to a group of students rather than individual students or as directed by district administration. Texting or electronically communicating with a student through contact information gained as a contractor, agent or volunteer for the district is ~~strongly discouraged~~ prohibited.

The superintendent shall develop administrative regulations as are necessary to implement this policy and to comply with state law.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 339.370 - 339.400](#)
[ORS 418.257 - 418.259](#)

[ORS 419B.005 - 419B.050](#)

[OAR 581-022-2205](#)

Greene v. Camreta, 588 F.3d 1011 (9th Cir. 2009), vacated in part by, remanded by Camreta v. Greene, 131 S. Ct. 2020 (U.S. 2011); vacated in part, remanded by Greene v. Camreta 661 F.3d 1201 (9th Cir. 2011).

Deleted: Senate Bill 51 (2021).

Deleted: 10/05/21



Watch for information coming soon for a **Policy Update webinar.**

Summer Board Conference

August 9–11, 2024
Salem, OR

Annual Convention

Nov. 7-9, 2024
Portland, OR

CONTENTS

- AC – Nondiscrimination, Required
- BBF – Board Member Standards of Conduct (*Version 1 or 2*), Highly Recommended
- BBFC – Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child, Optional
- BCBA – Student Representative(s) on the Board, Optional
- BCBA-AR – Student Representative(s) on the Board, Optional, *New*
- CB – Superintendent, Highly Recommended
- CBC – Superintendent’s Contract, Optional
- CBG – Evaluation of the Superintendent, Required
- CCG – Evaluation of Administrators, Required
- DJC - Bidding Requirements (*Versions 1 & 2*), Delete
- DJC - Bidding Requirements, Highly recommended, *New*
- DJC-AR – Exemptions from Competitive Bidding and Special Procurements, Delete
- DJC-AR – Exemptions from Competitive Bidding and Special Procurements, Optional, *New*
- DJCA – Personal Service Contracts, Delete
- DJCA-AR – Personal Service Contracts, Delete
- EBBA – First Aid**, Delete
- EBBA – Student Health Services**, Highly Recommended, *New*
- EBBA-AR – First Aid - Infection Control, Delete
- EBBAA – Infection Control and Bloodborne Pathogens, Optional
- EBBB – Injury or Illness Reports, Required
- EBC – Emergency Plan and First Aid**, Highly Recommended, *New*
- EBC/EBCA – Emergency Procedures and Disaster Plans, Delete
- EBCA – Safety Threats**, Required, *New*
- EBCB – Emergency Procedure Drills and Instruction, Highly Recommended
- GBEB – Communicable Diseases in Schools, Highly Recommended
- GBEB-AR – Communicable Diseases in Schools, Highly Recommended
- GBEBA – Staff – HIV, AIDS, and HBV, Delete
- GBN/JBA – Sexual Harassment, Required
- GBNAB/JHFE – Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements**, Required
- GBNAB/JHFE-AR(1) – Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child, Required
- GBNAB/JHFE-AR(2) – Abuse of a Child Investigations Conducted on District Premises, Highly Recommended, (no updates)
- GCDA/GDDA – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting *, Delete
- GCDA/GDDA – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting *, Required, *New*
- GCDA/GDDA-AR – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting, Delete
- IGBAF – Special Education – Individualized Education Program (IEP)**, Required
- IGBAF-AR – Special Education: Individualized Education Program (IEP)**/*, Required

Policy Update is a subscription publication of the Oregon School Boards Association

Emielle Nischik

Acting Executive Director

Haley Percell

Interim Deputy Executive Director, Chief Legal Officer

Michael Miller

Interim Director of Legal Services

Amy Williams, Attorney

Tonya Brady, Attorney

Callen Sterling, Attorney

Brian Kernan, Attorney

Kara Parker, Attorney

Spencer Lewis

Director of Policy Services

Rick Stucky

Policy Services Specialist

Leslie Fisher

Policy Services Specialist

Colleen Allen

Senior Policy Services Assistant

Jean Chiappisi

Policy Services Assistant

If you have questions regarding this publication or OSBA, please call our offices:

503-588-2800 or 800-578-6722

This publication is designed to provide accurate and authoritative information regarding the subject matter covered. It is furnished with the understanding that policies should be reviewed by the district’s legal counsel.

IGBAG – Special Education – Procedural Safeguards**, Required
JBA/GBN – Sexual Harassment, Required
JBAA – Section 504 – Students**, *Version 1 and 2*, Highly Recommended
JBAA-AR – Section 504 – Students**/*, Highly Recommended
JEA – Compulsory Attendance**, Highly Recommended
JEA-AR – Compulsory Attendance Notices[and Citations]**, Highly Recommended
JGA – Corporal Punishment**, Optional
JGAB – Use of Restraint or Seclusion**, Required
JGAB-AR – Use of Restraint or Seclusion**, Required
JH – Student Welfare**, Optional
JHC – Student Health Services and Requirements**, Delete (in lieu of new EBBA)
JHCA/JHCB – Immunization and School Sports Participation**, Highly Recommended
JHCC – Communicable Diseases - Students, Delete
JHCC-AR – Communicable Diseases - Students, Delete
JHCCA – Students - HIV, HBV and AIDS**, Delete
JHCCF – Pediculosis (Head Lice), *Version 1*, Delete
JHCCF – Pediculosis (Head Lice), *Version 2*, Delete
JHCCF – Pediculosis (Head Lice), was *Version 3*, now stand-alone, Optional
JHCCF-AR – Pediculosis (Head Lice), *Version 1*, Delete
JHCCF-AR – Pediculosis (Head Lice), *Version 2*, Delete
JHFE/GBNAB – Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements**, Required
JHFE/GBNAB-AR(1) – Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child, Required
JHFE/GBNAB-AR(2) – Abuse of a Child Investigations Conducted on District Premises,
Highly Recommended, (no updates)
KBA-AR – Public Records Request, Highly Recommended

CIVIL RIGHTS COORDINATOR

Summary

[House Bill 2281](#) (2023), effective January 1, 2024, requires a district school board to designate one or more civil rights coordinators for the district. According to HB 2281, the civil rights coordinator may be an employee of the district or the district may contract with an ESD for the services of a civil rights coordinator.

HB 2281, Section 1 (see page 2 of the bill specifically) outlines the minimum responsibilities of a civil rights coordinator. Of note is the requirement to comply with rules adopted by the State Board of Education so OSBA is watching for news about these rules. Additionally, the bill includes use of the term “discrimination” which is defined further by ORS 659.850 and is used in the new bill. The bill further outlines a requirement for the Department of Education to make training available annually for these coordinators.

Finally, ORS 659.855, which allows the Superintendent of Public Instruction to sanction a public elementary or secondary school program if found in noncompliance with ORS 659.850 and 659.852, has been updated to include noncompliance with ORS 332.505(2) – Civil Rights Coordinator.

The bill can be read in its entirety with the link provided above.

There is no current requirement for language to be added to board policy or administrative regulation. The district may choose to add the proposed language to policy AC – Nondiscrimination. Oregon Administrative Rules from the Oregon State Board of Education are anticipated later this year, which will likely prompt another update to policy.

The district should consider posting notice of the designated civil rights coordinator and contact information together with the notice of nondiscrimination (and other notices) on the district’s website.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

Review the recommendations for policy changes and present them to the board for adoption.

Policy(ies) and AR(s) Impacted by these Revisions

AC – Nondiscrimination, Required

STUDENT REPRESENTATIVE(S) ON THE BOARD

Summary

The practice of installing student representative(s) on local school boards has increased, and therefore a desire for more policy and administrative regulation options has been voiced. OSBA policy services staff present the model policy and administrative regulation published herein as options for establishing a student representative on a local school board. Oregon does not mandate a student representative, it is up to local decision makers.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

Review the proposed policy and/or administrative regulation to determine whether it is appropriate for the board. The policy requires adoption by the board to enact and the administrative regulation may be submitted to the board for their review. A policy and administrative regulation is recommended, although not required.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

BCBA – Student Representative(s) on the Board, Optional
BCBA-AR – Student Representative(s) on the Board, *Optional, New*

SUPERINTENDENT’S CONTRACT

Summary

With the passage of [Senate Bill 283](#) (2023), the law was revised regarding superintendent contracts to remove mention of laws relevant to education service district boards added by Senate Bill 1521 in 2022 to ORS 332.505.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

Update policies with the recommended revisions if they are present in the board’s policy manual and submit to the board for readoption.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

CB – Superintendent, Highly Recommended

CBC – Superintendent’s Contract, Optional

EVALUATION OF THE SUPERINTENDENT AND ADMINISTRATOR(S)

Summary

There are not significant changes to policy on evaluation of the superintendent and administrators. However, it has been included in this update as a reminder to the board to review policy on evaluation of the superintendent to ensure current practice and contract language align, and for the superintendent to review administrator contract language with the same lens. If needed, revise policy language if different terms now apply.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

If the board has adopted a version of required policy CBG – Evaluation of the Superintendent or CCG – Evaluation of Administrators (as listed herein), take time to review the superintendent and administrator contracts to ensure there is not conflicting language adopted in board policy regarding the regularity of an evaluation. Revise board policy as needed and readopt.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

CBG – Evaluation of the Superintendent, Required

CCG – Evaluation of Administrators, Required

PROCUREMENTS

Summary

OSBA recommends deleting the current versions of DJC – Bidding Requirements, DJC-AR – Exemptions from Competitive Bidding and Special Procurements, DJCA – Personal Service Contracts and DJCA-AR – Personal Service Contracts, and replacing them with the new proposed versions of DJC and DJC-AR. The proposed DJC outlines the procurement requirements for Small Procurement, Intermediate Procurement, Regular Procurement, Emergency Procurement, Sole-Source Procurement and Personal Services Contracts.

Additionally, the proposed policy DJC – Bidding Requirements, reflects the new amounts for the procurement levels passed in House Bill 1047 (2023) and went into effect January 1, 2024. The policy also defines “public improvements” for purposes of the procurement levels, defines “community benefit contract” and the “Construction Manager/General Contractor procurement.”

The proposed administrative regulation, DJC-AR – Exemptions from Competitive Bidding and Special Procurements, has been updated and continues to provide guidance for procurements which are exempt from competitive bidding or are special procurements.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

Revise and readopt highly recommended policy DJC – Bidding Requirements and consider whether to also add optional DJC-AR – Exemptions from Competitive Bidding and Special Procurements.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

DJC – Bidding Requirements (*Versions 1 & 2*), Delete

DJC – Bidding Requirements, Highly recommended, *New*

DJC-AR – Exemptions from Competitive Bidding and Special Procurements, Delete

DJC-AR – Exemptions from Competitive Bidding and Special Procurements, Optional, *New*

DJCA – Personal Service Contracts, Delete

DJCA-AR – Personal Service Contracts, Delete

HEALTH SERVICES

Summary

The State Board of Education adopted revisions to Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-022-2220 on health services. The changes result in a requirement to develop “a written prevention-oriented health services plan for all students” (OAR 581-022-2220(1)). The plan requirements include a variety of topics, including but not limited to, plan for health care space, communicable disease prevention, communication strategies, health screenings, and hearing, vision and dental screenings.

As a result of these changes there is a list of policies and administrative regulations (AR’s), included herein, which have been revised. Recommendations may include to delete or rescind policy or AR, recoding, and reassigning some policy content to a new section or policy of the policy manual.

The entire rule can be accessed here: [OAR 581-022-2220](#). Reach out to the Oregon Department of Education with additional questions regarding plan requirements and/or implementation.

ODE [resources](#) and [School Health Services](#) include tools to support some requirements.

Collective Bargaining Impact

Review any terms and conditions of an applicable agreement.

Local District Responsibility

Review the recommendations regarding board policy changes and make decisions regarding same. Any policy revisions or recommendation to rescind a policy should be submitted to the board for action. An AR may be submitted to the board for review for either removing or keeping and revising as recommended.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

EBBA – First Aid**, Delete

EBBA – Student Health Services**, Highly Recommended, *New*

EBBA-AR – First Aid - Infection Control, Delete

EBBAA – Infection Control and Bloodborne Pathogens, Optional

EBBB – Injury or Illness Reports, Required

GBEB – Communicable Diseases in Schools, Highly Recommended

GBEB-AR – Communicable Diseases in Schools, Highly Recommended

GBEBA – Staff – HIV, AIDS, and HBV, Delete

JH – Student Welfare**, Optional

JHC – Student Health Services and Requirements**, Delete (in lieu of new EBBA)

JHCA/JHCB – Immunization and School Sports Participation**, Highly Recommended

JHCC – Communicable Diseases - Students, Delete

JHCC-AR – Communicable Diseases - Students, Delete

JHCCA – Students - HIV, HBV and AIDS**, Delete

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES, FIRST AID and SAFETY THREATS

Summary

[House Bill 3584](#) was passed in the 2023 legislative session. The bill requires districts to adopt policy language about using electronic communication to notify parents, guardians and employees within 24 hours of a safety threat action that was not a drill. The bill states the communication should be “provided in a manner that communicates relevant facts and details as necessary and useful.” (HB 3584, Section 1., (3)(b)) More detail can be found by reading the entire bill.

This update includes a revision of other policies identified herein, resulting from recommendations on reorganization and may include recoding and/or reassigning content to a different policy or policy section.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

District Responsibility

Review the recommendations regarding board policy changes and make decisions regarding new and updated policy. Any policy revisions, additions or recommendation to rescind a policy should be submitted to the board for action.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

EBC/EBCA – Emergency Procedures and Disaster Plans, Delete

EBC – Emergency Plan and First Aid**, Highly Recommended, *New*

EBCA – Safety Threats**, Required, *New*

EBCB – Emergency Procedure Drills and Instruction, Highly Recommended

SEXUAL HARASSMENT DEFINITION

Summary

House Bill 2280 (2023 Legislature) modified the definition of sexual harassment affecting schools and has since been followed up with new rule revisions. The revised definition changes the meaning of assault within the sexual harassment context and adds a section describing the meaning of “without consent,” which is also a new definition added to the law. When considering these recommended revisions, please review the designated names and positions listed for receiving such reports and amend as needed.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

Review recommended changes and board-adopt revisions to required policy GBN/JBA (JBA/GBN) – Sexual Harassment, in the board’s policy manual.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

GBN/JBA – Sexual Harassment, Required

JBA/GBN – Sexual Harassment, Required

REPORTING CHILD ABUSE

Summary

The Oregon Department of Human Services (DHS) reports the purpose of Senate Bill 231 (2023) was to align state law with the agency’s current process for receiving child abuse reporting, through a centralized child abuse reporting system established by DHS. Reports must still be submitted to DHS as directed or to a law enforcement agency.

The form found in **GBNAB/JHFE-AR(2) (JHFE/GBNAB-AR(2))** – Abuse of a Child Investigations Conducted on District Premises, is included for convenience and reference; **no updates were made.**

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

The district should recommend board adoption of revised policy and reissue an updated administrative regulation to the board for review.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

BBF – Board Member Standards of Conduct (*Version 1 or 2*), Highly Recommended
BBFC – Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child, Optional
GBNAB/JHFE – Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements**, Required
GBNAB/JHFE-AR(1) – Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child, Required
GBNAB/JHFE-AR(2) – Abuse of a Child Investigations Conducted on District Premises, Highly Recommended, (no updates)
JHFE/GBNAB – Suspected Abuse of a Child Reporting Requirements**, Required
JHFE/GBNAB-AR(1) – Reporting of Suspected Abuse of a Child, Required
JHFE/GBNAB-AR(2) – Abuse of a Child Investigations Conducted on District Premises, Highly Recommended, (no updates)

FINGERPRINTING

Summary

Newly revised rules regarding fingerprint collection offer the addition of a statewide vendor identified by DAS as an authorized fingerprint collector and removed the option for volunteers to appeal to ODE on a fitness determination issued by ODE. The other resulting changes come from a decision to have a stand-alone board policy.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

Review the recommended changes and issue them to the board for re adoption. To clean up duplicate language, a new version of model policy GCDA/GDDA – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting * has been developed and eliminates the need for an administrative regulation. Consider a complete delete/rescind of the old policy version and adopt the revised version to implement new policy language for GCDA/GDDA, before adopting, refer to the board’s existing version for direction on choosing brackets in the new version; make changes to reflect current practices as needed.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

GCDA/GDDA – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting *, Delete
GCDA/GDDA – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting *, Required, *New*
GCDA/GDDA-AR – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting, Delete

SPECIAL EDUCATION and ABBREVIATED SCHOOL DAY

Summary

Board policy IGBAG – Special Education – Procedural Safeguards** and administrative regulations IGBAF-AR – Special Education – Individualized Education Program (IEP)**/* and JBAA-AR – Section 504 – Students**/* are being updated.

Changes in IGBAF-AR – Special Education: Individualized Education Program (IEP)**/* and JBAA-AR – Section 504 – Students**/* are due to the passage of Senate Bill 756 (2023) which requires district employees who are assigned to work with students who are on an IEP or 504 Plan, be invited to attend the student’s IEP meeting or 504 Plan meeting. The section

of the administrative regulation (AR) “Individualized COVID-19 Recovery Services” is deleted since the provision has sunset (see OAR 581-015-2229). IGBAF-AR is also updated to include information regarding abbreviated school days.

Changes in Board policy IGBAG are due to the passage of SB 758 (2023) to add language to the Independent Educational Evaluations section stating parents are entitled to examine their student’s record pertaining to identification, evaluation and educational placement, and the provisions of a free appropriate public education (FAPE) and setting a 10 business day timeline.

The legal references to IGBAF – Special Education – Individualized Education Program (IEP**) and JBAA – Section 504 – Students** (version 1 and 2) are updated to add references to the new laws.

Collective Bargaining Impact

Consider impact of requirement that certain staff be allowed to attend IEP and 504 meetings and be compensated for attendance.

District Responsibility

Revise and readopt required Board policy IGBAG – Special Education – Procedural Safeguards**; revise required administrative regulations IGBAF-AR – Special Education – Individualized Education Program (IEP)**/* and JBAA-AR – Section 504 – Students**/* if present in the board’s policy manual. Also, update the legal references to IGBAF – Special Education – Individualized Education Program (IEP)** and JBAA – Section 504 – Students** as noted in the documents attached.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

IGBAF – Special Education – Individualized Education Program (IEP)**, Required
IGBAF-AR – Special Education: Individualized Education Program (IEP)**/*, Required
IGBAG – Special Education – Procedural Safeguards**, Required
JBAA – Section 504 – Students**, *Version 1 and 2*, Highly Recommended
JBAA-AR – Section 504 – Students**/*, Highly Recommended

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE AND HOMESCHOOL REQUIREMENTS

Summary

School districts are still required to monitor for nonenrollment and irregular attendance issues and to send related notices in accordance with ORS 339.080, however, as the Oregon Department of Education has recently noticed, citations for compulsory attendance are no longer issued.

However, after collaboration with their ESD about which entity will be responsible for tracking whether any students who are homeschooled have registered with the ESD or are complying with ORS 339.035, a district may choose to issue a citation. After discussion with the ESD, if the district will be responsible for tracking such students, the district may choose to add bracketed language in JEA-AR – Compulsory Attendance Notices[and Citations]**, regarding their actions concerning citations related to violation of homeschool statute (ORS 339.035) for registration and testing. A school district or ESD superintendent may issue a citation for violations of ORS 339.035. Before doing so, there must be specific notice given, as provided by law, and proposed model language is included in JEA-AR.

Additionally, a violation of compulsory attendance law is no longer a Class C violation, however violation of ORS 163.577 (1)(c) (failing to supervise a child) is still a Class A violation.

The model policy and administrative regulation have been revised and updated to reflect changes.

ODE staff anticipates some upcoming changes to the Uniform Citation Form and will communicate as soon as it is available.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

If the district has highly recommended policy JEA – Compulsory Attendance**, review and adopt revised and updated language resulting from changes to rules, and suggested revisions to highly recommended JEA-AR – Compulsory Attendance Notices[and Citations]** may be made and issued to the board for review.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

JEA – Compulsory Attendance**, Highly Recommended

JEA-AR – Compulsory Attendance Notices[and Citations]**, Highly Recommended

RESTRAINT OR SECLUSION RECORD AND CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

Summary

The procedures for responding to an incident of restraint or seclusion are found in ORS 339.294 and were amended by [Senate Bill 1024](#) (2023; see Section 3 which begins on page 5 of the SB). These amended procedures are represented in the recommended changes to model administrative regulation, JGAB-AR – Use of Restraint or Seclusion** and policy JGAB – Use of Restraint or Seclusion**. There are several changes to highlight of which two are: 1) addition of immediate notice to the parent or guardian of any existing record, including audio or video, of the incident (which will be preserved in the original format without alternation), and 2) such record shall be reviewed at the debriefing meeting, to which parents shall be invited.

Additional information regarding the preservation and disclosure of such records, which have record retention and disclosure implications, are outlined in the new [SB](#), subsection 9 and 10.

The changes are a result of the adopted language from the bill and related, revised OARs recently adopted by the State Board.

A change to ORS 161.205 on issues of corporal punishment was put into effect by Senate Bill 577; also effective now.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

The district's responsibility is to update the current board policies and administrative regulation (AR) and comply with the new procedural requirements related to incidents of use of restraint or seclusion. The revised AR should be implemented and submitted to the board for review; recommended policy revisions should be submitted to the board for review and readoption.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

JGA – Corporal Punishment**, Optional

JGAB – Use of Restraint or Seclusion**, Required

JGAB-AR – Use of Restraint or Seclusion**, Required

HEAD LICE (PEDICULOSIS)

Summary

Guidance on exclusion of students found with head lice has changed in recent years. There is now a consensus from other agencies, i.e., National Association of School Nursesⁱ, Center for Disease Control and Preventionⁱⁱ, Oregon School Nurses Association, which recommends against excluding students with head lice or nits from the classroom. Additionally, a rule, originally found in an Oregon Health Authority rule (OAR 333-019-0010), which allowed schools to create exclusionary practices for head lice, has since been repealed. Refer to [Communicable Disease Guidance for Schools](#) published by Oregon Health Authority and Oregon Department of Education for instructions on management.

As a result, OSBA is removing versions 1 and 2 of its model policy JHCCF – Pediculosis (Head Lice) and administrative regulations, leaving only what was a third version of the policy JHCCF – Pediculosis (Head Lice), which keeps a student in the classroom. See the *Communicable Disease Guidance for Schools* for more information.

¹ NASN – [Head Lice Management in Schools](#)

¹¹ CDC – [Head Lice Information for Schools](#)

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

Review the district's policy regarding management of head lice, if applicable, and update or rescind.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

JHCCF – Pediculosis (Head Lice), *Version 1*, Delete

JHCCF-AR – Pediculosis (Head Lice), *Version 1*, Delete

JHCCF – Pediculosis (Head Lice), *Version 2*, Delete

JHCCF-AR – Pediculosis (Head Lice), *Version 2*, Delete

JHCCF – Pediculosis (Head Lice), was *Version 3*, now stand-alone, Optional

PUBLIC RECORDS

Summary

The purpose of this summary is to make schools aware of some minor changes to the definition of public records under ORS 192.005, which describes any information generated by the school in course of business “necessary to satisfy the legal, administrative, fiscal, **tribal cultural** or historical policies, requirements or needs of the state agency or political subdivision.” (ORS 192.005 (5) as amended by House Bill 2112 (2023)) Other changes made in ORS 192, specifically 192.050 include updating terminology to how terms are used in today’s public operations, e.g., analog or digital audio and video tape technology changing to ***audio or video technology*** or ***audio recording and video recording***. Additionally, in ORS 192.060, any records made under ORS 192.040 and 192.050 “shall be properly indexed and **filed so as to facilitate access and retrieval.**” (ORS 192.060 as amended by House Bill 2112 (2023)) There are no policy changes resulting from this bill.

However, there are some other implications on appropriate administrative regulation (AR) language which are discussed herein under ‘district’ below.

Collective Bargaining Impact

None

Local District Responsibility

Review the district’s written procedures related to submitting public records requests. If there are separate written procedures made available which name the person or persons, and their address(es), for submitting public records requests, no modifications may be necessary. If the school operates under KBA-AR – Public Records Request, and if the AR does not name the person or persons to which a public records request should be submitted, make the addition using recommended bracketed language included herein and issue a revised AR for implementation and submit to the board for review.

Policy(ies) and ARs Impacted by these Revisions

KBA-AR – Public Records Request, Highly Recommended

ABOUT POLICY UPDATE

Policy Update is a subscription newsletter providing a brief discussion of current policy issues of concern to Oregon school districts, education service districts, community colleges, and public charter schools.

Sample model policies reflecting these issues and changes in state and federal law, if applicable, are part of this newsletter. These samples are offered as a starting point for drafting local policy and may be modified to meet particular local needs. They do not replace district legal counsel advice.

To make the best use of *Policy Update*, we suggest you discuss the various issues it presents and use the sample model policies to determine which policies your district should develop or revise, get ideas for what a policy should contain, and as a starting point for editing, modifying and discussing your district’s policy position.

If you have questions about *Policy Update*, sample policies or policy in general, call OSBA Policy Services, 800-578-6722 or 503-588-2800.

TRY OUR ONLINE POLICY DEMO

OSBA's online policy service has a demo site for districts interested in a public online policy manual. This service saves time, resources and reams of paper. With one centrally located policy manual updated electronically, you have instant access to current district policies.

Go to policy.osba.org and select "Policy Online Demo." The online manual includes a subscription to *Policy Update* and policy manual maintenance service to help keep policies current.

OSBA offers several options. Contact Policy Services to determine the best option for you, 800-578-6722 or 503-588-2800.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: BCBA

Adopted:

D

Student Representative to the Board

(Delete this version and consider adopting the proposed language.)

The Board has provided for a formalized ongoing method of communication with district students by establishing a position of student representative to the Board.

The student representative shall receive notice of meetings, the agenda and the appropriate agenda materials; be provided a place at the Board table; and shall have the same privileges of discussion as apply to Board members. The student representative shall not be a voting member of the Board.

The student representative shall be installed on the Board through the following Oath of Office:

“I _____, will support the Constitution and the laws of the United States, the state of Oregon and the laws thereof, and the policies of the [] District, and will discharge the duties of Student Representative to the [] Board to the best of my ability.”

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.107](#)

E

T

E

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: DJC
Adopted:

D

Bidding Requirements (Version 1)

(Delete this version and adopt proposed version.)

The Board is the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB) for the district. All public contracts shall be invited in accordance with applicable competitive procurement provisions of the Oregon Revised Statutes and the adopted public contracting rules.

The Board, acting as its own LCRB, adopts^{1} [the *Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contract Rules*, Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) Chapter 137, Divisions 046 through 049] [its own rules of procedure that will govern district purchasing. Consequently, the model rules adopted by the Attorney General shall not apply to the district. The district's rules may include portions of the *Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contract Rules* OAR Chapter 137, Divisions 046 through 049] in effect at the time this policy is adopted.^{2}

The district shall procure the construction manager/general contractor services in accordance with model rules the Attorney General adopts under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 279A.065(3).

Additionally, the Board may include as part of its rules portions of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services rules governing Public Contract Exemptions, OAR Chapter 125, Divisions 246-249 in effect at the time this policy is adopted.

The Board may make the written findings required by law for exemptions from competitive bidding. Such findings shall be maintained by the district and made available on request.

The district shall review its rules each time the Attorney General adopts a modification of the model rules, as required by ORS 279A.065(6)(b), to determine whether any modifications need to be made to district rules to ensure compliance with statutory changes. [Modifications will be made only following review by the district's legal counsel.] New rules, as necessary, shall be adopted by the Board. In the event it is unnecessary to adopt new rules, Board minutes will reflect that the review process was completed as required.

¹ {Public Contracts shall be governed by ORS Chapter 279, 279A, 279B and 279C. Additionally, the Board may, as provided by ORS 279A.065, adopt the Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contract Rules, OAR Chapter 137 governing purchasing/bid procedures. The Board may also adopt the Oregon Department of Administrative Services rules governing Public Contract Exemptions, OAR Chapter 125. The Board may adopt portions of those rules or adopt its own rules. A Board that has not established its own rules of procedure for public contracts is subject to the model rules (OAR Chapter 137) adopted by the Attorney General.}

² {If the Board does not establish its own rules of procedure as permitted under ORS 279A.065(5), the district is subject to the model rules adopted by the Attorney General, including all modifications to the model rules that the Attorney General may adopt.}

The Board, acting as the LCRB, may enact a resolution that authorizes the district to designate a public improvement as a community benefit contract per the requirements included in ORS 279C.300 to 279C.470.

Procurements for services estimated to be in excess of \$250,000 shall go through the cost analysis and feasibility process described in ORS 279B.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS Chapters [279](#), [279A](#), [279B](#) and [OAR Chapter 125](#), Divisions 246-249
[279C](#)

OR. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OR. ATT'Y GENERAL'S PUBLIC CONTRACTS MANUAL.

L

E

T

E

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: DJC
Adopted:

D

Bidding Requirements (Version 2)

(Delete this version and adopt proposed version.)

The Board declares its intention to purchase competitively without prejudice and to seek maximum educational value for every dollar expended. All public contracts for goods or services shall be based upon applicable competitive procurement provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes and adopted public contracting rules except:

1. Contracts between contracting agencies or between contracting agencies and the federal government;
2. Insurance and services contracts as provided for under state law;
3. Contracts for the procurement or distribution of textbooks;
4. Energy savings performance contracts¹;
5. Contracts made with qualified nonprofit agencies providing employment opportunities for disabled individuals;
6. Public improvement contracts exempted by the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB) upon findings that the award would not encourage favoritism or substantially diminish competition and would result in substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district;
7. Special procurements exempted by the LCRB upon findings that the award would not encourage favoritism or substantially diminish competition and would result in substantial cost savings to the district;
8. Emergency contracts;
9. Any other public contract specifically exempted from the code by another provision or law.

The [Board] will serve as the LCRB for the district. All district purchasing shall be conducted in accordance with the [Board's] adopted rules^{2}.

The Board acting as its own LCRB adopts^{3} [the *Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contract Rules* Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) Chapter 137, Divisions 046 through 049,] [its own rules of

¹ Attorney General rules may still apply.

² {The Board may contract with another public agency to serve as its LCRB.}

³ {Purchases shall be governed by ORS Chapter 279, 279A, 279B and 279C. Additionally, the Board may, as provided by ORS 279, 279A.065, adopt the Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contract Rules, OAR Chapter 137 governing purchasing/ bid procedures. The Board may also adopt the Oregon Department of Administrative Services rules governing Public Contract Exemptions, OAR Chapter 125. The Board may adopt portions of those rules or adopt its own rules. A Board that creates its

E

procedure that will govern district purchasing. Consequently, the model rules adopted by the Attorney General shall not apply to the district. The district's rules may include portions of the *Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contract Rules* OAR Chapter 137, Division 046 through 049,] in effect at the time this policy is adopted. These rules govern purchasing procedures, and other matters subject to public contracting provisions of law. {⁴}

The district shall procure the construction manager/general contractor services in accordance with model rules the Attorney General adopts under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 279A.065(3).

Additionally, the Board may include as part of its rules portions of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services rules governing Public Contract Exemptions, OAR Chapter 125, Divisions 246 through 249 in effect at the time this policy is adopted.

The Board, acting as the LCRB, may enact a resolution that authorizes the district to designate a public improvement as a community benefit contract per the requirements included in ORS 279C.300 to 279C.470.

The Board will make the written findings required by law for exemptions from competitive bidding. Such findings shall be maintained by the district and made available on request.

The district shall review its rules each time the Attorney General adopts a modification of the model rules, as required by ORS 279A.065(6)(b), to determine whether any modifications need to be made to district rules to ensure compliance with statutory changes. [Modifications will be made only following review by the district's legal counsel.] New rules, as necessary, will be adopted by the Board. In the event it is unnecessary to adopt new rules, Board minutes will reflect that the review process was completed as required.

Opportunity will be provided to all responsible suppliers to do business with the district. The [business manager] will develop and maintain lists of potential vendors for various types of materials, equipment and supplies. Such lists may be used to develop a mailing list for distribution of specifications and solicitations for bids or proposals. Any supplier may be included in the list upon request.

Procurements for services estimated to be in excess of \$250,000 shall go through the cost analysis and feasibility process described in ORS 279B.

Records of bids, proposals and specifications will be kept in the district administration office and will conform with Oregon Revised Statutes and applicable records retention provisions of the *Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contract Rules*.

END OF POLICY

own LCRB but has not established its own rules of procedure for public contracts is subject to the model rules (OAR Chapter 137) adopted by the Attorney General.}

⁴ {If the Board does not establish its own rules of procedure as permitted under ORS 279A.065(5), the district is subject to the model rules adopted by the Attorney General, including all modifications to the model rules that the Attorney General may adopt.}

Legal Reference(s):

ORS Chapters [279](#), [279A](#), [279B](#) and [OAR Chapter 125](#), Divisions 246-249
[279C](#)

OR. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OR. ATT'Y GENERAL'S PUBLIC CONTRACTS MANUAL.

D

E

L

E

T

E

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: DJC-AR

Revised/Reviewed:

Special Procurements and Exemptions from Competitive Bidding

(Delete this version and consider updated version.)

SPECIAL PROCUREMENTS

The district shall submit a written request to the Board, acting as the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB), that describes the contracting procedure, the goods and services or class of goods and services that are the subject of the special procurement and circumstances that justify the use of a special procurement under the standards as follows: the special procurement is unlikely to encourage favoritism in the awarding of a public contract or to substantially diminish competition for public contracts and, (A) is reasonably expected to result in substantial cost savings to the district or to the public, or (B) otherwise substantially promote the public interest in a matter that could not practicably be realized by complying with requirements that are applicable under ORS 279B.055, 279B.060, 279B.065, 279B.070 or under any related rules. Public notice of the approval of a special procurement must be given in the same manner as provided in ORS 279B.055(4). If the district intends to award a contract through special procurements that calls for competition among prospective contractors, the district shall award the contract to the contractor it determines to be most advantageous to the district. When the LCRB approves a class special procurement the district may award contracts to acquire goods and services within the class of goods and services in accordance with the terms of the approval without making a subsequent request for a special procurement.

1. Brand Names or Products, “Or Equal,” Single Seller and Sole Source
 - a. The district may purchase brand names or products from a single seller or sole source without competitive bidding subject to the limitations of this rule.
 - b. Solicitation specifications for public contracts of the district shall not expressly or implicitly require any product of any particular manufacturer or seller except as expressly authorized in subsections c. and d. of this rule.
 - c. The district may specify a particular brand name or equal specification when the use of a brand name or equal specification is advantageous to the district, because the brand name describes the standard of quality, performance, functionality and other characteristics of the product needed by the district.
 - (1) The district is entitled to determine what constitutes a product that is equal or superior to the product specified, and any such determination is final;
 - (2) The district is not prohibited from specifying one or more comparable products as examples of the quality, performance, functionality or other characteristics of the product needed by the district;
 - (3) A brand name specification may be prepared and used only if the district determines for a solicitation or class of solicitations that only the identified brand name specification will meet the needs of the district based on one or more of the following written determinations:

D

- (a) The use of a brand name specification is unlikely to encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for public contracts; or
 - (b) Specification of the brand name, mark or product would result in cost savings to the district; or
 - (c) There is only one manufacturer or seller of the product of the quality, performance or functionality required; or
 - (d) The efficient utilization of existing goods requires the acquisition of compatible goods and services.
- d. The district may award a contract for goods or services without competition when the LCRB determines in writing that the goods or services, or the class of goods or services, are available from only one source. The determination of the source must be based upon written findings that shall include:
- (1) A brief description of the contract or contracts to be covered, including contemplated future purchases;
 - (2) Description of the product or service to be purchased; and
 - (3) The reasons the district is seeking this procurement method, which shall include any of the following:
 - (a) That the efficient utilization of existing goods requires the acquisition of compatible goods or services; or
 - (b) That the goods or services required for the exchange of software or data with other public or private agencies are available from only one source; or
 - (c) That the goods or services are for use in a pilot or an experimental project; or
 - (d) To the extent reasonably practical, the contracting agency shall negotiate with the sole source to obtain contract terms advantageous to the contracting agency.
- e. The district may specify a product or service available from only one manufacturer but available through multiple sellers after complying with subsection c. above documenting the procurement file with the following information:
- (1) If the total purchase is over \$10,000 but does not exceed \$150,000, and a comparable product or service is not available under an existing Mandatory Use Contract, the district must obtain informal competitive quotes, bids or proposals and document this process in the procurement file;
 - (2) If the purchase does not exceed \$150,000, and the supplies or services are not available under an existing price agreement for information technology with competing products or Mandatory Use Contract, the district must first request and obtain prior written authorization from the LCRB to proceed with the acquisition.
- f. If the district intends to make several purchases of brand name-specific supplies and services from a particular manufacturer or seller for a period not to exceed five years, the district must so state this in the procurement file and in the solicitation document, if any, or a public notice of a solicitation. If the total purchase amount is estimated to exceed \$150,000, this shall be stated in the advertisement for bids or proposals.

Findings of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with Law (OAR 125-247-0275)

The district shall submit a written request to the local contract review board that describes the contracting procedure, goods and services subject of the special procurement and the circumstances that justify the use of the special procurement.

- a. It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts and is reasonably expected to result in substantial cost savings to the district which could not be realized under ORS 279B.055, 279B.060, 279B.065 or 279B.070 as required by ORS 279B.085(4).
- b. Public notice of the approval must be given in the same manner as provided in ORS 279B.055(4).
- c. This rule requires the districts to make a good faith effort to determine that no other sources are available for the specified products.
- d. The district maintains open lists from which vendors are contacted for quotations and utilizes electronic means of determining new vendors on an ongoing basis.
- e. The awarding of a contract as described in this special procurement should result in substantial cost savings by virtue of the ability to reduce solicitation costs when it is known that comparable products are not available, or when specifying another product solely to meet a competition requirement might lead to lower initial cost but longer lifetime cost.
- f. When the local review board approves a class special procurement the district may award contracts to acquire goods and services within the class of goods and services in accordance with the terms of the approval without making a subsequent request for procurement.

2. Advertising Contracts, Purchase of

- a. The district may purchase advertising in any media, regardless of a dollar amount, without competitive bidding.
- b. The Board acting as the LCRB of the district must use competitive methods whenever possible to achieve best value and must document in the procurement file the reasons why a competitive process was deemed impractical and the resulting contract must be in writing.
- c. If the anticipated purchase exceeds \$10,000 and a competitive method is used, the district must post notice on the OregonBuys.gov.

Findings of Fact

The district traditionally purchases advertising in newspapers. The following findings relate primarily to newspapers and written publications; however, the district may also purchase advertising for student activities or educational programs in other media, such as radio or television, where these findings apply:

- a. By their nature, media sources are generally unique. Advertisements are placed in a particular source because of the specific audience that source serves;
- b. Competition to furnish advertising space in daily newspapers of general, trade or business circulation in the vicinity of the district is limited;
- c. Cost savings are difficult to quantify where the sources are unique and not interchangeable;
- d. Advertisements may be placed to satisfy legal notice or Board policy requirements;
- e. Other published advertisements or notices, such as routine public notices, personnel recruitment information, etc., are placed in one or more of the publications of general circulation in the local area and other publications, as appropriate;

- f. The communities served by the district rely upon its use of the local daily newspaper as a central source of news and information regarding district activities;
- g. It is unknown whether contracts for advertisements placed with radio, television or other broadcast media are going to result in cost savings if not placed for competitive bid or request for proposal (RFP). If possible savings could be obtained through competitive means, the district would attempt to obtain competitive quotes or bids, as appropriate.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

Due to limited competition and unique nature of sources, it is unlikely that this class special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. Further, any contracts awarded under this class special procurement would result in a cost savings available to the district where the district can achieve volume savings through contracts for advertising with a particular media source, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest.

3. Advertising Contracts, Sale of

The district may sell advertising for district publications and activities, regardless of a dollar amount, without competitive bidding, including school newspapers, yearbooks, athletic programs, drama or music programs and the like.

Findings of Fact

Sales of advertising for student activities are generally other fund revenues, where student groups solicit advertisements from local businesses to help with the cost of the activity itself. A common example is the sale of advertising in school newspapers and yearbooks. The circulation of the newspaper and yearbook is limited to the students, teachers, parents and interested members of the community associated with the activities of that particular school. Due to the limited circulation and audience, the businesses that participate by purchasing advertising do so partly in the spirit of good will. Any business is welcome to place an advertisement in the school newspaper or yearbook; all it needs to do is to contact any district school department which publishes one. The district itself would not achieve any increased revenue to the General Fund by seeking competitive bids or proposals for such advertising. This holds true for other student activities, such as athletics, drama or music events and the like.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

These findings indicate that it is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. Any business or individual who wishes to advertise in this manner may do so by simply contacting the student group responsible for the activity.

The sale of advertising for student activities such as school newspapers, yearbooks, athletic, drama or music programs would not benefit from competitive procurement. Such a requirement would place an unnecessary burden on the student group's activity and there is no financial advantage to the district in doing so. Consequently, the cost savings test is not an issue.

4. Equipment Repair and Overhaul

a. The district may enter into a public contract for equipment repair or overhaul without competitive bidding, subject to the following conditions:

- (1) Service or parts required are unknown and the cost cannot be determined without extensive preliminary dismantling or testing; or
- (2) Service or parts required are for sophisticated equipment for which specially trained personnel are required and such personnel are available from only one source; and
- (3) The purchase is made within the limits and pursuant to the methods in subsection b. of this rule.

b. The following limitations apply to this rule:

- (1) If the contract is less than or equal to \$150,000, the school or department shall submit in writing to the [superintendent] or designee the reasons why competitive bids or quotes are deemed to be impractical. The [superintendent] or designee will accordingly document in its procurement file and may enter directly into the contract;
- (2) If the school or department official thinks the contract may exceed \$150,000, they shall submit in writing to the [superintendent] or designee the reasons why competitive bidding is deemed to be impractical and a description of the cost savings to be obtained by a special procurement. The [superintendent] or designee may prepare a specific request for the anticipated contract to be obtained through special procurement procedures to submit to the LCRB for approval.

Findings of Fact

- a. The need for equipment repair or overhaul cannot be anticipated by district staff. If a piece of equipment is broken or not working properly, the district incurs cost of downtime, possible replacement equipment rental fees, staff time and other inconveniences or liabilities to its programs.
- b. Generally, there are a limited number of vendors who are able to perform repair or overhaul on a particular piece of equipment because of its make or manufacture. Sophisticated equipment may require specially trained personnel available from only one source. Often, a piece of equipment will have a partial warranty in place which will guarantee some savings to the district in the parts and/or labor needed to do the repair or overhaul. This warranty savings may only be achieved if the original manufacturer or provider of the equipment performs the necessary repair or overhaul.
- c. The dollar limits on the use of this special procurement procedure ensure that when the cost of the equipment repair or overhaul is expected to exceed \$150,000, the district will either seek formal competitive bids or, if that is not practical or cost effective, obtain a specific special procurement procedure from the LCRB to proceed with the purchase of the needed repair or overhaul.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement procedure will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts because the dollar limits incorporated into this special procurement when the anticipated costs exceed \$150,000, insure the district will seek formal competitive bids and proposals. If the formal process is not practical, the

district will obtain a specific exemption from the LCRB to proceed with the purchase of the needed repair or overhaul.

The awarding of public contracts under this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, as required by ORS 279B.085, because the district incurs direct and indirect costs from the moment equipment breaks down or becomes unusable. This special procurement only applies to equipment already owned by the district and does not provide for the purchase of new equipment. The district must be able to purchase necessary services and parts as quickly as possible in order to minimize equipment downtime and potential costs during that downtime.

5. Copyrighted Materials

The district may, without competitive bidding and regardless of a dollar amount, purchase copyrighted materials where there is only one known supplier available for such goods. Examples of copyrighted materials covered by this special procurement procedure may include, but are not necessarily limited to, newly adopted textbooks/instructional materials, workbooks, curriculum kits, reference materials, audio and visual media and non-mass-marketed software from a particular publisher or their designated distributor.

Findings of Fact

- a. By their nature, copyrighted materials are protected for the use of a single owner. Copyrighted materials may not be duplicated by others without the copyright owner's permission or license. Copyrights are established and regulated under federal law.
- b. Often, copyrighted materials are produced by only one supplier who may be the owner of the copyright or their licensee. Textbooks/Instructional materials are examples of copyrighted materials that the district purchases through a sole source. Textbooks/Instructional materials are adopted through a statewide process under the authority of the Oregon Department of Education. A textbook/instructional material adoption defines the various materials which the district will purchase for use in its educational programs.

The district purchases its textbooks/instructional materials through the Northwest Textbook Depository. This practice enables the regional textbook depository to purchase and warehouse textbooks/instructional materials in conformance with adoptions made in the states of their region. The result is that savings are achieved through the depository's combined purchases on behalf of member districts. Freight costs for individual districts are reduced by the bulk purchases of the depository and the depository takes on the cost of stocking and warehousing enough to meet each member district's needs.

The system of textbook/instructional materials distribution enables the district to participate in the largest possible bulk purchasing activity of adopted textbooks/instructional materials in the region. This ensures a cost savings to the district. A savings that would be jeopardized if the district was to act as an individual purchaser.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

This special procurement will not encourage favoritism or substantially diminish competition in the awarding of public contracts. The production and distribution of copyrighted materials is controlled by the owner of the copyright and may only be permitted through a sole source. The district has no control over this.

The awarding of contracts pursuant to this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district when it needs to purchase copyrighted materials and there is only one known supplier for such goods, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest.

6. Product Prequalification

- a. When specific design or performance specifications must be met or such specifications are impractical to create or reproduce for a type of product to be purchased, the district may specify a list of approved or qualified products by reference to the prequalified product(s) of particular manufacturers or vendors in accordance with the following product prequalification procedure:
 - (1) The district will make reasonable efforts to notify all known manufacturers and vendors of competing products of the district's intent to compile a list of prequalified products. The notice will explain the opportunity manufacturers and vendors of competing products will have to apply to have their product(s) included on the district's list of prequalified products. At its discretion, the district may provide notice by advertisement in a trade paper of general statewide circulation or other appropriate trade publication; or instead of advertising, the district may provide written notice to those manufacturers and vendors appearing on the appropriate list maintained by the district; and
 - (2) The district will accept manufacturer and vendor applications to include products in the district's list of prequalified products up to 15 calendar days prior to the initial advertisement for bids or proposals for the type of product to be purchased, unless otherwise specified in the advertisement or in the district's written notice.
- b. If the district denies an application for including a product on a list of prequalified products, the district shall promptly provide the applicant with a written notice of the denial and include the reason for denial. The applicant may submit a written appeal within seven calendar days to the district business manager to request review and reconsideration of the denial.

Findings of Fact

- a. There are occasions when the district needs to establish a list of prequalified products before it invites bids or proposals to furnish the products. The district may have a specific performance or design need, but it is impractical for the district to create a specification for the type of products to be purchased. An example is audiovisual equipment. There is a tremendous variety of audiovisual products offered in the market. The equipment technology is complex and constantly changing. It would be very burdensome and time consuming for the district to generate nonbrand name, generic performance specifications for such equipment every time it wants to make a purchase.

Also, competition would be poorly served because bidders and proposers would not know in advance whether their offered product would meet the general specification substantially enough to be considered a responsive offer. The decision to make an award would be slow, because each product offered would have to be analyzed against the district's specification. Slowdown in the award process affects both bidders, who are asked to hold their bids open until award is made, and district programs, because staff are not able to order the equipment they need until the contract is awarded.

D In this case, it might be more cost effective and efficient for the district to prequalify products and establish a list of approved products before invitations to bid are sent out. The prequalification process can be done some time before the need for a new contract. Once the prequalified product list is established, the bidding and contract award process can go quickly and smoothly.

- b. A second occasion when prequalification of products will be useful is when the specific design or performance specifications for a product are so exacting that the district must have time to carefully consider what is offered in the market that may or may not meet the specifications and, if necessary, reconsider its options before issuing an invitation to bid.
- c. This rule sets out a process of prequalification which requires the use of advertisement or other appropriate means to notify vendors of competing products of their opportunity to submit items for prequalification. The district maintains vendor mailing lists which are open to all interested vendors. The district uses these lists routinely to notify vendors of its intentions to prequalify products or to invite bids on products.
- d. This includes a 15-day time limit between the closure of a prequalification list and a related invitation to bid. This time factor ensures that vendors have a reasonable time to apply to include their products on a prequalified product list.
- e. Subsection b., of this rule provides vendors with an appeal process to follow if their application for prequalification is denied.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

Where prequalification of products is appropriate, it is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or diminish competition for such contracts. There are several safeguards in the rule to prevent this, including notice, advertising, time and appeal process requirements to ensure that vendors are given a fair and open opportunity to participate in the prequalification process.

The prequalification of products process is a time-consuming effort for the district. It is not a shortcut procurement method. The district would use this method only after balancing cost-saving considerations, such as the ability of the district to create or generate nonbrand name generic specifications for types of products or the need for lengthy product evaluation prior to a contract award. If the prequalification method is chosen, it will result in a cost savings to the district because the normal method of product selection is too cumbersome and costly to pursue, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest.

7. Requirements Contracts (Blanket Purchase Orders, Price Agreements)¹

- a. The business manager, on behalf of the district, may establish requirements contracts for the purposes of minimizing paperwork, achieving continuity of product, securing a source of

¹ OregonBuys.gov allows authorized members to utilize the state's price agreement/contracts to purchase goods and services. Authorized OregonBuys members can legally attach to a state price agreement and forego the competitive bid process. Access to hundreds of competitive price contracts for a wide variety of goods and services: vehicles, computers, furniture, copiers, fax machines, travel, pharmaceuticals, office products, etc., is available. Counties, cities, schools, municipalities or their public corporate entities having local governing authority, a United States governmental agency or American Indian tribe or agency are eligible to participate.

supply, reducing inventory, combining district requirements for volume discounts, standardization among school and departments and reducing lead time for ordering.

- b. The district may enter into a requirements contract (also known as a blanket purchase order or price agreement) whereby it is agreed to purchase goods or services for an anticipated need at a predetermined price or price discount from a price list, provided the contract is led by a competitive procurement process pursuant to the requirements of the public contracting code and these rules.
- c. Once a requirements contract is established, schools and departments may purchase the goods and services from the awarded contractor without first undertaking additional competitive solicitation.
- d. School and departments shall use requirements contracts established by the district, unless otherwise specified in the contract, allowed by law or these rules or specifically authorized by the [superintendent] or designee.
- e. Under the authority of ORS 279A.025 and 279B.085, the district may use the requirements contracts entered into by another Oregon public agency when:
- (1) The original contract met the requirements of public contracting code; and
 - (2) The original contract allows other public agency usage of the contract; and
 - (3) The original public contracting agency concurs and this is documented by a written interagency agreement between the district and the agency.
- f. The term of any district requirements contract, including renewals, shall not exceed five years unless otherwise permitted under the public contracting code.

Findings of Fact

- a. This rule permits the district to enter into a requirements contract, in which the vendor agrees to provide specified goods and services over the term of the contract at the bid price or discount rate. A requirements contract is useful when the purchase of the goods or services are routine and repetitive. For example, school, office, custodial and facilities maintenance supplies are customarily purchased through requirements contracts.
- b. Requirements contracts are a common method of minimizing paperwork, achieving continuity of product, securing a source of supply, reducing inventory, obtaining volume discounts, standardizing usage among schools and departments and reducing lead time for ordering.
- c. The district establishes a requirements contract as a result of open competitive bidding or RFP processes, unless otherwise permitted under the public contracting code.
- d. The district limits the term of a requirements contract, including all renewal options, to a maximum of five years before competitive rebidding must be done, unless otherwise permitted under the public contracting code.
- e. The district may use the requirements contracts established by other public agencies, subject to certain conditions of state law, Board policy and administrative regulation.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will result in favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or diminish competition for such contracts. The district will only enter into requirements contracts which result from open competitive bidding processes. This condition applies also to the use of requirements contracts established by other public contracting agencies.

The awarding of district requirements contracts will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. It would be costly and inefficient to make routine, repetitive purchases of goods and services through individual transactions. Also, the guaranteed volume of a requirements contract allows the district to get better prices from bidders.

8. Used Personal Property or Equipment, Purchase²

- a. Subject to the provisions of this rule, the district may purchase used property or equipment without obtaining competitive bids or quotes, if the district has determined that the purchase will result in cost savings to the district and will not diminish competition or encourage favoritism. “Used personal property or equipment” is property or equipment which has been placed in its intended use by a previous owner or user for a period of time recognized in the relevant trade or industry as qualifying the personal property or equipment as “used” at the time of district purchase. Used personal property or equipment generally does not include property or equipment if the district was the previous user, whether under a lease, as part of a demonstration, trial or pilot project or similar arrangement.
- b. For purchases of used personal property or equipment costing less than or equal to \$150,000, the district shall, where feasible, obtain three competitive quotes unless the district has determined and documented that a purchase without obtaining competitive quotes will result in cost savings to the district and will not diminish competition or encourage favoritism.
- c. For purchases of used personal property or equipment totaling \$150,000 or more, the district shall attempt to obtain three competitive quotes. The district will keep a written record of the source and amount of quotes received. If three quotes are not available, a written record must be made of the attempt to obtain quotes.

Findings of Fact

- a. The district is responsible to manage expenditures in the best interests of the public. Cost savings can be achieved through the procurement of used property and equipment. The district purchases used property and equipment when it meets the district’s needs and is cost effective. Considerations include type, quality, quantity and estimated useful life of the used item.
- b. Used equipment and property becomes available sporadically and without notice. Used equipment and property is generally sold on a first-come, first-served basis. When used property or equipment does become available, the district must be able to respond immediately in order to obtain the property or equipment.
- c. Some types of property or equipment may not be readily available in the new goods market. The district may have to look for used items to fill the need.
- d. Competition to provide used property and equipment may be very limited and inconsistent, depending on the type of product.
- e. The district maintains vendor lists which include information on whether a vendor provides used property or equipment. These lists are open to all vendors.

² When contracting with another governmental entity, a district has a statutory exception under ORS 279A.025. The district may purchase state/federal surplus property through the Department of Administrative Services, State Services Division for Surplus Property. For more information on this program, contact DAS at 503-378-4714.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

D It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the award of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. The purchase of used property or equipment depends on an inconsistent, sporadic market. When a used item is available, there is often little competition available. Sources for used items of the type, quality and quantity required by the district are inconsistent. This rule requires the district to attempt to obtain and document quotes as appropriate to the dollar amount of the purchase. If the anticipated purchase is over \$150,000, the district will advertise its need.

The use of this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. The cost of used equipment or property is generally substantially less than that of new. Savings of 20 percent to 50 percent are not uncommon. Used equipment can provide good value to the district and help ensure the continuation of district services and programs.

9. Information Technology Contracts

The district may enter into a contract to acquire information technology hardware and software without competitive bidding subject to the following conditions:

- a. If the contract amount does not exceed \$150,000, the district shall attempt to obtain three competitive quotes pursuant to the rules governing Intermediate Procurements. The district shall keep a written record of the sources of the quotes or proposals received. If three quotes or proposals are not reasonably available, fewer will suffice, but the district shall make a written record of the effort made to obtain the quotes or proposals.
- b. If the contract amount exceeds \$150,000, the district shall determine and use the best procurement method, pursuant to the public contracting code and these rules, and shall solicit written proposals in accordance with the requirements of the *Attorney General's Model Public Contract [and LCRB] Rules*. The district shall document the evaluation and award process, which will be part of the public record justifying the award;
- c. If the amount of the contract is estimated to exceed [\$150,000], the district shall provide proposers an opportunity to review the evaluation of their proposals before final selection is made.

Findings of Fact

- a. Rapid changes in technology make it necessary for the district to be able to purchase needed computer equipment quickly.
- b. Pricing for high-technology equipment also changes rapidly. It is frequently possible to take advantage of frequent price changes in the marketplace in the purchase of computer equipment.
- c. There is generally sufficient competition among vendors of information technology hardware and software for district business.
- d. The district will follow rules governing special procurements and obtain at least three informally solicited quotes for purchases less than or equal to \$150,000.
- e. If the district requires a brand name or sole source product, the district will follow its rule governing Brand Names or Products, "Or Equal," Single Seller and Sole Source, Section 1. under Special Procurements, to procure it.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the award of district contracts or substantially diminish competition for district contracts. The purchase of information technology hardware and software will be made in accordance with other competitive bidding rules contained in this administrative regulation. If the anticipated purchase is over \$150,000, the district will advertise its need.

The use of this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. Competition will be encouraged at all dollar levels of purchase of information technology hardware and software. This rule gives the district some flexibility in selecting the method of competitive procurement but requires adherence to the rule on brand name or sole source acquisitions if those situations occur.

10. Telecommunications Systems - Hardware and Software Contracts

- a. The district may enter into a contract to acquire telecommunications system hardware and software, without competitive bidding, subject to the following conditions:
 - (1) If the contract amount does not exceed \$150,000, the district shall attempt to obtain three competitive quotes pursuant to the rules governing Intermediate Procurements. The district shall keep a written record of the sources of the quotes or proposals received. If three quotes or proposals are not reasonably available, fewer will suffice, but the district shall make a written record of the effort made to obtain the quotes or proposals.
 - (2) If the contract amount exceeds \$150,000, the district shall determine and use the best procurement method, pursuant to the public contracting code and these rules and shall solicit written proposals in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 137, Divisions 047 and 049 of the *Attorney General's Model Public Contract [and LCRB] Rules*. The district shall document the evaluation and award process, which will be part of the public record justifying the award.
- b. The telecommunications solicitation authorized in subsection 10.a.(1) of these rules shall:
 - (1) State the contractual requirements in the solicitation document;
 - (2) State the evaluation criteria to be applied in awarding the contract and the role of any evaluation committee. Criteria that would be used to identify the proposal that best meets the district's needs may include, but are not limited to, cost, quality, service and support, compatibility, product or system reliability, vendor viability and financial stability, operating efficiency and expansion potential;
 - (3) State the provisions made for bidders or proposers to comment on any specifications which they feel limit competition.

Findings of Fact

- a. Rapid changes in technology make it necessary for the district to be able to purchase needed telecommunications hardware and software quickly.
- b. Since deregulation, there is generally adequate competition among vendors of telecommunication hardware and software to allow the district to make competitive purchases.
- c. Pricing for telecommunications hardware and software also changes frequently. It is important for the district to take advantage of price competition in the marketplace.

- d. The district will follow procedures governing special procurements and document reasonable efforts to obtain at least three informally solicited quotes for purchases over \$10,000 but less than or equal to \$150,000.
- e. If a purchase of telecommunications hardware or software is expected to cost more than \$150,000, the district will use a formal competitive bidding or proposal process in accordance with these rules and the *Attorney General's Model Public Contract [and LCRB] Rules*.
- f. There are also times when the district needs to purchase specific items that are compatible with current equipment. On these occasions, the district will follow its rule governing Brand Names or Products, "Or Equal," Single Seller and Sole Source, Section 1. under Special Procurements, to make the purchase.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. The purchase of telecommunications hardware and software will be made in accordance with other competitive bidding rules herein. If the anticipated purchase is over \$150,000, the district will advertise its need.

The use of this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. Competition will be encouraged at all dollar levels of purchase of telecommunications hardware and software. This rule gives the district some flexibility in selecting the method of competitive procurement but requires adherence to the rule on brand name or sole source acquisitions if those situations occur.

11. Telecommunications Services

- a. The district shall secure the most competitive, cost-effective telecommunications services of the quality needed to meet all service performance requirements while minimizing administrative and service delivery costs. The district will use routine purchasing procedures whenever possible, but if necessary, the district can consider alternative procurement methods in accordance with this rule.

The district will generally follow the normal competitive procurement processes in obtaining telecommunications services. This process will only be used if necessary where there is a lack of sufficient competition to furnish needed services.

- b. In determining the appropriate procurement method for telecommunications services, the district shall comply with the requirements of ORS 291.038 and determine whether competition exists. In determining whether competition exists, the district may consider the following factors:
 - (1) The extent to which alternative providers exist in the relevant geographic and service market; the greater area of [Insert Name] County;
 - (2) The extent to which alternative services offered are comparable or substitutable in technology, service provided and performance. For example, if the district requires digital services, analog services are not comparable or substitutable. If the district requires fiber optic technology, then copper, microwave or satellite transmission technology may not be comparable or substitutable;
 - (3) The extent to which alternative providers can respond to the district's interest in consistency and continuity of services throughout its service area, volume discounts,

D

equitable service for all users, centralized management and limiting district liability. For example, to be considered as the district's long-distance service provider, any long-distance service vendor must be able to meet, support and interface with the district's centralized automated billing requirements. The district must document for the record, its findings on these factors or any other factors used in determining whether competition exists. In developing its findings, the district may solicit the information either through informal telephone or written contacts or through a formal solicitation such as a RFP.

- c. If the district determines that competition does not exist in the area for the relevant service, the district may proceed to secure the service on a sole source basis, as described in the district's rule governing Brand Names or Products, "Or Equal," Single Seller and Sole Source, Section 1. under Special Procurements.

Findings of Fact

- a. Since deregulation, there is generally adequate competition among vendors of telecommunication services to allow the district to make competitive procurements.
- b. Since there is competition, price competition exists in the marketplace. It is important for the district to take advantage of existing competition.
- c. The district will follow its rules governing special procurements and document reasonable efforts to obtain at least three informally solicited quotes for purchases less than or equal to \$150,000. The district shall keep a written record of the sources of the quotes or proposals received. If three quotes or proposals are not reasonably available, fewer will suffice, but the district shall make a written record of the effort made to obtain the quotes or proposals.
- d. If a purchase of service is expected to cost more than \$150,000, the district will use a formal competitive bidding or proposal process in accordance with these rules and the *Attorney General's Model Public Contract [and LCRB] Rules*.
- e. There may be occasions where there is limited competition that can furnish telecommunications services of the quality and extent required by district operations. In such instances, the district will follow this rule and also its rule governing Brand Names or Products, "Or Equal," Single Seller and Sole Source, Section 1. under Special Procurements, to procure needed services from the sole source.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. Routinely, the purchase of telecommunications services will be made in accordance with other competitive bidding rules contained in this administrative regulation. If the anticipated purchase is over \$150,000, the district will advertise its need, issue a written solicitation document and invite written bids or proposals to be furnished in response.

There may be circumstances, however, where sufficient competition does not exist in the relevant geographic and service market area. In such cases, the district will follow this rule in determining whether sufficient competition exists to make a competitive procurement.

The use of this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. Competition will be encouraged at all dollar levels of purchase of telecommunications hardware and software. This rule gives the district some flexibility

in selecting the method of competitive procurement but requires adherence to the rule on brand name or sole source acquisitions if those situations occur. The rule also states the steps to be taken to document situations where sufficient competition may not exist and a sole source purchase needs to be made.

12. Hazardous Material Removal; Oil Cleanup

- a. The district may enter into public contracts without competitive bidding, regardless of a dollar amount, when ordered to clean up oil or hazardous waste pursuant to the authority granted to the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) under ORS Chapter 466, especially ORS 466.605 through 466.680. In exercising its authority under this exemption, the district shall:
 - (1) To the extent reasonable under the circumstances, encourage competition by attempting to make informal solicitations or to obtain informal quotes from potential suppliers of goods and services;
 - (2) Make written findings describing the circumstances that require the cleanup or maintain a copy of the DEQ order for the cleanup;
 - (3) Record the measures taken under A.1. of this rule to encourage competition, the amount of the quotes or proposals obtained, if any, and the reason for selecting the contractor to whom award is made.
- b. The district shall not contract pursuant to this special procurement in the absence of an order from the DEQ to clean up a site which includes a time limit that would not allow the district to hire a contractor under normal competitive bidding procedures. Goods and services to perform other hazardous material removal or cleanup will be purchased in accordance with normal competitive bidding procedures as described in Board policy with this administrative regulation.

Findings of Fact

- a. When the DEQ orders a public agency to remove or clean up hazardous material or oil, the public agency must respond within a very short time, which is stated in the DEQ order. This time period does not generally allow the agency to take the time necessary to solicit written bids or proposals for the work to be performed. The district would be liable for any delay in responding to DEQ orders to perform hazardous material removal or cleanup.
- b. This exemption will not be used in those situations where there is no DEQ order to remedy the situation. Routine competitive procurement methods will be used where there is no DEQ order to act immediately. The district maintains open lists of vendors who are interested in providing hazardous material removal and cleanup services. Whenever it needs hazardous material removal or disposal, the district makes use of these lists to solicit quotes, bids or proposals as needed, in addition to advertising the procurement as required.
- c. Cost savings are achieved through this exemption because the district can be liable for DEQ penalties and fines if it does not timely remove hazardous materials or oil as ordered. There is also serious risk in these situations, that property damage or personal injury could result if the district is slow to act.

Conclusions of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts as required by ORS 279B.085(3)(a). If it is under DEQ order to act immediately, the district will still attempt to obtain competitive quotes for the work to be performed as it has the ability and time to do so. Unless the district is faced with the quasi-emergency situation of a DEQ order to remove or clean up hazardous waste or oil, it will follow normal competitive procedures to obtain these services.

The award of public contracts pursuant to this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district in these situations, as required by ORS 279B.085(3)(b), because the district must comply with the law and avoid and minimize risk to persons and property. Where possible, it will seek competitive quotes for the work to be performed and will award the contract to the lowest, responsive and responsible bidder.

13. Renegotiation of Existing Contracts with Incumbent Contractors

- a. The district may amend or renegotiate contracts with existing vendors, service providers or other parties subject to the limitations of this rule.
- b. The district has determined that [value engineering,] [specialized expertise required,] [public safety] [and technical complexity], generally do not apply to this special procurement procedure.
- c. The renegotiated contract falls within a current special procurement procedure, but if not the LCRB must approve a separate special procurement.
- d. The district may renegotiate certain terms, but they must not unreasonably alter the scope of the original contract.

Findings of Fact

- a. The LCRB may amend contracts when it is in the best interest of the district. The [superintendent] and/or other designee, acting on behalf of the LCRB, may renegotiate certain provisions, including:
 - (1) Price;
 - (2) Term;
 - (3) Delivery and shipping;
 - (4) Order size;
 - (5) Substitution;
 - (6) Warranties;
 - (7) Online ordering systems;
 - (8) Price adjustments;
 - (9) Product availability;
 - (10) Product quality;
 - (11) Reporting requirements; or
 - (12) Discounts.

Any contract amendment will be supported by legal consideration when necessary to validate the amended provision.

- b. The amended terms must be within a reasonable scope of the original contract, but not fundamentally alter the agreement or nature of goods or services. Districts may, however, request functionally equivalent substitutes for goods or services in the original contract.
- c. The contract as a whole must be more favorable to the individual needs of the district to justify renegotiation. Cost may be a factor in determining what is a favorable change to the original contract, but the district may use factors other than cost that demonstrate that the amended contract is more favorable to the unique needs of the district.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

This special procurement will not encourage favoritism or substantially diminish competition in awarding public contracts because it already exists as a contract awarded in compliance with the district's special procurement and public contracting code.

The awarding of contracts under this special procurement will result in cost savings to the district when it needs to renew its original contract with vendors, service providers or other parties, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest.

EXEMPTIONS FROM COMPETITIVE BIDDING

All public contracts shall be based upon competitive bids or proposals, except the following:

1. Contracts which have been specifically exempted under ORS 279A.025 and 279C.335; and
2. Contracts covered by the class exemptions in the following set of rules developed pursuant to ORS 279C.335(2) and (5) and based on Oregon Administrative Rules, Chapter 137, Divisions 46 through 49.

The Board, acting as the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB) for the district, has made the findings required by ORS 279C.330, ORS 279C.335 and ORS 279C.345, and determined that awarding a contract under this exemption is unlikely to encourage favoritism or substantially diminish competition for the public contract and will likely result in a substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district.

In approving a finding under this section, the local contract review board shall consider the type, cost and amount of the contract and, to the extent applicable to the particular public improvement contract or class of public improvement contracts, the following:

1. How many persons are available to bid;
2. The construction budget and the projected operating costs for the completed public improvements;
3. Public benefits that may result from granting the exemption;
4. Whether value engineering techniques may decrease the cost of the public improvement;
5. The cost and availability of specialized expertise that is necessary for the public improvement;
6. Any likely increases in public safety;

7. Whether granting the exemption may reduce risks to the district or the public that are related to the public improvement;
8. Whether granting the exemption will affect the sources of funding for the public improvement;
9. Whether granting the exemption will better enable the district to control the impact that market conditions may have on the cost of and time necessary to complete the public improvement;
10. Whether granting the exemption will better enable the district to address the size and technical complexity of the public improvement;
11. Whether the public improvements involves new construction or renovates or remodels an existing structure;
12. Whether the public improvement will be occupied or unoccupied during construction;
13. Whether the public improvement will require a single phase of construction work or multiple phases of construction work to address specific project conditions; and
14. Whether the district has or has retained under contract, and will use district personnel, consultants and legal counsel that have necessary expertise and substantial experience in alternative contracting methods to assist in developing the alternative contracting method that the district will use to award the public improvement contract and to help negotiate, administer and enforce the terms of the public improvement contract.

Only these findings are required for each class or individual contract exemption, unless the LCRB specifically excludes a finding or includes an additional finding.

Promulgation of these exemptions can only occur after public notification and a public hearing to receive testimony pertaining to the draft exemptions and findings, pursuant to ORS 279C.335.

1. Brand Names or Products, “Or Equal,” Single Seller and Sole Source
 - a. The district may purchase brand names or products from a single seller or sole source without competitive bidding subject to the limitations of this rule.
 - b. The district has determined that [value engineering,] [specialized expertise required,] [public safety] [and technical complexity], generally do not apply to this exemption.
 - c. Solicitation specifications for public contracts of the district shall not expressly or implicitly require any product of any particular manufacturer or seller except as expressly authorized in subsections d. and e. of this rule.
 - d. The district may specify a particular brand name, make or product suffixed by “or equal,” “or approved equal,” “or equivalent,” “or approved equivalent” or similar language if there is no other practical method of specification after documenting the procurement file with the following:
 - (1) A brief description of the solicitation(s) to be covered, including contemplated future purchases;
 - (2) Description of the brand name, mark or product to be specified; and
 - (3) A brand name specification may be prepared and used only if the district determines for a solicitation or class of solicitations that only the identified brand name specification

will meet the needs of the district based on one or more of the following written determinations:

D

- (a) The use of the brand name specification is unlikely to encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for public contracts; or
 - (b) Specification of the brand name, mark or product would result in substantial cost savings to the district; or
 - (c) There is only one manufacturer or seller of the product of the quality, performance or functionality required; or
 - (d) The efficient utilization of existing goods requires the acquisition of compatible goods and services.
- (4) The district shall make reasonable effort to notify all known suppliers of the specified product and invite such vendors to submit competitive bids or proposals.
- e. The district may purchase a particular product or service available from only one source, after documenting the procurement file with the district's findings of current market research to support the determination that the product is available from only one seller or source. The district's findings shall include:
- (1) A brief description of the contract or contracts to be covered, including contemplated future purchases;
 - (2) Description of the product or service to be purchased; and
 - (3) The reasons the district is seeking this procurement method, which shall include any of the following:
 - (a) That the efficient utilization of existing equipment, supplies or services requires the acquisition of compatible equipment, supplies or services; or
 - (b) That the goods or services required for the exchange of software or data with other public or private agencies are available for only one source; or
 - (c) That the goods or services are for use in a pilot or an experimental project; or
 - (d) Other findings that support the conclusion that the goods or services are available from only one source.
 - (4) To the extent reasonably practical, the contracting agency shall negotiate with the sole source to obtain contract terms advantageous to the contracting agency.
- f. The district may specify a product or service available from only one manufacturer but available through multiple sellers, after documenting the procurement file with the following information:
- (1) If the total purchase is over \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000, and a comparable product or service is not available under an existing state cooperative purchasing contract, competitive quotes shall be obtained by the district and retained in the procurement file; or
 - (2) If the amount of the purchase exceeds \$100,000, the product or service shall be obtained through competitive bidding unless a specific exemption is granted by the LCRB.

- g. If the district intends to make several purchases of the product of a particular manufacturer or seller for a period not to exceed five years, the district will so state in the solicitation file and in the solicitation document, if any. Such documentation shall be sufficient notice as to subsequent purchases. If the total purchase amount is estimated to exceed \$100,000, this shall be stated in the advertisement for bids or proposals.

Findings of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this process will encourage favoritism in the award of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts, as required by ORS 279C.335 (2)(a).

This class exemption applies only to contracts under a limited dollar amount, and then, only after efforts to obtain competitive quotes are made, or other methods have been employed to ensure that competitive means are used if available. The district maintains open lists from which vendors are contracted for quotations. In addition, as required by ORS 279C.335 (2)(b) award of a public contract subject to the above described exemption should likely result in substantial cost savings or other substantial benefits to the district by virtue of the ability to reduce solicitation costs when it is known that comparable products are not available, or when specifying another product solely to meet a competition requirement might lead to lower initial cost but longer lifetime cost.

2. Product Prequalification

- a. When specific design or performance specifications must be met or such specifications are impractical to create or reproduce for a type of product to be purchased, the district may specify a list of approved or qualified products by reference to the prequalified product(s) of particular manufacturers or vendors in accordance with the following product prequalification procedure:
- (1) The district will make reasonable efforts to notify all known manufacturers and vendors of competing products of the district's intent to compile a list of prequalified products. The notice will explain the opportunity manufacturers and vendors of competing products will have to apply to have their product(s) included on the district's list of prequalified products. At its discretion, the district may provide notice by advertisement in a trade paper of general statewide circulation or other appropriate trade publication; or instead of advertising, the district may provide written notice to those manufacturers and vendors appearing on the appropriate list maintained by the district; and
 - (2) The district will accept manufacturer and vendor applications to include products in the district's list of prequalified products up to 15 calendar days prior to the initial advertisement for bids or proposals for the type of product to be purchased, unless otherwise specified in the advertisement or in the district's written notice.
- b. The district has determined that special expertise required, generally, does not apply to this rule.
- c. If the district denies an application for inclusion of a product on its list of prequalified products, the district shall promptly provide the applicant with a written notice of the denial and include the reason for denial. The applicant may submit a written appeal within [7] calendar days to the district business manager to request review and reconsideration of the denial.

Findings of Fact

- D** a. There are occasions when the district needs to establish a list of prequalified products before it invites bids or proposals to furnish the products. The district may have a specific performance or design need, but it is impractical for the district to create a specification for the type of products to be purchased. An example is audiovisual equipment. There is a tremendous variety of audiovisual products offered in the market. The equipment technology is complex and constantly changing. It would be very burdensome and time consuming for the district to generate nonbrand name, generic performance specifications for such equipment every time it wants to make a purchase.

Also, competition would be poorly served because bidders and proposers would not know in advance whether their offered product would meet the general specification substantially enough to be considered a responsive offer. The decision to make an award would be slow, because each product offered would have to be analyzed against the district's specification. Slowdown in the award process affects both bidders, who are asked to hold their bids open until award is made, and district programs, because staff are not able to order the equipment they need until the contract is awarded.

In this case, it might be more cost effective and efficient for the district to prequalify products and establish a list of approved products before invitations to bid are sent out. The prequalification process can be done some time before the need for a new contract. Once the prequalified product list is established, the bidding and contract award process can go quickly and smoothly.

- b. A second occasion when prequalification of products will be useful is when the specific design or performance specifications for a product are so exacting that the district must have time to carefully consider what is offered in the market that may or may not meet the specifications and, if necessary, reconsider its options before issuing an invitation to bid.
- c. This rule sets out a process of prequalification which requires the use of advertisement or other appropriate means to notify vendors of competing products of their opportunity to submit items for prequalification. The district maintains vendor mailing lists which are open to all interested vendors. The district uses these lists routinely to notify vendors of its intentions to prequalify products or to invite bids on products.
- d. This includes a 15-day time limit between the closure of a prequalification list and a related invitation to bid. This time factor ensures that vendors have a reasonable time to apply to include their products on a prequalified product list.
- e. Subsection c. of this rule provides vendors with an appeal process to follow if their application for prequalification is denied.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

Where prequalification of products is appropriate, it is unlikely that this exemption will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or diminish competition for such contracts as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(a). There are several safeguards in the rule to prevent this, including notice, advertising, time and appeal process requirements to ensure that vendors are given a fair and open opportunity to participate in the prequalification process.

The prequalification of products process is a time-consuming effort for the district. It is not a shortcut procurement method. The district would use this method only after balancing cost-saving

considerations, such as the ability of the district to create or generate nonbrand name generic specifications for types of products or the need for lengthy product evaluation prior to a contract award. If the prequalification method is chosen, it will likely result in a substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district as required by ORS 279C.335 (2)(b) because the normal method of product selection is too cumbersome and costly to pursue.

3. Requirements Contracts (Blanket Purchase Orders, Price)³

- a. The business manager, on behalf of the district, may establish requirements contracts for the purposes of minimizing paperwork, achieving continuity of product, securing a source of supply, reducing inventory, combining district requirements for volume discounts, standardization among schools and departments and reducing lead time for ordering.
- b. The district has determined that [value engineering,] [specialized expertise required] [and technical complexity,] generally, do not apply to this rule.
- c. The district may enter into a requirements contract (also known as a blanket purchase order or price agreement) whereby it is agreed to purchase goods or services for an anticipated need at a predetermined price or price discount from a price list, provided the contract is let by a competitive procurement process pursuant to the requirements of the public contracting code and these rules.
- d. Once a requirements contract is established, schools and departments may purchase the goods and services from the awarded contractor without first undertaking additional competitive solicitation.
- e. Schools and departments shall use requirements contracts established by the district, unless otherwise specified in the contract, allowed by law or these rules or specifically authorized by the [superintendent] or designee.
- f. Under the authority of ORS 279A.025 and 279C.335, the district may use the requirements contracts entered into by another Oregon public agency when:
 - (1) The original contract met the requirements of the public contracting code; and
 - (2) The original contract allows other public agency usage of the contract; and
 - (3) The original public contracting agency concurs, and this is documented by a written interagency agreement between the district and the agency.
- g. The term of any district requirements contract, including renewals, shall not exceed five years unless otherwise exempted pursuant to ORS 279C.335.

Findings of Fact

- a. This rule permits the district to enter into requirements contracts, in which the vendor agrees to provide specified goods and services over the term of the contract at the bid price or discount rate. A requirements contract is useful when the purchase of the goods or services are routine and repetitive. For example, school, building, office, custodial and facilities maintenance supplies are customarily purchased through requirements contracts.
- b. Requirements contracts are a common method of minimizing paperwork, achieving continuity of product, securing a source of supply, reducing inventory, obtaining volume discounts,

³ The OregonBuys.gov allows authorized members to utilize the state's price agreement/contracts to purchase goods and services. Authorized OregonBuys members can legally attach to a state price agreement and forego the competitive bid process. Access to hundreds of competitive price contracts for a wide variety of goods and services: vehicles, computers, furniture, copiers, fax machines, travel, pharmaceuticals, office products, etc., is available.

standardizing usage among schools, buildings and departments and reducing lead time for ordering.

- c. The district establishes requirements contracts as a result of open competitive bidding or RFP processes, unless otherwise exempted.
- d. The district limits the term of a requirements contract, including all renewal options, to a maximum of five years before competitive rebidding must be done, unless otherwise exempted.
- e. The district may use the requirements contracts established by other public agencies, subject to certain conditions of state law, Board policy and administrative regulation.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this exemption will result in favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or diminish competition for such contracts, as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(a). The district will only enter into requirements contracts which result from open competitive bidding processes. This condition applies also to the use of requirements contracts established by other public contracting agencies.

The awarding of district requirements contracts will likely result in a substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district, as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(b). It would be costly and inefficient to make routine, repetitive purchases of goods and services through individual transactions. Also, the guaranteed volume of a requirements contract allows the district to get better prices from bidders.

4. Waiver of Bid Security Requirements (Public Improvement Contracts under \$100,000)

The LCRB may, at its discretion, waive the bid security requirements of ORS 279C.390, if the amount of the contract for the public improvement is less than \$100,000. Although the bid security requirements of ORS 279C.390 are waived for public improvement contracts under \$100,000, the district may impose a bid or quote security requirements for projects under \$100,000, when deemed to be in the best interest of the district.

Findings of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with Law

This rule allows the LCRB to waive bid security requirements for certain public improvement contracts. Waiver of the bid security is provided for by statute without a requirement for findings.

5. Waiver of Performance and Payment Security Requirements (Public Improvement Contracts under \$100,000)

The LCRB may, at its discretion, waive the performance/payment security requirements of ORS 279C.390 if the amount of the contract for the public improvement is less than \$100,000. Although the performance/payment security requirements of ORS 279C.390 are waived for public improvement contracts less than \$100,000, the district may impose a performance/payment security requirement for projects less than \$100,000 when deemed to be in the best interest of the district.

Findings of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with Law

This rule allows the LCRB to waive performance/payment security requirements for certain public improvement contracts. Waiver of the performance/payment security is provided for by statute without a requirement for findings.

6. Projects with Complex Systems or Components

- a. For contracts for public improvements with significant components that are inherently complex and are also complex to procure through competitive bid, the district may, at its discretion, use RFP competitive procurement methods subject to the conditions described in ORS 279C.400 and conditions enumerated in this exemption.
- b. **Definitions.** For purposes of this exemption only: “Complex Systems” are defined as those systems which incorporate the procurement of materials or other components which are difficult, if not impossible, to create in an “equal” specifications basis for competitive bid. Examples of such systems include but are not limited to, contracts for supplying and installing computerized controls for building heating, venting, air conditioning systems; and contracts for artificial surface outdoor multipurpose athletic fields. “Significant” is intended to mean something more than de minimus, but not necessarily the majority of the project as determined by cost.

Finding of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with the Law

It is unlikely that this exemption will encourage favoritism in the awarding of the public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(a). Contracts for public improvements occasionally incorporate the procurement of systems, materials, or other components (complex systems) for which it is extremely difficult to design bid specifications. In these situations, utilization of a RFP process where each of the systems can be evaluated utilizing a number of factors, in addition to price, will likely result in substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(b).

ORS 279C.400 enumerates how RFP’s are to be used if authorized by the LCRB. These criteria, ensures that competitive means will be used, and selection will be fair and impartial. As a result, it is unlikely that this process will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(a). The awarding of contracts pursuant to this process will result in optimal value to the district based on selection by the district of the best competitive proposal that meets the stated evaluative criteria.

This class exemption is intended to be used for the types of procurements describe in the findings, where the specific system, materials or components represent a significant portion of the project. This class exemption is not intended to be used for construction manager/general contractor (CM/GC) projects or other methods of alternative procurement unless these projects meet the requirements of this class exemption. The CM/GC and others, not meeting the requirements of this class exemption, may still be procured by RFP, provided that a project or contract specific exemption is promulgated by the LCRB.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: DJC-AR

Revised/Reviewed:

Special Procurements and Exemptions from Competitive Bidding

(Delete this version and consider updated version.)

SPECIAL PROCUREMENTS

The district shall submit a written request to the Board, acting as the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB), that describes the contracting procedure, the goods and services or class of goods and services that are the subject of the special procurement and circumstances that justify the use of a special procurement under the standards as follows: the special procurement is unlikely to encourage favoritism in the awarding of a public contract or to substantially diminish competition for public contracts and, (A) is reasonably expected to result in substantial cost savings to the district or to the public, or (B) otherwise substantially promote the public interest in a matter that could not practicably be realized by complying with requirements that are applicable under ORS 279B.055, 279B.060, 279B.065, 279B.070 or under any related rules. Public notice of the approval of a special procurement must be given in the same manner as provided in ORS 279B.055(4). If the district intends to award a contract through special procurements that calls for competition among prospective contractors, the district shall award the contract to the contractor it determines to be most advantageous to the district. When the LCRB approves a class special procurement the district may award contracts to acquire goods and services within the class of goods and services in accordance with the terms of the approval without making a subsequent request for a special procurement.

1. Brand Names or Products, “Or Equal,” Single Seller and Sole Source
 - a. The district may purchase brand names or products from a single seller or sole source without competitive bidding subject to the limitations of this rule.
 - b. Solicitation specifications for public contracts of the district shall not expressly or implicitly require any product of any particular manufacturer or seller except as expressly authorized in subsections c. and d. of this rule.
 - c. The district may specify a particular brand name or equal specification when the use of a brand name or equal specification is advantageous to the district, because the brand name describes the standard of quality, performance, functionality and other characteristics of the product needed by the district.
 - (1) The district is entitled to determine what constitutes a product that is equal or superior to the product specified, and any such determination is final;
 - (2) The district is not prohibited from specifying one or more comparable products as examples of the quality, performance, functionality or other characteristics of the product needed by the district;
 - (3) A brand name specification may be prepared and used only if the district determines for a solicitation or class of solicitations that only the identified brand name specification will meet the needs of the district based on one or more of the following written determinations:

D

- (a) The use of a brand name specification is unlikely to encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for public contracts; or
 - (b) Specification of the brand name, mark or product would result in cost savings to the district; or
 - (c) There is only one manufacturer or seller of the product of the quality, performance or functionality required; or
 - (d) The efficient utilization of existing goods requires the acquisition of compatible goods and services.
- d. The district may award a contract for goods or services without competition when the LCRB determines in writing that the goods or services, or the class of goods or services, are available from only one source. The determination of the source must be based upon written findings that shall include:
 - (1) A brief description of the contract or contracts to be covered, including contemplated future purchases;
 - (2) Description of the product or service to be purchased; and
 - (3) The reasons the district is seeking this procurement method, which shall include any of the following:
 - (a) That the efficient utilization of existing goods requires the acquisition of compatible goods or services; or
 - (b) That the goods or services required for the exchange of software or data with other public or private agencies are available from only one source; or
 - (c) That the goods or services are for use in a pilot or an experimental project; or
 - (d) To the extent reasonably practical, the contracting agency shall negotiate with the sole source to obtain contract terms advantageous to the contracting agency.
- e. The district may specify a product or service available from only one manufacturer but available through multiple sellers after complying with subsection c. above documenting the procurement file with the following information:
 - (1) If the total purchase is over \$10,000 but does not exceed \$150,000, and a comparable product or service is not available under an existing Mandatory Use Contract, the district must obtain informal competitive quotes, bids or proposals and document this process in the procurement file;
 - (2) If the purchase does not exceed \$150,000, and the supplies or services are not available under an existing price agreement for information technology with competing products or Mandatory Use Contract, the district must first request and obtain prior written authorization from the LCRB to proceed with the acquisition.
- f. If the district intends to make several purchases of brand name-specific supplies and services from a particular manufacturer or seller for a period not to exceed five years, the district must so state this in the procurement file and in the solicitation document, if any, or a public notice of a solicitation. If the total purchase amount is estimated to exceed \$150,000, this shall be stated in the advertisement for bids or proposals.

Findings of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with Law (OAR 125-247-0275)

The district shall submit a written request to the local contract review board that describes the contracting procedure, goods and services subject of the special procurement and the circumstances that justify the use of the special procurement.

- a. It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts and is reasonably expected to result in substantial cost savings to the district which could not be realized under ORS 279B.055, 279B.060, 279B.065 or 279B.070 as required by ORS 279B.085(4).
- b. Public notice of the approval must be given in the same manner as provided in ORS 279B.055(4).
- c. This rule requires the districts to make a good faith effort to determine that no other sources are available for the specified products.
- d. The district maintains open lists from which vendors are contacted for quotations and utilizes electronic means of determining new vendors on an ongoing basis.
- e. The awarding of a contract as described in this special procurement should result in substantial cost savings by virtue of the ability to reduce solicitation costs when it is known that comparable products are not available, or when specifying another product solely to meet a competition requirement might lead to lower initial cost but longer lifetime cost.
- f. When the local review board approves a class special procurement the district may award contracts to acquire goods and services within the class of goods and services in accordance with the terms of the approval without making a subsequent request for procurement.

2. Advertising Contracts, Purchase of

- a. The district may purchase advertising in any media, regardless of a dollar amount, without competitive bidding.
- b. The Board acting as the LCRB of the district must use competitive methods whenever possible to achieve best value and must document in the procurement file the reasons why a competitive process was deemed impractical and the resulting contract must be in writing.
- c. If the anticipated purchase exceeds \$10,000 and a competitive method is used, the district must post notice on the OregonBuys.gov.

Findings of Fact

The district traditionally purchases advertising in newspapers. The following findings relate primarily to newspapers and written publications; however, the district may also purchase advertising for student activities or educational programs in other media, such as radio or television, where these findings apply:

- a. By their nature, media sources are generally unique. Advertisements are placed in a particular source because of the specific audience that source serves;
- b. Competition to furnish advertising space in daily newspapers of general, trade or business circulation in the vicinity of the district is limited;
- c. Cost savings are difficult to quantify where the sources are unique and not interchangeable;
- d. Advertisements may be placed to satisfy legal notice or Board policy requirements;
- e. Other published advertisements or notices, such as routine public notices, personnel recruitment information, etc., are placed in one or more of the publications of general circulation in the local area and other publications, as appropriate;

- f. The communities served by the district rely upon its use of the local daily newspaper as a central source of news and information regarding district activities;
- g. It is unknown whether contracts for advertisements placed with radio, television or other broadcast media are going to result in cost savings if not placed for competitive bid or request for proposal (RFP). If possible savings could be obtained through competitive means, the district would attempt to obtain competitive quotes or bids, as appropriate.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

Due to limited competition and unique nature of sources, it is unlikely that this class special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. Further, any contracts awarded under this class special procurement would result in a cost savings available to the district where the district can achieve volume savings through contracts for advertising with a particular media source, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest.

3. Advertising Contracts, Sale of

The district may sell advertising for district publications and activities, regardless of a dollar amount, without competitive bidding, including school newspapers, yearbooks, athletic programs, drama or music programs and the like.

Findings of Fact

Sales of advertising for student activities are generally other fund revenues, where student groups solicit advertisements from local businesses to help with the cost of the activity itself. A common example is the sale of advertising in school newspapers and yearbooks. The circulation of the newspaper and yearbook is limited to the students, teachers, parents and interested members of the community associated with the activities of that particular school. Due to the limited circulation and audience, the businesses that participate by purchasing advertising do so partly in the spirit of good will. Any business is welcome to place an advertisement in the school newspaper or yearbook; all it needs to do is to contact any district school department which publishes one. The district itself would not achieve any increased revenue to the General Fund by seeking competitive bids or proposals for such advertising. This holds true for other student activities, such as athletics, drama or music events and the like.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

These findings indicate that it is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. Any business or individual who wishes to advertise in this manner may do so by simply contacting the student group responsible for the activity.

The sale of advertising for student activities such as school newspapers, yearbooks, athletic, drama or music programs would not benefit from competitive procurement. Such a requirement would place an unnecessary burden on the student group's activity and there is no financial advantage to the district in doing so. Consequently, the cost savings test is not an issue.

4. Equipment Repair and Overhaul

a. The district may enter into a public contract for equipment repair or overhaul without competitive bidding, subject to the following conditions:

- (1) Service or parts required are unknown and the cost cannot be determined without extensive preliminary dismantling or testing; or
- (2) Service or parts required are for sophisticated equipment for which specially trained personnel are required and such personnel are available from only one source; and
- (3) The purchase is made within the limits and pursuant to the methods in subsection b. of this rule.

b. The following limitations apply to this rule:

- (1) If the contract is less than or equal to \$150,000, the school or department shall submit in writing to the [superintendent] or designee the reasons why competitive bids or quotes are deemed to be impractical. The [superintendent] or designee will accordingly document in its procurement file and may enter directly into the contract;
- (2) If the school or department official thinks the contract may exceed \$150,000, they shall submit in writing to the [superintendent] or designee the reasons why competitive bidding is deemed to be impractical and a description of the cost savings to be obtained by a special procurement. The [superintendent] or designee may prepare a specific request for the anticipated contract to be obtained through special procurement procedures to submit to the LCRB for approval.

Findings of Fact

- a. The need for equipment repair or overhaul cannot be anticipated by district staff. If a piece of equipment is broken or not working properly, the district incurs cost of downtime, possible replacement equipment rental fees, staff time and other inconveniences or liabilities to its programs.
- b. Generally, there are a limited number of vendors who are able to perform repair or overhaul on a particular piece of equipment because of its make or manufacture. Sophisticated equipment may require specially trained personnel available from only one source. Often, a piece of equipment will have a partial warranty in place which will guarantee some savings to the district in the parts and/or labor needed to do the repair or overhaul. This warranty savings may only be achieved if the original manufacturer or provider of the equipment performs the necessary repair or overhaul.
- c. The dollar limits on the use of this special procurement procedure ensure that when the cost of the equipment repair or overhaul is expected to exceed \$150,000, the district will either seek formal competitive bids or, if that is not practical or cost effective, obtain a specific special procurement procedure from the LCRB to proceed with the purchase of the needed repair or overhaul.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement procedure will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts because the dollar limits incorporated into this special procurement when the anticipated costs exceed \$150,000, insure the district will seek formal competitive bids and proposals. If the formal process is not practical, the

district will obtain a specific exemption from the LCRB to proceed with the purchase of the needed repair or overhaul.

The awarding of public contracts under this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, as required by ORS 279B.085, because the district incurs direct and indirect costs from the moment equipment breaks down or becomes unusable. This special procurement only applies to equipment already owned by the district and does not provide for the purchase of new equipment. The district must be able to purchase necessary services and parts as quickly as possible in order to minimize equipment downtime and potential costs during that downtime.

5. Copyrighted Materials

The district may, without competitive bidding and regardless of a dollar amount, purchase copyrighted materials where there is only one known supplier available for such goods. Examples of copyrighted materials covered by this special procurement procedure may include, but are not necessarily limited to, newly adopted textbooks/instructional materials, workbooks, curriculum kits, reference materials, audio and visual media and non-mass-marketed software from a particular publisher or their designated distributor.

Findings of Fact

- a. By their nature, copyrighted materials are protected for the use of a single owner. Copyrighted materials may not be duplicated by others without the copyright owner's permission or license. Copyrights are established and regulated under federal law.
- b. Often, copyrighted materials are produced by only one supplier who may be the owner of the copyright or their licensee. Textbooks/Instructional materials are examples of copyrighted materials that the district purchases through a sole source. Textbooks/Instructional materials are adopted through a statewide process under the authority of the Oregon Department of Education. A textbook/instructional material adoption defines the various materials which the district will purchase for use in its educational programs.

The district purchases its textbooks/instructional materials through the Northwest Textbook Depository. This practice enables the regional textbook depository to purchase and warehouse textbooks/instructional materials in conformance with adoptions made in the states of their region. The result is that savings are achieved through the depository's combined purchases on behalf of member districts. Freight costs for individual districts are reduced by the bulk purchases of the depository and the depository takes on the cost of stocking and warehousing enough to meet each member district's needs.

The system of textbook/instructional materials distribution enables the district to participate in the largest possible bulk purchasing activity of adopted textbooks/instructional materials in the region. This ensures a cost savings to the district. A savings that would be jeopardized if the district was to act as an individual purchaser.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

This special procurement will not encourage favoritism or substantially diminish competition in the awarding of public contracts. The production and distribution of copyrighted materials is controlled by the owner of the copyright and may only be permitted through a sole source. The district has no control over this.

The awarding of contracts pursuant to this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district when it needs to purchase copyrighted materials and there is only one known supplier for such goods, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest.

6. Product Prequalification

- a. When specific design or performance specifications must be met or such specifications are impractical to create or reproduce for a type of product to be purchased, the district may specify a list of approved or qualified products by reference to the prequalified product(s) of particular manufacturers or vendors in accordance with the following product prequalification procedure:
 - (1) The district will make reasonable efforts to notify all known manufacturers and vendors of competing products of the district's intent to compile a list of prequalified products. The notice will explain the opportunity manufacturers and vendors of competing products will have to apply to have their product(s) included on the district's list of prequalified products. At its discretion, the district may provide notice by advertisement in a trade paper of general statewide circulation or other appropriate trade publication; or instead of advertising, the district may provide written notice to those manufacturers and vendors appearing on the appropriate list maintained by the district; and
 - (2) The district will accept manufacturer and vendor applications to include products in the district's list of prequalified products up to 15 calendar days prior to the initial advertisement for bids or proposals for the type of product to be purchased, unless otherwise specified in the advertisement or in the district's written notice.
- b. If the district denies an application for including a product on a list of prequalified products, the district shall promptly provide the applicant with a written notice of the denial and include the reason for denial. The applicant may submit a written appeal within seven calendar days to the district business manager to request review and reconsideration of the denial.

Findings of Fact

- a. There are occasions when the district needs to establish a list of prequalified products before it invites bids or proposals to furnish the products. The district may have a specific performance or design need, but it is impractical for the district to create a specification for the type of products to be purchased. An example is audiovisual equipment. There is a tremendous variety of audiovisual products offered in the market. The equipment technology is complex and constantly changing. It would be very burdensome and time consuming for the district to generate nonbrand name, generic performance specifications for such equipment every time it wants to make a purchase.

Also, competition would be poorly served because bidders and proposers would not know in advance whether their offered product would meet the general specification substantially enough to be considered a responsive offer. The decision to make an award would be slow, because each product offered would have to be analyzed against the district's specification. Slowdown in the award process affects both bidders, who are asked to hold their bids open until award is made, and district programs, because staff are not able to order the equipment they need until the contract is awarded.

D In this case, it might be more cost effective and efficient for the district to prequalify products and establish a list of approved products before invitations to bid are sent out. The prequalification process can be done some time before the need for a new contract. Once the prequalified product list is established, the bidding and contract award process can go quickly and smoothly.

- b. A second occasion when prequalification of products will be useful is when the specific design or performance specifications for a product are so exacting that the district must have time to carefully consider what is offered in the market that may or may not meet the specifications and, if necessary, reconsider its options before issuing an invitation to bid.
- c. This rule sets out a process of prequalification which requires the use of advertisement or other appropriate means to notify vendors of competing products of their opportunity to submit items for prequalification. The district maintains vendor mailing lists which are open to all interested vendors. The district uses these lists routinely to notify vendors of its intentions to prequalify products or to invite bids on products.
- d. This includes a 15-day time limit between the closure of a prequalification list and a related invitation to bid. This time factor ensures that vendors have a reasonable time to apply to include their products on a prequalified product list.
- e. Subsection b., of this rule provides vendors with an appeal process to follow if their application for prequalification is denied.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

Where prequalification of products is appropriate, it is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or diminish competition for such contracts. There are several safeguards in the rule to prevent this, including notice, advertising, time and appeal process requirements to ensure that vendors are given a fair and open opportunity to participate in the prequalification process.

The prequalification of products process is a time-consuming effort for the district. It is not a shortcut procurement method. The district would use this method only after balancing cost-saving considerations, such as the ability of the district to create or generate nonbrand name generic specifications for types of products or the need for lengthy product evaluation prior to a contract award. If the prequalification method is chosen, it will result in a cost savings to the district because the normal method of product selection is too cumbersome and costly to pursue, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest.

7. Requirements Contracts (Blanket Purchase Orders, Price Agreements)¹

- a. The business manager, on behalf of the district, may establish requirements contracts for the purposes of minimizing paperwork, achieving continuity of product, securing a source of

¹ OregonBuys.gov allows authorized members to utilize the state's price agreement/contracts to purchase goods and services. Authorized OregonBuys members can legally attach to a state price agreement and forego the competitive bid process. Access to hundreds of competitive price contracts for a wide variety of goods and services: vehicles, computers, furniture, copiers, fax machines, travel, pharmaceuticals, office products, etc., is available. Counties, cities, schools, municipalities or their public corporate entities having local governing authority, a United States governmental agency or American Indian tribe or agency are eligible to participate.

supply, reducing inventory, combining district requirements for volume discounts, standardization among school and departments and reducing lead time for ordering.

- D**
- b. The district may enter into a requirements contract (also known as a blanket purchase order or price agreement) whereby it is agreed to purchase goods or services for an anticipated need at a predetermined price or price discount from a price list, provided the contract is led by a competitive procurement process pursuant to the requirements of the public contracting code and these rules.
 - c. Once a requirements contract is established, schools and departments may purchase the goods and services from the awarded contractor without first undertaking additional competitive solicitation.
 - d. School and departments shall use requirements contracts established by the district, unless otherwise specified in the contract, allowed by law or these rules or specifically authorized by the [superintendent] or designee.
 - e. Under the authority of ORS 279A.025 and 279B.085, the district may use the requirements contracts entered into by another Oregon public agency when:
 - (1) The original contract met the requirements of public contracting code; and
 - (2) The original contract allows other public agency usage of the contract; and
 - (3) The original public contracting agency concurs and this is documented by a written interagency agreement between the district and the agency.
 - f. The term of any district requirements contract, including renewals, shall not exceed five years unless otherwise permitted under the public contracting code.

Findings of Fact

- a. This rule permits the district to enter into a requirements contract, in which the vendor agrees to provide specified goods and services over the term of the contract at the bid price or discount rate. A requirements contract is useful when the purchase of the goods or services are routine and repetitive. For example, school, office, custodial and facilities maintenance supplies are customarily purchased through requirements contracts.
- b. Requirements contracts are a common method of minimizing paperwork, achieving continuity of product, securing a source of supply, reducing inventory, obtaining volume discounts, standardizing usage among schools and departments and reducing lead time for ordering.
- c. The district establishes a requirements contract as a result of open competitive bidding or RFP processes, unless otherwise permitted under the public contracting code.
- d. The district limits the term of a requirements contract, including all renewal options, to a maximum of five years before competitive rebidding must be done, unless otherwise permitted under the public contracting code.
- e. The district may use the requirements contracts established by other public agencies, subject to certain conditions of state law, Board policy and administrative regulation.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

E

It is unlikely that this special procurement will result in favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or diminish competition for such contracts. The district will only enter into requirements contracts which result from open competitive bidding processes. This condition applies also to the use of requirements contracts established by other public contracting agencies.

The awarding of district requirements contracts will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. It would be costly and inefficient to make routine, repetitive purchases of goods and services through individual transactions. Also, the guaranteed volume of a requirements contract allows the district to get better prices from bidders.

8. Used Personal Property or Equipment, Purchase²

- a. Subject to the provisions of this rule, the district may purchase used property or equipment without obtaining competitive bids or quotes, if the district has determined that the purchase will result in cost savings to the district and will not diminish competition or encourage favoritism. “Used personal property or equipment” is property or equipment which has been placed in its intended use by a previous owner or user for a period of time recognized in the relevant trade or industry as qualifying the personal property or equipment as “used” at the time of district purchase. Used personal property or equipment generally does not include property or equipment if the district was the previous user, whether under a lease, as part of a demonstration, trial or pilot project or similar arrangement.
- b. For purchases of used personal property or equipment costing less than or equal to \$150,000, the district shall, where feasible, obtain three competitive quotes unless the district has determined and documented that a purchase without obtaining competitive quotes will result in cost savings to the district and will not diminish competition or encourage favoritism.
- c. For purchases of used personal property or equipment totaling \$150,000 or more, the district shall attempt to obtain three competitive quotes. The district will keep a written record of the source and amount of quotes received. If three quotes are not available, a written record must be made of the attempt to obtain quotes.

Findings of Fact

- a. The district is responsible to manage expenditures in the best interests of the public. Cost savings can be achieved through the procurement of used property and equipment. The district purchases used property and equipment when it meets the district’s needs and is cost effective. Considerations include type, quality, quantity and estimated useful life of the used item.
- b. Used equipment and property becomes available sporadically and without notice. Used equipment and property is generally sold on a first-come, first-served basis. When used property or equipment does become available, the district must be able to respond immediately in order to obtain the property or equipment.
- c. Some types of property or equipment may not be readily available in the new goods market. The district may have to look for used items to fill the need.
- d. Competition to provide used property and equipment may be very limited and inconsistent, depending on the type of product.
- e. The district maintains vendor lists which include information on whether a vendor provides used property or equipment. These lists are open to all vendors.

² When contracting with another governmental entity, a district has a statutory exception under ORS 279A.025. The district may purchase state/federal surplus property through the Department of Administrative Services, State Services Division for Surplus Property. For more information on this program, contact DAS at 503-378-4714.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

D It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the award of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. The purchase of used property or equipment depends on an inconsistent, sporadic market. When a used item is available, there is often little competition available. Sources for used items of the type, quality and quantity required by the district are inconsistent. This rule requires the district to attempt to obtain and document quotes as appropriate to the dollar amount of the purchase. If the anticipated purchase is over \$150,000, the district will advertise its need.

The use of this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. The cost of used equipment or property is generally substantially less than that of new. Savings of 20 percent to 50 percent are not uncommon. Used equipment can provide good value to the district and help ensure the continuation of district services and programs.

9. Information Technology Contracts

The district may enter into a contract to acquire information technology hardware and software without competitive bidding subject to the following conditions:

- a. If the contract amount does not exceed \$150,000, the district shall attempt to obtain three competitive quotes pursuant to the rules governing Intermediate Procurements. The district shall keep a written record of the sources of the quotes or proposals received. If three quotes or proposals are not reasonably available, fewer will suffice, but the district shall make a written record of the effort made to obtain the quotes or proposals.
- b. If the contract amount exceeds \$150,000, the district shall determine and use the best procurement method, pursuant to the public contracting code and these rules, and shall solicit written proposals in accordance with the requirements of the *Attorney General's Model Public Contract [and LCRB] Rules*. The district shall document the evaluation and award process, which will be part of the public record justifying the award;
- c. If the amount of the contract is estimated to exceed [\$150,000], the district shall provide proposers an opportunity to review the evaluation of their proposals before final selection is made.

Findings of Fact

- a. Rapid changes in technology make it necessary for the district to be able to purchase needed computer equipment quickly.
- b. Pricing for high-technology equipment also changes rapidly. It is frequently possible to take advantage of frequent price changes in the marketplace in the purchase of computer equipment.
- c. There is generally sufficient competition among vendors of information technology hardware and software for district business.
- d. The district will follow rules governing special procurements and obtain at least three informally solicited quotes for purchases less than or equal to \$150,000.
- e. If the district requires a brand name or sole source product, the district will follow its rule governing Brand Names or Products, "Or Equal," Single Seller and Sole Source, Section 1. under Special Procurements, to procure it.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the award of district contracts or substantially diminish competition for district contracts. The purchase of information technology hardware and software will be made in accordance with other competitive bidding rules contained in this administrative regulation. If the anticipated purchase is over \$150,000, the district will advertise its need.

The use of this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. Competition will be encouraged at all dollar levels of purchase of information technology hardware and software. This rule gives the district some flexibility in selecting the method of competitive procurement but requires adherence to the rule on brand name or sole source acquisitions if those situations occur.

10. Telecommunications Systems - Hardware and Software Contracts

- a. The district may enter into a contract to acquire telecommunications system hardware and software, without competitive bidding, subject to the following conditions:
 - (1) If the contract amount does not exceed \$150,000, the district shall attempt to obtain three competitive quotes pursuant to the rules governing Intermediate Procurements. The district shall keep a written record of the sources of the quotes or proposals received. If three quotes or proposals are not reasonably available, fewer will suffice, but the district shall make a written record of the effort made to obtain the quotes or proposals.
 - (2) If the contract amount exceeds \$150,000, the district shall determine and use the best procurement method, pursuant to the public contracting code and these rules and shall solicit written proposals in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 137, Divisions 047 and 049 of the *Attorney General's Model Public Contract [and LCRB] Rules*. The district shall document the evaluation and award process, which will be part of the public record justifying the award.
- b. The telecommunications solicitation authorized in subsection 10.a.(1) of these rules shall:
 - (1) State the contractual requirements in the solicitation document;
 - (2) State the evaluation criteria to be applied in awarding the contract and the role of any evaluation committee. Criteria that would be used to identify the proposal that best meets the district's needs may include, but are not limited to, cost, quality, service and support, compatibility, product or system reliability, vendor viability and financial stability, operating efficiency and expansion potential;
 - (3) State the provisions made for bidders or proposers to comment on any specifications which they feel limit competition.

Findings of Fact

- a. Rapid changes in technology make it necessary for the district to be able to purchase needed telecommunications hardware and software quickly.
- b. Since deregulation, there is generally adequate competition among vendors of telecommunication hardware and software to allow the district to make competitive purchases.
- c. Pricing for telecommunications hardware and software also changes frequently. It is important for the district to take advantage of price competition in the marketplace.

- d. The district will follow procedures governing special procurements and document reasonable efforts to obtain at least three informally solicited quotes for purchases over \$10,000 but less than or equal to \$150,000.
- e. If a purchase of telecommunications hardware or software is expected to cost more than \$150,000, the district will use a formal competitive bidding or proposal process in accordance with these rules and the *Attorney General's Model Public Contract [and LCRB] Rules*.
- f. There are also times when the district needs to purchase specific items that are compatible with current equipment. On these occasions, the district will follow its rule governing Brand Names or Products, "Or Equal," Single Seller and Sole Source, Section 1. under Special Procurements, to make the purchase.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. The purchase of telecommunications hardware and software will be made in accordance with other competitive bidding rules herein. If the anticipated purchase is over \$150,000, the district will advertise its need.

The use of this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. Competition will be encouraged at all dollar levels of purchase of telecommunications hardware and software. This rule gives the district some flexibility in selecting the method of competitive procurement but requires adherence to the rule on brand name or sole source acquisitions if those situations occur.

11. Telecommunications Services

- a. The district shall secure the most competitive, cost-effective telecommunications services of the quality needed to meet all service performance requirements while minimizing administrative and service delivery costs. The district will use routine purchasing procedures whenever possible, but if necessary, the district can consider alternative procurement methods in accordance with this rule.

The district will generally follow the normal competitive procurement processes in obtaining telecommunications services. This process will only be used if necessary where there is a lack of sufficient competition to furnish needed services.

- b. In determining the appropriate procurement method for telecommunications services, the district shall comply with the requirements of ORS 291.038 and determine whether competition exists. In determining whether competition exists, the district may consider the following factors:
 - (1) The extent to which alternative providers exist in the relevant geographic and service market; the greater area of [Insert Name] County;
 - (2) The extent to which alternative services offered are comparable or substitutable in technology, service provided and performance. For example, if the district requires digital services, analog services are not comparable or substitutable. If the district requires fiber optic technology, then copper, microwave or satellite transmission technology may not be comparable or substitutable;
 - (3) The extent to which alternative providers can respond to the district's interest in consistency and continuity of services throughout its service area, volume discounts,

D

equitable service for all users, centralized management and limiting district liability. For example, to be considered as the district's long-distance service provider, any long-distance service vendor must be able to meet, support and interface with the district's centralized automated billing requirements. The district must document for the record, its findings on these factors or any other factors used in determining whether competition exists. In developing its findings, the district may solicit the information either through informal telephone or written contacts or through a formal solicitation such as a RFP.

- c. If the district determines that competition does not exist in the area for the relevant service, the district may proceed to secure the service on a sole source basis, as described in the district's rule governing Brand Names or Products, "Or Equal," Single Seller and Sole Source, Section 1. under Special Procurements.

Findings of Fact

- a. Since deregulation, there is generally adequate competition among vendors of telecommunication services to allow the district to make competitive procurements.
- b. Since there is competition, price competition exists in the marketplace. It is important for the district to take advantage of existing competition.
- c. The district will follow its rules governing special procurements and document reasonable efforts to obtain at least three informally solicited quotes for purchases less than or equal to \$150,000. The district shall keep a written record of the sources of the quotes or proposals received. If three quotes or proposals are not reasonably available, fewer will suffice, but the district shall make a written record of the effort made to obtain the quotes or proposals.
- d. If a purchase of service is expected to cost more than \$150,000, the district will use a formal competitive bidding or proposal process in accordance with these rules and the *Attorney General's Model Public Contract [and LCRB] Rules*.
- e. There may be occasions where there is limited competition that can furnish telecommunications services of the quality and extent required by district operations. In such instances, the district will follow this rule and also its rule governing Brand Names or Products, "Or Equal," Single Seller and Sole Source, Section 1. under Special Procurements, to procure needed services from the sole source.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts. Routinely, the purchase of telecommunications services will be made in accordance with other competitive bidding rules contained in this administrative regulation. If the anticipated purchase is over \$150,000, the district will advertise its need, issue a written solicitation document and invite written bids or proposals to be furnished in response.

There may be circumstances, however, where sufficient competition does not exist in the relevant geographic and service market area. In such cases, the district will follow this rule in determining whether sufficient competition exists to make a competitive procurement.

The use of this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest. Competition will be encouraged at all dollar levels of purchase of telecommunications hardware and software. This rule gives the district some flexibility

in selecting the method of competitive procurement but requires adherence to the rule on brand name or sole source acquisitions if those situations occur. The rule also states the steps to be taken to document situations where sufficient competition may not exist and a sole source purchase needs to be made.

12. Hazardous Material Removal; Oil Cleanup

- a. The district may enter into public contracts without competitive bidding, regardless of a dollar amount, when ordered to clean up oil or hazardous waste pursuant to the authority granted to the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) under ORS Chapter 466, especially ORS 466.605 through 466.680. In exercising its authority under this exemption, the district shall:
 - (1) To the extent reasonable under the circumstances, encourage competition by attempting to make informal solicitations or to obtain informal quotes from potential suppliers of goods and services;
 - (2) Make written findings describing the circumstances that require the cleanup or maintain a copy of the DEQ order for the cleanup;
 - (3) Record the measures taken under A.1. of this rule to encourage competition, the amount of the quotes or proposals obtained, if any, and the reason for selecting the contractor to whom award is made.
- b. The district shall not contract pursuant to this special procurement in the absence of an order from the DEQ to clean up a site which includes a time limit that would not allow the district to hire a contractor under normal competitive bidding procedures. Goods and services to perform other hazardous material removal or cleanup will be purchased in accordance with normal competitive bidding procedures as described in Board policy with this administrative regulation.

Findings of Fact

- a. When the DEQ orders a public agency to remove or clean up hazardous material or oil, the public agency must respond within a very short time, which is stated in the DEQ order. This time period does not generally allow the agency to take the time necessary to solicit written bids or proposals for the work to be performed. The district would be liable for any delay in responding to DEQ orders to perform hazardous material removal or cleanup.
- b. This exemption will not be used in those situations where there is no DEQ order to remedy the situation. Routine competitive procurement methods will be used where there is no DEQ order to act immediately. The district maintains open lists of vendors who are interested in providing hazardous material removal and cleanup services. Whenever it needs hazardous material removal or disposal, the district makes use of these lists to solicit quotes, bids or proposals as needed, in addition to advertising the procurement as required.
- c. Cost savings are achieved through this exemption because the district can be liable for DEQ penalties and fines if it does not timely remove hazardous materials or oil as ordered. There is also serious risk in these situations, that property damage or personal injury could result if the district is slow to act.

Conclusions of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this special procurement will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts as required by ORS 279B.085(3)(a). If it is under DEQ order to act immediately, the district will still attempt to obtain competitive quotes for the work to be performed as it has the ability and time to do so. Unless the district is faced with the quasi-emergency situation of a DEQ order to remove or clean up hazardous waste or oil, it will follow normal competitive procedures to obtain these services.

The award of public contracts pursuant to this special procurement will result in a cost savings to the district in these situations, as required by ORS 279B.085(3)(b), because the district must comply with the law and avoid and minimize risk to persons and property. Where possible, it will seek competitive quotes for the work to be performed and will award the contract to the lowest, responsive and responsible bidder.

13. Renegotiation of Existing Contracts with Incumbent Contractors

- a. The district may amend or renegotiate contracts with existing vendors, service providers or other parties subject to the limitations of this rule.
- b. The district has determined that [value engineering,] [specialized expertise required,] [public safety] [and technical complexity], generally do not apply to this special procurement procedure.
- c. The renegotiated contract falls within a current special procurement procedure, but if not the LCRB must approve a separate special procurement.
- d. The district may renegotiate certain terms, but they must not unreasonably alter the scope of the original contract.

Findings of Fact

- a. The LCRB may amend contracts when it is in the best interest of the district. The [superintendent] and/or other designee, acting on behalf of the LCRB, may renegotiate certain provisions, including:
 - (1) Price;
 - (2) Term;
 - (3) Delivery and shipping;
 - (4) Order size;
 - (5) Substitution;
 - (6) Warranties;
 - (7) Online ordering systems;
 - (8) Price adjustments;
 - (9) Product availability;
 - (10) Product quality;
 - (11) Reporting requirements; or
 - (12) Discounts.

Any contract amendment will be supported by legal consideration when necessary to validate the amended provision.

- b. The amended terms must be within a reasonable scope of the original contract, but not fundamentally alter the agreement or nature of goods or services. Districts may, however, request functionally equivalent substitutes for goods or services in the original contract.
- c. The contract as a whole must be more favorable to the individual needs of the district to justify renegotiation. Cost may be a factor in determining what is a favorable change to the original contract, but the district may use factors other than cost that demonstrate that the amended contract is more favorable to the unique needs of the district.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

This special procurement will not encourage favoritism or substantially diminish competition in awarding public contracts because it already exists as a contract awarded in compliance with the district's special procurement and public contracting code.

The awarding of contracts under this special procurement will result in cost savings to the district when it needs to renew its original contract with vendors, service providers or other parties, or otherwise substantially promote the public interest.

EXEMPTIONS FROM COMPETITIVE BIDDING

All public contracts shall be based upon competitive bids or proposals, except the following:

1. Contracts which have been specifically exempted under ORS 279A.025 and 279C.335; and
2. Contracts covered by the class exemptions in the following set of rules developed pursuant to ORS 279C.335(2) and (5) and based on Oregon Administrative Rules, Chapter 137, Divisions 46 through 49.

The Board, acting as the Local Contract Review Board (LCRB) for the district, has made the findings required by ORS 279C.330, ORS 279C.335 and ORS 279C.345, and determined that awarding a contract under this exemption is unlikely to encourage favoritism or substantially diminish competition for the public contract and will likely result in a substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district.

In approving a finding under this section, the local contract review board shall consider the type, cost and amount of the contract and, to the extent applicable to the particular public improvement contract or class of public improvement contracts, the following:

1. How many persons are available to bid;
2. The construction budget and the projected operating costs for the completed public improvements;
3. Public benefits that may result from granting the exemption;
4. Whether value engineering techniques may decrease the cost of the public improvement;
5. The cost and availability of specialized expertise that is necessary for the public improvement;
6. Any likely increases in public safety;

7. Whether granting the exemption may reduce risks to the district or the public that are related to the public improvement;
8. Whether granting the exemption will affect the sources of funding for the public improvement;
9. Whether granting the exemption will better enable the district to control the impact that market conditions may have on the cost of and time necessary to complete the public improvement;
10. Whether granting the exemption will better enable the district to address the size and technical complexity of the public improvement;
11. Whether the public improvements involves new construction or renovates or remodels an existing structure;
12. Whether the public improvement will be occupied or unoccupied during construction;
13. Whether the public improvement will require a single phase of construction work or multiple phases of construction work to address specific project conditions; and
14. Whether the district has or has retained under contract, and will use district personnel, consultants and legal counsel that have necessary expertise and substantial experience in alternative contracting methods to assist in developing the alternative contracting method that the district will use to award the public improvement contract and to help negotiate, administer and enforce the terms of the public improvement contract.

Only these findings are required for each class or individual contract exemption, unless the LCRB specifically excludes a finding or includes an additional finding.

Promulgation of these exemptions can only occur after public notification and a public hearing to receive testimony pertaining to the draft exemptions and findings, pursuant to ORS 279C.335.

1. Brand Names or Products, “Or Equal,” Single Seller and Sole Source
 - a. The district may purchase brand names or products from a single seller or sole source without competitive bidding subject to the limitations of this rule.
 - b. The district has determined that [value engineering,] [specialized expertise required,] [public safety] [and technical complexity], generally do not apply to this exemption.
 - c. Solicitation specifications for public contracts of the district shall not expressly or implicitly require any product of any particular manufacturer or seller except as expressly authorized in subsections d. and e. of this rule.
 - d. The district may specify a particular brand name, make or product suffixed by “or equal,” “or approved equal,” “or equivalent,” “or approved equivalent” or similar language if there is no other practical method of specification after documenting the procurement file with the following:
 - (1) A brief description of the solicitation(s) to be covered, including contemplated future purchases;
 - (2) Description of the brand name, mark or product to be specified; and
 - (3) A brand name specification may be prepared and used only if the district determines for a solicitation or class of solicitations that only the identified brand name specification

will meet the needs of the district based on one or more of the following written determinations:

D

- (a) The use of the brand name specification is unlikely to encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for public contracts; or
 - (b) Specification of the brand name, mark or product would result in substantial cost savings to the district; or
 - (c) There is only one manufacturer or seller of the product of the quality, performance or functionality required; or
 - (d) The efficient utilization of existing goods requires the acquisition of compatible goods and services.
- (4) The district shall make reasonable effort to notify all known suppliers of the specified product and invite such vendors to submit competitive bids or proposals.
- e. The district may purchase a particular product or service available from only one source, after documenting the procurement file with the district's findings of current market research to support the determination that the product is available from only one seller or source. The district's findings shall include:
- (1) A brief description of the contract or contracts to be covered, including contemplated future purchases;
 - (2) Description of the product or service to be purchased; and
 - (3) The reasons the district is seeking this procurement method, which shall include any of the following:
 - (a) That the efficient utilization of existing equipment, supplies or services requires the acquisition of compatible equipment, supplies or services; or
 - (b) That the goods or services required for the exchange of software or data with other public or private agencies are available for only one source; or
 - (c) That the goods or services are for use in a pilot or an experimental project; or
 - (d) Other findings that support the conclusion that the goods or services are available from only one source.
 - (4) To the extent reasonably practical, the contracting agency shall negotiate with the sole source to obtain contract terms advantageous to the contracting agency.
- f. The district may specify a product or service available from only one manufacturer but available through multiple sellers, after documenting the procurement file with the following information:
- (1) If the total purchase is over \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000, and a comparable product or service is not available under an existing state cooperative purchasing contract, competitive quotes shall be obtained by the district and retained in the procurement file; or
 - (2) If the amount of the purchase exceeds \$100,000, the product or service shall be obtained through competitive bidding unless a specific exemption is granted by the LCRB.

- g. If the district intends to make several purchases of the product of a particular manufacturer or seller for a period not to exceed five years, the district will so state in the solicitation file and in the solicitation document, if any. Such documentation shall be sufficient notice as to subsequent purchases. If the total purchase amount is estimated to exceed \$100,000, this shall be stated in the advertisement for bids or proposals.

Findings of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this process will encourage favoritism in the award of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts, as required by ORS 279C.335 (2)(a).

This class exemption applies only to contracts under a limited dollar amount, and then, only after efforts to obtain competitive quotes are made, or other methods have been employed to ensure that competitive means are used if available. The district maintains open lists from which vendors are contracted for quotations. In addition, as required by ORS 279C.335 (2)(b) award of a public contract subject to the above described exemption should likely result in substantial cost savings or other substantial benefits to the district by virtue of the ability to reduce solicitation costs when it is known that comparable products are not available, or when specifying another product solely to meet a competition requirement might lead to lower initial cost but longer lifetime cost.

2. Product Prequalification

- a. When specific design or performance specifications must be met or such specifications are impractical to create or reproduce for a type of product to be purchased, the district may specify a list of approved or qualified products by reference to the prequalified product(s) of particular manufacturers or vendors in accordance with the following product prequalification procedure:
- (1) The district will make reasonable efforts to notify all known manufacturers and vendors of competing products of the district's intent to compile a list of prequalified products. The notice will explain the opportunity manufacturers and vendors of competing products will have to apply to have their product(s) included on the district's list of prequalified products. At its discretion, the district may provide notice by advertisement in a trade paper of general statewide circulation or other appropriate trade publication; or instead of advertising, the district may provide written notice to those manufacturers and vendors appearing on the appropriate list maintained by the district; and
 - (2) The district will accept manufacturer and vendor applications to include products in the district's list of prequalified products up to 15 calendar days prior to the initial advertisement for bids or proposals for the type of product to be purchased, unless otherwise specified in the advertisement or in the district's written notice.
- b. The district has determined that special expertise required, generally, does not apply to this rule.
- c. If the district denies an application for inclusion of a product on its list of prequalified products, the district shall promptly provide the applicant with a written notice of the denial and include the reason for denial. The applicant may submit a written appeal within [7] calendar days to the district business manager to request review and reconsideration of the denial.

Findings of Fact

- D** a. There are occasions when the district needs to establish a list of prequalified products before it invites bids or proposals to furnish the products. The district may have a specific performance or design need, but it is impractical for the district to create a specification for the type of products to be purchased. An example is audiovisual equipment. There is a tremendous variety of audiovisual products offered in the market. The equipment technology is complex and constantly changing. It would be very burdensome and time consuming for the district to generate nonbrand name, generic performance specifications for such equipment every time it wants to make a purchase.

Also, competition would be poorly served because bidders and proposers would not know in advance whether their offered product would meet the general specification substantially enough to be considered a responsive offer. The decision to make an award would be slow, because each product offered would have to be analyzed against the district's specification. Slowdown in the award process affects both bidders, who are asked to hold their bids open until award is made, and district programs, because staff are not able to order the equipment they need until the contract is awarded.

In this case, it might be more cost effective and efficient for the district to prequalify products and establish a list of approved products before invitations to bid are sent out. The prequalification process can be done some time before the need for a new contract. Once the prequalified product list is established, the bidding and contract award process can go quickly and smoothly.

- b. A second occasion when prequalification of products will be useful is when the specific design or performance specifications for a product are so exacting that the district must have time to carefully consider what is offered in the market that may or may not meet the specifications and, if necessary, reconsider its options before issuing an invitation to bid.
- c. This rule sets out a process of prequalification which requires the use of advertisement or other appropriate means to notify vendors of competing products of their opportunity to submit items for prequalification. The district maintains vendor mailing lists which are open to all interested vendors. The district uses these lists routinely to notify vendors of its intentions to prequalify products or to invite bids on products.
- d. This includes a 15-day time limit between the closure of a prequalification list and a related invitation to bid. This time factor ensures that vendors have a reasonable time to apply to include their products on a prequalified product list.
- e. Subsection c. of this rule provides vendors with an appeal process to follow if their application for prequalification is denied.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

Where prequalification of products is appropriate, it is unlikely that this exemption will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or diminish competition for such contracts as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(a). There are several safeguards in the rule to prevent this, including notice, advertising, time and appeal process requirements to ensure that vendors are given a fair and open opportunity to participate in the prequalification process.

The prequalification of products process is a time-consuming effort for the district. It is not a shortcut procurement method. The district would use this method only after balancing cost-saving

considerations, such as the ability of the district to create or generate nonbrand name generic specifications for types of products or the need for lengthy product evaluation prior to a contract award. If the prequalification method is chosen, it will likely result in a substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district as required by ORS 279C.335 (2)(b) because the normal method of product selection is too cumbersome and costly to pursue.

3. Requirements Contracts (Blanket Purchase Orders, Price)³

- a. The business manager, on behalf of the district, may establish requirements contracts for the purposes of minimizing paperwork, achieving continuity of product, securing a source of supply, reducing inventory, combining district requirements for volume discounts, standardization among schools and departments and reducing lead time for ordering.
- b. The district has determined that [value engineering,] [specialized expertise required] [and technical complexity,] generally, do not apply to this rule.
- c. The district may enter into a requirements contract (also known as a blanket purchase order or price agreement) whereby it is agreed to purchase goods or services for an anticipated need at a predetermined price or price discount from a price list, provided the contract is let by a competitive procurement process pursuant to the requirements of the public contracting code and these rules.
- d. Once a requirements contract is established, schools and departments may purchase the goods and services from the awarded contractor without first undertaking additional competitive solicitation.
- e. Schools and departments shall use requirements contracts established by the district, unless otherwise specified in the contract, allowed by law or these rules or specifically authorized by the [superintendent] or designee.
- f. Under the authority of ORS 279A.025 and 279C.335, the district may use the requirements contracts entered into by another Oregon public agency when:
 - (1) The original contract met the requirements of the public contracting code; and
 - (2) The original contract allows other public agency usage of the contract; and
 - (3) The original public contracting agency concurs, and this is documented by a written interagency agreement between the district and the agency.
- g. The term of any district requirements contract, including renewals, shall not exceed five years unless otherwise exempted pursuant to ORS 279C.335.

Findings of Fact

- a. This rule permits the district to enter into requirements contracts, in which the vendor agrees to provide specified goods and services over the term of the contract at the bid price or discount rate. A requirements contract is useful when the purchase of the goods or services are routine and repetitive. For example, school, building, office, custodial and facilities maintenance supplies are customarily purchased through requirements contracts.
- b. Requirements contracts are a common method of minimizing paperwork, achieving continuity of product, securing a source of supply, reducing inventory, obtaining volume discounts,

³ The OregonBuys.gov allows authorized members to utilize the state's price agreement/contracts to purchase goods and services. Authorized OregonBuys members can legally attach to a state price agreement and forego the competitive bid process. Access to hundreds of competitive price contracts for a wide variety of goods and services: vehicles, computers, furniture, copiers, fax machines, travel, pharmaceuticals, office products, etc., is available.

standardizing usage among schools, buildings and departments and reducing lead time for ordering.

- c. The district establishes requirements contracts as a result of open competitive bidding or RFP processes, unless otherwise exempted.
- d. The district limits the term of a requirements contract, including all renewal options, to a maximum of five years before competitive rebidding must be done, unless otherwise exempted.
- e. The district may use the requirements contracts established by other public agencies, subject to certain conditions of state law, Board policy and administrative regulation.

Conclusion of Compliance with Law

It is unlikely that this exemption will result in favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or diminish competition for such contracts, as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(a). The district will only enter into requirements contracts which result from open competitive bidding processes. This condition applies also to the use of requirements contracts established by other public contracting agencies.

The awarding of district requirements contracts will likely result in a substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district, as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(b). It would be costly and inefficient to make routine, repetitive purchases of goods and services through individual transactions. Also, the guaranteed volume of a requirements contract allows the district to get better prices from bidders.

4. Waiver of Bid Security Requirements (Public Improvement Contracts under \$100,000)

The LCRB may, at its discretion, waive the bid security requirements of ORS 279C.390, if the amount of the contract for the public improvement is less than \$100,000. Although the bid security requirements of ORS 279C.390 are waived for public improvement contracts under \$100,000, the district may impose a bid or quote security requirements for projects under \$100,000, when deemed to be in the best interest of the district.

Findings of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with Law

This rule allows the LCRB to waive bid security requirements for certain public improvement contracts. Waiver of the bid security is provided for by statute without a requirement for findings.

5. Waiver of Performance and Payment Security Requirements (Public Improvement Contracts under \$100,000)

The LCRB may, at its discretion, waive the performance/payment security requirements of ORS 279C.390 if the amount of the contract for the public improvement is less than \$100,000. Although the performance/payment security requirements of ORS 279C.390 are waived for public improvement contracts less than \$100,000, the district may impose a performance/payment security requirement for projects less than \$100,000 when deemed to be in the best interest of the district.

Findings of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with Law

This rule allows the LCRB to waive performance/payment security requirements for certain public improvement contracts. Waiver of the performance/payment security is provided for by statute without a requirement for findings.

6. Projects with Complex Systems or Components

- a. For contracts for public improvements with significant components that are inherently complex and are also complex to procure through competitive bid, the district may, at its discretion, use RFP competitive procurement methods subject to the conditions described in ORS 279C.400 and conditions enumerated in this exemption.
- b. **Definitions.** For purposes of this exemption only: “Complex Systems” are defined as those systems which incorporate the procurement of materials or other components which are difficult, if not impossible, to create in an “equal” specifications basis for competitive bid. Examples of such systems include but are not limited to, contracts for supplying and installing computerized controls for building heating, venting, air conditioning systems; and contracts for artificial surface outdoor multipurpose athletic fields. “Significant” is intended to mean something more than de minimus, but not necessarily the majority of the project as determined by cost.

Finding of Fact/Conclusion of Compliance with the Law

It is unlikely that this exemption will encourage favoritism in the awarding of the public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(a). Contracts for public improvements occasionally incorporate the procurement of systems, materials, or other components (complex systems) for which it is extremely difficult to design bid specifications. In these situations, utilization of a RFP process where each of the systems can be evaluated utilizing a number of factors, in addition to price, will likely result in substantial cost savings and other substantial benefits to the district as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(b).

ORS 279C.400 enumerates how RFP’s are to be used if authorized by the LCRB. These criteria, ensures that competitive means will be used, and selection will be fair and impartial. As a result, it is unlikely that this process will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or substantially diminish competition for such contracts as required by ORS 279C.335(2)(a). The awarding of contracts pursuant to this process will result in optimal value to the district based on selection by the district of the best competitive proposal that meets the stated evaluative criteria.

This class exemption is intended to be used for the types of procurements describe in the findings, where the specific system, materials or components represent a significant portion of the project. This class exemption is not intended to be used for construction manager/general contractor (CM/GC) projects or other methods of alternative procurement unless these projects meet the requirements of this class exemption. The CM/GC and others, not meeting the requirements of this class exemption, may still be procured by RFP, provided that a project or contract specific exemption is promulgated by the LCRB.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: DJCA
Adopted:

Personal Services Contracts

(Delete this policy. OSBA has moved personal services contract language to DJC.)

The district may enter into personal services contracts with qualified professionals as provided by Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 279A.055. "Personal services contracts," as used in this policy, means contracts for specialized skills, knowledge and resources in the application of highly technical or scientific expertise or the exercise of professional, artistic or management discretion or judgment. The district may enter into a personal services contract with a current district employee only when the individual meets independent contractor status in accordance with state, Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and Internal Revenue Service (IRS) requirements.

Selection of a personal services contractor will be based primarily on qualifications and performance history, expertise, knowledge and creativity and the ability to exercise sound professional judgment.

All personal services contracts shall be based on demonstrated qualifications and competence to perform the required services, encourage competition, discourage favoritism and obtain services at a fair and reasonable price.

Contracts for personal services in excess of [\$150,000] shall require prior Board approval.

The superintendent will develop administrative regulations as necessary to implement this policy.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS Chapters 279](#)

[ORS Chapters 279A, 279B and 279C](#)

[ORS 332.107](#)

[ORS 670.600](#)

[OAR 459-010-0030](#)

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, PUBLICATION 1779: INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR OR EMPLOYEE (Rev. 3-2012).

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: DJCA-AR
Revised/Reviewed:

Personal Services Contracts

(Delete this administrative regulation.)

1. Personal Services Contracts Defined

- a. Personal services contracts include, but are not limited to a contract or member of a class of contracts, that the local contracting agency's Local Contract Review Board (LCRB) has designated as a personal services contract pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 279A.055. Personal services include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) Contracts for services performed as an independent contractor in a professional capacity (e.g., services of an accountant, attorney, data processing consultant, etc.);
 - (2) Contracts for services as an artist in the performing or fine arts (e.g., photographer, painter, etc.);
 - (3) Contracts for services that are specialized, creative and research oriented;
 - (4) Contracts for services as a consultant;
 - (5) Contracts for educational consulting services.
- b. Personal services contracts may include: (1) public contracts for architectural, engineering or land surveying and related services; or (2) other public contracts for nonconstruction services.

2. Eligibility

The district will follow ORS 670.600, Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) rules Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 459-010-0030 and Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Ruling 87-41 in determining whether the individual or business entity qualifies as an independent contractor or is an employee of the district. A valid independent contractor must meet all eight of the following points:

- a. State requirements¹:
 - (1) The contractor must be free from the direction and the control of the employer;
 - (2) The contractor must obtain required business licenses;
 - (3) The contractor must furnish necessary tools and equipment;
 - (4) The contractor has authority to hire and fire employees;
 - (5) The contractor is paid on completion of portions of projects or on a retainer basis;
 - (6) The construction contractor must be registered under ORS Chapter 701 (For more information call the Construction Contractors Board at 503-378-4621 in Salem.);
 - (7) The contractor must file appropriate business tax returns;
 - (8) The contractor must represent to the public that the labor or services are provided by an independent business.
- b. PERS requirements:

¹ See ORS 670.600 for complete listing.

In determining whether an individual is an employee or independent contractor for PERS contribution purposes, the district will consider the following factors:

- D**
- (1) Instructions. An employee must comply with instructions about when, where and how to work. Even if no instructions are given, the control factor is present if the employer has the right to control how the work results are achieved;
 - (2) Training. An employee may be trained to perform services in a particular manner. Independent contractors ordinarily use their own methods and receive no training from the purchasers of their services;
 - (3) Integration. An employee's services are usually integrated into the business operations because the services are important to the success or continuation of the business. This shows that the employee is subject to direction and control;
 - (4) Services rendered personally. An employee renders services personally. This shows that the employer is interested in the methods as well as the results;
 - (5) Hiring, supervising and paying assistants. An employee works for an employer who hires, supervises and pays workers. An independent contractor can hire, supervise and pay assistants under a contract that requires him/her to provide materials and labor and to be responsible only for the result;
 - (6) Continuing relationship. An employee generally has a continuing relationship with an employer. A continuing relationship may exist even if work is performed at recurring although irregular intervals;
 - (7) Set hours of work. An employee usually has set hours of work established by an employer. An independent contractor generally can set their own work hours;
 - (8) Full-time required. An employee may be required to work or be available full-time. This indicates control by the employer. An independent contractor can work when and for whom they choose;
 - (9) Doing work on employer's premises. An employee usually works on the premises of an employer, or works on a route or at a location designated by an employer;
 - (10) Order or sequence set. An employee may be required to perform services in the order or sequence set by an employer. This shows that the employee is subject to direction and control;
 - (11) Oral or written reports. An employee may be required to submit reports to an employer. This shows that the employer maintains a degree of control;
 - (12) Payment by hour, week, month. An employee is generally paid by the hour, week or month. An independent contractor is usually paid by the job or on a straight commission;
 - (13) Payment of business and/or traveling expenses. An employee's business and travel expenses are generally paid by an employer. This shows that the employee is subject to regulation and control;
 - (14) Furnishing of tools and materials. An employee is normally furnished significant tools, materials and other equipment by an employer;
 - (15) Significant investment. An independent contractor has a significant investment in the facilities they use in performing services for someone else;
 - (16) Realization of profit or loss. An independent contractor can make a profit or suffer a loss;
 - (17) Working for more than one employer at a time. An independent contractor is generally free to provide their services to two or more unrelated persons or firms at the same time;
 - (18) Making service available to general public. An independent contractor makes their services available to the general public;

D

- (19) Right to discharge. An employee can be fired by an employer. An independent contractor cannot be fired so long as they produce a result that meets the specifications of the contract;
- (20) Right to terminate. An employee can quit their job at any time without incurring liability. An independent contractor usually agrees to complete a specific job and is responsible for its satisfactory completion, or is legally obligated to make good for failure to complete it.

c. IRS requirements:

Additionally, in determining employee or independent contract status for purposes of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA) or for federal income tax withholding from wages, the district will consider:

- (1) Behavioral control. A worker is an employee when the district has the right to direct and control the worker;
- (2) Financial control. A worker is an independent contractor if they can realize a profit or incur a loss. The individual may also be an independent contractor if they are not reimbursed for some or all business expenses, especially if those expenses are high or if they have a significant investment in their work;
- (3) Relationship of the parties. Facts weighed by the district will include any written contracts describing the relationship the parties intended to create; the extent to which the worker is available to perform services for other similar businesses; whether the district provides the worker with employee-type benefits, such as insurance, vacation pay or sick pay; and the permanency of the relationship.

3. Personal Services Contracts - Procurement Requirements

- a. Contracts for personal services less than [\$25,000] within a 12-month period, shall, where practical, be based on written or verbal quotes or may be procured through direct negotiations with the contractor.
- b. Contracts for personal services greater than [\$25,000] that do not exceed [\$75,000] may be based on three written or verbal quotes, or response to a request for proposal (RFP) as deemed appropriate by the superintendent or designee.
- c. Contracts for personal services greater than [\$75,000] shall be based on written solicitations, request for qualifications, or the RFP process.
- d. The district may enter into a personal services contract when the amount of the services does not exceed [\$150,000] without obtaining quotes or utilizing the RFP process when only one contractor or sole source provides the services as follows:
 - (1) The superintendent or designee shall make the following written findings for inclusion in the contract file:
 - (a) That the efficient utilization of existing goods requires the acquisition of compatible goods or services;
 - (b) That the goods or services required for the exchange of software or data with other public or private agencies are available from only one source;
 - (c) That the goods or services are for use in a pilot or an experimental project; or
 - (d) Other findings that support the conclusion that the goods or services are available from only one source.

- e. If the cost of the services is more than [\$150,000], the district may award a contract on a sole source basis, only with Board approval and if prior to the award:

- D**
 - (1) Notice of the district's intent to contract for the services, including the general specifications of the intended contract, is advertised in at least one newspaper or trade journal of general circulation in the area where the services are to be performed;
 - (2) The advertised notice is published at least 14 days before award of contract to allow prospective contractors a reasonable opportunity to submit a protest of the district's intent to contract through the sole source process unless the superintendent gives prior written approval to reduce the number of days based on extraordinary circumstance that do not meet the criteria for an Emergency Procurement pursuant to OAR 137-047-0280; and
 - (3) The protest shall be submitted in writing to the district by the closing date and time of the advertisement notice. It shall state the reason the contract should be competitively solicited.

Protests shall be heard by the [Board], whose decision shall be final.

4. ITB/RFP Requirements

- a. An invitation to bid (ITB) or RFP will be used as a formal competitive solicitation that describes the specific services to be performed within a defined period of time. The solicitation will set forth criteria and methods for screening, selecting and ranking the most qualified proposal(s). The solicitation document may result in contracts with more than one provider.
- b. The solicitation document must provide that the district is not responsible for any cost incurred while submitting proposals and that all proposers who respond do so at their own expense.
- c. The solicitation document must, at a minimum, address the following:
 - (1) Requirements for solicitation documents under ORS 279B.055(2) and 279B.060(2):
 - (a) A time and date by which the bids or proposals must be received and a place at which bids must be submitted, and may, in the sole discretion of the contracting agency, direct or permit the submission and receipt of bids or proposals by electronic means;
 - (b) The name and title of the person designated for receipt of bids or proposals and the person designated by the contracting agency as the contact person for the procurement, if different;
 - (c) A procurement description;
 - (d) A time, date and place that prequalified applications, if any, must be filed and the classes of work, if any, for which bidders must be prequalified in accordance with ORS 279B.120;
 - (e) A statement that the contracting agency may cancel the bid or procurement, or reject any of all bids in accordance with ORS 279B.100;
 - (f) A statement that "Contractors shall use recyclable products to the maximum extent economically feasible in the performance of the contract work set forth in this document." if the invitation to bid is issued by a state contracting agency;
 - (g) A statement that requires the contractor or subcontractor to possess an asbestos abatement license, if required under ORS 468A.710; and
 - (h) All contractual terms and conditions applicable to the procurement.

- (2) Requirements for solicitation documents under OAR 137-047-0255(2) and OAR 137-047-0260(2):

D

(a) General Information

(i) Notice of any pre-offer conferences as follows:

- 1) The time, date and location of any pre-offer conferences;
- 2) Whether attendance at the conference will be mandatory or voluntary; and
- 3) A provision that provides that statements made by the contracting agency's representatives at the conference are not binding upon the contracting agency unless confirmed by written addendum.

E

- (ii) The form and instructions for submission of proposals and any other special information, (e.g., whether proposals may be submitted by electronic means);
- (iii) The time, date and place of opening;
- (iv) The office where the solicitation document may be reviewed;
- (v) For bidders, a statement whether the bidder is a "resident bidder," as defined in ORS 279A.120(1);
- (vi) Contractor's certification of nondiscrimination in obtaining required subcontractors in accordance with ORS 279A.110(4); and
- (vii) How the contracting agency will notify proposers of addenda and how the contracting agency will make addenda available.

(b) Contracting Agency Need

The character of the goods and services the contracting agency is purchasing including, if applicable, a description of the acquisition, specifications, delivery or performance schedule, inspection and acceptance requirements.

(c) Bid/Proposal and Evaluation Process

- (i) The anticipated solicitation schedule, deadlines, protest process and evaluation process;
- (ii) The contracting agency shall set forth selection criteria in the solicitation document in accordance with the requirements of ORS 279B.060(2)(h)(E).
- (iii) If the contracting agency intends to award contracts to more than one proposer pursuant to OAR 137-047-0600(4)(d), the contracting agency must identify in the solicitation document the manner in which it will determine the number of contracts it will award.

(d) Applicable preferences described in ORS 279A.125(2) and 282.210.

(e) For contracting agencies subject to ORS 305.385, contractor's certification of compliance with the Oregon tax laws in accordance with ORS 305.385.

(f) All contract terms and conditions, including a provision indicating whether the contractor can assign the contract, delegate its duties, or subcontract the goods or services without prior written approval from the contracting agency.

d. Bids or proposals must be advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the contract is to be performed and in as many additional issues and publications as may be necessary or desirable to achieve adequate competition unless the contracting agency uses electronic advertising.

e. Unless otherwise specified in rules adopted pursuant to ORS 279A.065, the LCRB will give notice at least seven days before the solicitation closing date.

f. All advertisements shall describe at minimum the requirements under OAR 137-047-0300(3):

- (1) Where, when, how and for how long the solicitation document may be obtained;
- (2) A general description of the goods or services to be acquired;
- (3) The interval between the first date of notice and closing, which will be at least seven days, unless a shorter period is in the public interest and it will not substantially affect competition;
- (4) The date that persons must file applications for prequalification if prequalification is a requirement and the class of goods or services is one for which persons must be prequalified;
- (5) The office where contract terms, conditions and specifications may be reviewed;
- (6) The name, title and address of the individual authorized by the contracting agency to receive offers;
- (7) The scheduled opening; and
- (8) Any other information the contracting agency deems appropriate.

5. Screening and Selection Procedures

a. The superintendent or designee shall review, score and rank all responsive proposals according to the evaluation criteria in the ITB or RFP and applicable law. The contracting agency will award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder or proposer or multiple responsible bidders or proposers in accordance with ORS 279B.055(10) and 279B.060(10), and OAR 137-047-0600.

b. To determine whether the bidder or proposer has met the standards of responsibility under ORS 279B.110(2) and OAR 137-047-0640(1)(c)(F), the LCRB will consider whether the bidder or proposer has:

- (1) Available the appropriate financial, material, equipment, facility and personnel resources and expertise, or the ability to obtain the resources and expertise, necessary to indicate the capability of the bidder or proposer to meet all contractual responsibilities;
- (2) A satisfactory record of performance.² The contracting agency will document in the solicitation file its basis for determining that the offeror is not responsible because the offeror does not meet this requirement;

² A contracting agency should review carefully the offeror's record of contract performance if the offeror is or recently has been materially deficient in contract performance. In reviewing the offeror's performance, the contracting agency should determine whether the offeror's deficient performance was expressly excused under the terms of the contract, or whether the offeror took appropriate corrective action. The contracting agency may review the offeror's performance on both private and public contracts.

D

- (3) A satisfactory record of integrity.³ The contracting agency will document its basis for determining that the offeror is not responsible because the offeror does not meet this requirement;
- (4) Qualified legally to contract with the contracting agency;
- (5) Supplied all necessary information in connection with the inquiry concerning responsibility. If an offeror fails to promptly supply information requested by the contracting agency concerning responsibility, the contracting agency shall base the determination of responsibility upon any available information, or may find the bidder or proposer not to be responsible; and
- (6) Not been debarred by the contracting agency under ORS 279B.130.

- c. Final ranking will be based on all information obtained during the evaluation process. Price will be considered, but will not necessarily govern selection of the contractor(s).
- d. Contracts entered into may be amended, provided the original contract allows for the particular amendment and the services to be provided under the amendment are included within or directly related to, the scope of the project or the scope of the services described in the solicitation document.

6. Documentation

Documentation providing evidence of competition shall be maintained by the district for all contracts entered into by the district.

7. Fingerprinting

If the scope of the work performed by a contractor(s) or their employee(s) may result in direct, unsupervised contact with students, they will be required to submit to fingerprinting and criminal records checks as required by law.

8. Payment

Payment will be made only upon completion of the performance of specific portions of the project or on the basis of an annual or periodic retainer as specified by the district in the personal services contract.

T

E

³ A contracting agency may determine that an offeror lacks integrity because of a lack of business ethics such as a violation of environmental laws or false certification made to the contracting agency. A contracting agency may find that an offeror is not responsible based on a lack of integrity of a person having influence or control over the offeror.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBBA
Adopted:

D

First Aid**

(Recommend delete. Considering recent changes to the health services OAR 581-022-2220, several OSBA model policies have been revised. This content has been revised according to the OAR and reorganized into EBC.)

In cases of sudden illness or injury to a student or staff member, first aid will be given by school staff. Further medical attention for a student is the responsibility of the student’s parent(s), or of someone the parent(s) designate in the case of an emergency. Each principal is charged with providing for the immediate care of ill or injured persons within their area of responsibility.

Staff members shall report self-administered first-aid treatment to an immediate supervisor.

In each district facility, procedures for handling health emergencies will be established and made known to staff. Each district facility and district vehicle will be equipped with appropriate first-aid supplies and equipment. All employees are expected to know where first-aid supplies and equipment are kept in their work areas.

Designated employees in each building shall hold current first-aid cards. In compliance with Oregon Administrative Rules, each school shall have, at a minimum, at least one staff member with a current first-aid card for every 60 students enrolled or an emergency response team per building. Such team shall consist of no less than six persons who hold current first-aid/CPR cards and who are trained annually in the district and building emergency plans. Names of the designated employees will be posted.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 30.800](#)
[OAR 437-002-0042](#)
[OAR 437-002-0120 -0139](#)
[OAR 437-002-0161](#)
[OAR 437-002-0360](#)

[OAR 437-002-0377](#)
[OAR 581-022-2050](#)
[OAR 581-022-2220](#)
[OAR 581-022-2225](#)
[OAR 581-053-0003\(37\)](#)

[OAR 581-053-0220\(3\)\(B\)\(iii\)](#)
[OAR 581-053-0320\(5\)\(b\)](#)
[OAR 581-053-0420\(2\)\(f\)\(B\)](#)

T

E

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBBA-AR
Revised/Reviewed:

First Aid - Infection Control

(Recommend delete in lieu of current OSHA requirements and training standards.)

Health services information about the transmission of diseases including AIDS and HBV¹ focuses on “body fluids” as a possible carrier of organisms that can infect others. The term includes drainage from cuts and scrapes, vomit, urine, feces, respiratory secretions (nasal discharge), saliva, semen and blood. While any contact with the body fluids of another person represents a risk, the level of risk is very low. The risk is increased if the fluid comes in contact with a break in the skin of another individual. Generally, simple, consistent standards and procedures of cleanliness minimize risk.

The following procedures are precautionary measures against the transmission of diseases. Prudent actions are to be employed by all staff and students. These actions should focus primarily on steps that students and staff members can take to ensure their own well-being.

Those who administer first aid, provide physical care or may otherwise incur occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials as determined by the district will be specifically protected through the district’s Exposure Control Plan.

The following procedures are a review for all staff and students of appropriate hygienic and sanitation practices:

1. Standard precautions are to be followed at all times. Standard precautions require the assumption that staff and students approach infection control as if all direct contact with human blood and body fluids is known to be infectious for HIV, HBV and/or other bloodborne pathogens;
2. Whenever possible, students should be directed to care for their own minor bleeding injury. This includes encouraging students to apply their own band-aids. If assistance is required, band-aids may be applied after the caregiver removes their gloves, if the caregiver will not come into contact with blood or wound drainage;
3. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved gloves are required for all tasks in which an individual may come into contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials. Such tasks include cleaning body fluid spills, emptying trash cans, handling sharps/containers, handling contaminated broken glass, cleaning contaminated equipment and handling contaminated laundry/clothing. This also includes assisting with any minor wound care, treating bloody noses, handling clothes soiled by incontinence, diaper changing and cleaning up vomit;
4. Immediate, complete and effective hand washing with soap and running water of at least 30 seconds duration should follow any first aid or health care given to a student or contact with potentially infectious materials;

¹ HIV - Human Immunodeficiency Virus; AIDS - Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome; HBV - Hepatitis B Virus

5. If exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials occurs through coughing, any first-aid procedure, or through an open sore or break in the skin, thorough washing, preferably with germicidal soap, is necessary;
6. In the event hand-washing facilities are not readily available, thorough cleaning using an antiseptic cleanser and clean cloth/paper towels or antiseptic towelettes provided by the district as an alternative is necessary. In the event alternatives are used, hands must be washed with soap and running water as soon as feasible;
7. Contaminated work surfaces shall be decontaminated with an appropriate disinfectant after completion of procedures; immediately or as soon as feasible when surfaces are overtly contaminated or after any spill of blood or other potentially infectious materials; and at the end of the work shift if the surface may have become contaminated since the last cleaning. Clean surfaces with soap and water and then rinse with an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) approved disinfectant^[2] following labeling instructions for use, or a freshly made solution of one part bleach to nine parts water, and allow to air dry. These surfaces include equipment, counters, mats (including those used in physical education classes and athletic events), toys or changing tables;
8. An EPA-approved disinfectant must be used when cleaning fluids such as blood or vomit from the floor or other such contaminated surfaces;
9. Contaminated laundry such as clothing and towels must be placed and transported in bags and containers in accordance with the district's standard precautions. All such items must be laundered in hot or cold water and soap and placed in a dryer;
10. Needles, syringes, broken glassware and other sharp objects found on district property must not be picked up by students at any time, nor by staff without appropriate puncture-proof gloves or mechanical device such as a broom, brush and dust pan. Any such items found must be disposed of in closable puncture resistant, leakproof containers that are appropriately labeled or color-coded;
11. All wastebaskets used to dispose of potentially infectious materials must be lined with a plastic bag liner that is changed daily;
12. Gloves and repellent gowns, aprons or jackets are required for tasks in which exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials can be reasonably anticipated to contaminate street clothing. Type and characteristics of such protective clothing will depend on the task. Such tasks may include diapering/toileting with gross contamination, assisting with wound care, sorting or bagging contaminated laundry/clothing and disposing of regulated waste with gross contamination;
13. Maximum protection with gloves, face and/or eye protection and gowns is required whenever splashes, spray, spatter or droplets of blood or other potentially infectious materials may be generated and eye, nose or mouth contamination can be reasonably anticipated. Such tasks may include feeding a student with a history of spitting or forceful vomiting and assisting with severe injury and wound with spurting blood;

² [Disinfectants which can be used include Lysol, Purex, Clorox, Tough Act bathroom cleaner, Dow bathroom cleaner, Real Pine liquid cleaner, Pine Sol, Spic and Span, Tackle liquid, Comet and other products with EPA numbers. Other disinfectants as recommended by the Center for Disease Control may be used.]

14. If a first-aid situation occurs, students should report to a person in authority; staff should report to a supervisor.

Additional Precautions

The following additional precautions should be applied in all school settings. These procedures will help prevent transmission of many infections in addition to HIV and HBV:

1. A sink with soap, hot and cold running water and disposable towels should be available close to the classroom;
2. Sharing of personal toilet articles, such as toothbrushes and razors, should not be permitted;
3. Skin lesions that may ooze blood or serum should be kept covered with a dressing;
4. Exchange of saliva by kissing on the mouth, by sharing items that have been mouthed and by putting fingers in others' mouths should be discouraged.

L

E

T

E

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: EBC/EBCA
Adopted:

D

Emergency Procedures and Disaster Plans

(Delete this double coded policy and consider EBC.)

The superintendent will develop and maintain a plan specifying procedures to be used in such emergencies as disorderly conduct, unlawful assembly, disturbances at school activities, natural disasters, fire, illness or injury of a student or staff member, and safety threats on district property. The superintendent will consult with community and county agencies while developing this plan.

The district's Emergency Procedures Plan will meet the standards of the State Board of Education.

Copies of the Emergency Procedures Plan will be available in every school office and other strategic locations throughout the district. Parents will be informed of the district's plan for the care of students during an emergency situation. The Board may use Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 192.660(2)(k) to conduct an executive session to consider matters related to school safety or a plan that responds to safety threats made toward a school in the district.

[In the case of long-term disruption to district operations as a result of a pandemic flu, declared public health emergency or other catastrophe, the district emergency plan shall at a minimum include the following:

1. Who is in charge of the district plan;
2. What steps the district will take to stop the spread of disease;
3. How sick students will be identified;
4. Transportation plan for sick students;
5. Disease containment measures for the district;
6. Communication plan for staff, students and parents;
7. Continuing education plan for students;
8. Procedures for dealing with student privacy rights;
9. Employee leave procedures during a pandemic flu or other catastrophe;
10. Employee pay and benefit plan and procedures;

- 11. Facility utilization by other agencies procedures;
- 12. Business operations plan for offsite operation or alternative measures.]

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 192.660\(2\)\(k\)](#)
[ORS 332.107](#)
[ORS 433.260](#)

[ORS 433.441](#)
[OAR 437-002-0161](#)

[OAR 581-022-2030\(3\)\(c\)](#)
[OAR 581-022-2220](#)
[OAR 581-022-2225](#)

E

L

E

T

E

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: **GBEBA**

Adopted:

D

Staff - HIV, AIDS, and HBV

(Recommend delete: the requirement for this policy was found in OAR 581-022-2220 which has since been revised in lieu of a new requirement for a Communicable Disease Plan.)

The district will strictly adhere in its policies and procedures, to Oregon law and Oregon Administrative Rules as they relate to staff infected with HIV, AIDS, or HBV¹.

The district recognizes a staff member has no obligation under any circumstance to report a condition to the district, and the staff member has a right to continue working. If the staff member reports a condition to the district, strict adherence to written guidelines outlined by the staff member shall be followed. These guidelines shall identify who may have the information, who will give the information, how the information will be given, and where and when the information will be given. All such information will be held in confidence in accordance with Oregon law.

Accommodations for a staff member infected with HIV, AIDS, or HBV shall be the same as with any other illness.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 243.650](#)
[ORS 342.850\(8\)](#)
[ORS 433.008](#)
[ORS 433.045](#)

[ORS 433.260](#)
[OAR 333-017-0000](#)
[OAR 333-018-0000](#)

[OAR 333-018-0005](#)
[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

E

T

E

¹ HIV - Human Immunodeficiency Virus; AIDS - Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome; HBV - Hepatitis B Virus

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: GCDA/GDDA
Adopted: D

Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting *

(Delete and see new version of this required model policy.)

In a continuing effort to ensure the safety and welfare of students and staff, the district shall require all newly hired [full-time and part-time] employees¹ not requiring licensure under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 342.223 to submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting as required by law. Other individuals, as determined by the district, that will have direct, unsupervised contact with students shall submit to criminal records checks and/or fingerprinting as established by Board policy and as required by law.

“Direct, unsupervised contact with students” means contact with students that provides the person opportunity and probability for personal communication or touch when not under direct supervision.

Pursuant to state law, a criminal records check or fingerprint-based criminal records checks shall be required of the following individuals²:

1. All individuals employed as or by a contractor[, whether employed part-time or full-time,] and considered by the district to have direct, unsupervised contact with students;
2. Any community college faculty member providing instruction at the site of an early childhood education program, at a school site as part of an early childhood program or at a grade K through 12 school site during the regular school day;
3. Any individual who is an employee of a public charter school and not requiring licensure under ORS 342.223; and
4. [³]Any individual considered for volunteer service with the district who is allowed to have direct, unsupervised contact with students.

The district will provide the written notice about the requirements of fingerprinting and criminal records checks through means such as staff handbooks, employment applications, contracts or [volunteer] forms.

¹ Any individual hired within the last three months. A subject individual does not include an employee hired within the last three months if the district has evidence on file that meets the definition in Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-021-0510(11)(b).

² Subject individuals and requirements are further outlined in GCDA/GDDA-AR – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting.

³ [If the district allows volunteer service and the volunteers have direct, unsupervised contact with students, this policy language is required, and districts are required to conduct criminal records checks on these volunteers.]

[The district shall require a fingerprint-based criminal records check for volunteers allowed direct, unsupervised contact with students, in the following positions⁴:

1. [Head coach;]
2. [Assistant coach;]
3. [Overnight chaperone;]
4. [Volunteers transporting students, other than their own, in a private vehicle off district property for a district-sponsored activity] [;] [.]
5. [List of other positions subject to this fingerprinting, if any.]]

The procedure for processing fingerprint collection is further outlined in GCDA/GDDA-AR – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting.

A subject individual shall be subject to the collection of fingerprint information, only after the offer of employment or contract from the district and may be charged a fee by the district. A subject individual may request the fee be withheld from the amount otherwise due the individual.

The district [shall] [shall not] begin the employment of a subject individual or terms of a district contractor [on a probationary basis pending] [before] the return and disposition of the required criminal records checks.

When the district is notified of a subject individual who has been convicted of any crimes prohibiting employment or contract the individual will not be employed or contracted, or if employed will be terminated. When the district is notified of a subject individual who knowingly made a false statement as to the conviction of any crime, the individual [may] [will not] be employed or contracted with by the district, or if employed by the district [may] [will] be terminated. A subject individual who fails to disclose the presence of convictions that would not otherwise prohibit employment or contract with the district as provided by law [may] [will not] be employed or contracted with by the district.

The district's use of criminal history must be relevant to the specific requirements of the position, services or employment.

[The service of a volunteer allowed to have direct, unsupervised contact with students [may] [will not] begin [on a probationary basis pending] [before] the return and disposition of a criminal records check.]

[The service of a volunteer into a position identified by the district as requiring a fingerprint-based criminal records check [may] [will not] begin [on a probationary basis pending] [before] the return and disposition of a state and national criminal records check based on fingerprints.]

[A volunteer who knowingly made a false statement or has a conviction of the crimes listed in ORS 342.143, or the substantial equivalent of any of those crimes if the conviction occurred in another

⁴ [If the district requires fingerprinting for certain volunteer positions, the district is required to list those volunteer positions in board policy. The bracketed language is only possible examples; modify to identify the positions in the district that require such fingerprinting.]

jurisdiction or in Oregon under a different statutory name or number [may] [will] result in immediate termination from the ability to volunteer in the district.]

The superintendent shall develop administrative regulations as necessary to meet the requirements of law.

Appeals

A subject individual may appeal a determination from ODE that prevents employment or eligibility to contract with the district to the Superintendent of Public Instruction as a contested case under ORS 183.413 – 183.470.

A volunteer may appeal a determination from a fingerprint-based criminal records checks by ODE that prevents the ability to volunteer with the district to the Superintendent of Public Instruction as a contested case under ORS 183.413 – 183.470.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 181A.180](#)
[ORS 181A.230](#)
[ORS 326.603](#)
[ORS 326.607](#)

[ORS 332.107](#)
[ORS 336.631](#)
[ORS 342.143](#)
[ORS 342.223](#)

[OAR 414-061-0010 – 061-0030](#)
[OAR 581-021-0510 – 021-0512](#)
[OAR 581-022-2430](#)
[OAR 584-050-0012](#)

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e, et. seq. (2012).

E

T

E

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JHC
Adopted:

D

Student Health Services and Requirements**

*(Delete in lieu of new board policy using code EBBA - Student Health Services**)*

Although the district's primary responsibility is to educate students, the students' health and general welfare is also an important Board responsibility. The Board believes school programs should be conducted in a manner that protects and enhances student and employee health and is consistent with good health practices.

[The district shall staff nursing services appropriate for students with medical needs and prevention-oriented health services per applicable requirements of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 336.201 and Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-022-2220.]

The district shall provide:

1. One registered nurse or school nurse for every 125 medically fragile students;
2. One registered nurse or school nurse or one licensed practical nurse under the supervision of a registered nurse or school nurse for each nursing-dependent student; and
3. One registered nurse or school nurse for every 225 medically complex students.

The district may use the most cost effective means available to meet the above requirements.

[The nurse(s) employed by the district shall be licensed to practice as a registered nurse or nurse practitioner in Oregon and will function as an integral member of the instructional staff, serving as a resource person to teachers in securing appropriate information and materials on health-related topics.]

[Any nurse(s) providing services on behalf of the district shall follow all applicable requirements of ORS Chapter 678 and OAR Chapter 851. This includes, but is not limited to, delegation in accordance with OAR 851-047, which includes performing a nursing assessment of the patient prior to delegation, providing adequate supervision during the delegation, and evaluating the skills, ability and willingness of the delegee.¹]

The district shall maintain a prevention-oriented health services program which provides:

1. Pertinent health information on the students, as required by Oregon statutes or rules;
2. Health appraisal to include screening for possible vision or hearing problems;
3. Health counseling for students and parents, when appropriate;

¹ For additional delegation requirements, see OAR [851-047-0030](#).

4. Health care and first-aid assistance that are appropriately supervised and isolate the sick or injured child from the student body;
5. Control and prevention of communicable diseases as required by Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division, and the county health department;
6. Assistance for students in taking prescription and/or nonprescription medication according to established district procedures;
7. Services for students who are medically fragile or have special health care needs;
8. Integration of school health services with school health education programs.

The Board directs its district health staff to coordinate with health personnel from other public agencies in matters pertaining to health instruction or the general health of students and employees.

In accordance with the requirements of federal law, the district recognizes its responsibility to notify parents in advance of any nonemergency, invasive physical examination² or screening that is required as condition of attendance; administered and scheduled by the school in advance; and not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student, or of other students. Notification will be provided at least annually at the beginning of the school year or when enrolling students for the first time in school and will include the specific or approximate dates during the school year when such activities are scheduled or expected to be scheduled.

Procedures shall be developed and implemented to carry out this policy. All district employees will be apprised of their responsibilities in this area. Parents shall have the opportunity to request their students be exempt from participation in vision or hearing screening. The district will abide by those requests.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 329.025](#)
[ORS 336.201](#)

[ORS 336.211](#)
[OAR 581-022-2050](#)

[OAR 581-022-2220](#)
[OAR 581-022-2225](#)

Protection of Pupil Rights, 20 U.S.C. § 1232h (2018); Student Rights in Research, Experimental Programs and Testing, 34 C.F.R. Part 98 (2022).

Every Student Succeeds Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7928 (2018).

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2018).

² The term “invasive physical examination,” as defined by law, means any medical examination that involves the exposure of private body parts, or any act during such examination that includes incision, insertion, or injection into the body, but does not include a hearing, vision or scoliosis screening. The term does not include any physical examination or screening that is permitted or required by state law, including physical examinations or screenings that are permitted without parental notification.

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JHCC
Adopted:

D

Communicable Diseases - Students

(Recommend delete: the requirement for this policy was found in OAR 581-022-2220, which has since been revised and requirement removed in lieu of a new requirement for a Communicable Disease Plan. Refer to policy GBEB and GBEB-AR.)

The district shall provide reasonable protection against the risk of exposure to communicable disease for students. Reasonable protection from communicable disease is generally attained through immunization, exclusion or other measures as provided by Oregon law, by the local health department or in the *Communicable Disease Guidance* published by the Oregon Department of Education (ODE) and the Oregon Health Authority (OHA). Services will be provided to students as required by law. A student will not attend school while in a communicable stage of a restrictable disease or when an administrator has reason to suspect that any susceptible student has or has been exposed to any disease for which the student is required to be excluded in accordance with law and per administrative regulation JHCC-AR - Communicable Diseases - Students. If the disease is a reportable disease, the administrator will report the occurrence to the local health department. The administrator will also take whatever reasonable steps it considers necessary to organize and operate its programs in a way which both furthers the education and protects the health of students and others.

The district may, for the protection of both the student who has a restrictable disease and the exposed student, provide an educational program in an alternative setting.

The district will include, as a part of its emergency plan, a description of the actions to be taken by district personnel in the case of a declared public health emergency or other catastrophe that disrupts district operations.

The district shall protect the confidentiality of each student's health condition and record to the extent possible and consistent with federal and state law. In cases when a restrictable or reportable disease is diagnosed and confirmed for a student, the administrator shall inform the appropriate employees with a legitimate educational interest to protect against the risk of exposure.

The superintendent will develop administrative regulations necessary to implement this policy.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 431.150 - 431.157](#)
[ORS 433.001 - 433.526](#)
[OAR 333-018](#)

[OAR 333-019-0010](#)
[OAR 333-019-0014](#)
[OAR 437-002-0360](#)

[OAR 437-002-0377](#)
[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION and OREGON HEALTH AUTHORITY, *Communicable Disease Guidance* (2020). Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2018); Family Educational Rights and Privacy, 34 C.F.R. Part 99 (2019).

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JHCCA
Adopted:

Students - HIV, HBV and AIDS**

(Recommend delete: the requirement for this policy was found in OAR 581-022-2220, which has since been revised in lieu of a new requirement for a Communicable Disease Plan.)

The district will adhere strictly in policies and procedures to the Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Administrative Rules as they relate to a student infected with HIV or HBV or diagnosed with AIDS¹.

The district recognizes a parent (student) has no obligation to inform the district of an HIV, HBV or AIDS condition, and that the student has a right to attend school. If the district is informed of such a student, written guidelines shall be requested of the parent (student). These guidelines shall include who may have the information, who will give the information, how the information will be given and where and when the information will be given.

When informed of the infection, and with written permission from the parent (student), the district will develop procedures for formulating an evaluation team. The team shall address the nature, duration and severity of risk as well as any modification of activities. The team shall continue to monitor the student's condition. The district will make reasonable accommodations to allow students living with HIV infection to participate in school-sponsored physical activities.

Notification of alternative education programs shall be made to the parent or eligible student, if an HIV, HBV or AIDS student withdraws from school.

[The district may also develop procedures for rumor control, infection control, student accommodations and public relations/media.]

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 326.565](#)
[ORS 326.575](#)
[ORS 332.061](#)
[ORS 336.187](#)
[ORS 336.615 to -336.665](#)

[ORS 339.030](#)
[ORS 339.250](#)
[ORS 433.008](#)
[ORS 433.045](#)
[OAR 333-018-0000](#)

[OAR 333-018-0005](#)
[OAR 581-022-2060](#)
[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION and OREGON HEALTH AUTHORITY, *Communicable Disease Guidance* (2017). Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2012); Family Educational Rights and Privacy, 34 C.F.R. Part 99 (2017).

¹ HIV - Human Immunodeficiency Virus; HBV - Hepatitis B Virus; AIDS - Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JHCCF

Adopted:

D

Pediculosis (Head Lice)

(Version 1)

(Delete this version and use the only remaining version.)

The Board recognizes that district programs should be conducted in a manner that protects and enhances student and employee health and is consistent with recognized health practices. Consequently, in order to prevent the spread of pediculosis (head lice) in the school setting, district staff shall institute guidelines for classrooms that will assist in the prevention of and the spread of head lice. A student with a suspected case of lice shall be referred to the school nurse or administrator for an assessment. A student found with live lice or nits (lice eggs) will be excluded from school attendance. The district recognizes that the Oregon Health Authority, Public Health Division, no longer requires exclusion of a student for the presence of nits and allows the discretion of the district. A student excluded from school will be readmitted after an assessment by designated personnel to confirm no live lice or nits are present, and may be subject to periodic checks.

Successful treatment of head lice requires a coordinated approach and may involve the use of anti-lice products, combing and implementation of preventative measures recommended by health authorities. Treatment information will be provided by the district to parents of students found to have contracted head lice. It is the district's intent to encourage elimination of the current infestation and to prevent a repeat episode.

The superintendent will develop administrative regulations, as necessary, to implement this policy.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 433.255](#)
[ORS 433.260](#)

[OAR 333-019-0010](#)
[OAR 437-002-0360](#)

[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

T

E

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: JHCCF

Adopted:

D

Pediculosis (Head Lice)

(Version 2)

(Delete this version and use the only remaining version.)

A student with a suspected case of head lice will be referred to the school nurse or administrator for assessment. A student found with live lice may be excluded from school. A parent of the student will be notified and treatment will be requested. [Students with a severe infestation¹ will be excluded immediately until treated.] [A student excluded from school that has been treated will be readmitted after an assessment by designated personnel.] The student may be subject to periodic checks.

The successful treatment of head lice requires a coordinated approach and may involve the use of anti-lice products, combing and implementation of preventative measures recommended by health authorities. Treatment information will be provided by the district to the parents of students found to have contracted head lice.

The superintendent will develop administrative regulations, as necessary, to implement this policy.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 433.255](#)
[ORS 433.260](#)

[OAR 333-019-0010](#)
[OAR 437-002-0360](#)

[OAR 581-022-2220](#)

National Association of School Nurses, Pediculosis Management in the School Setting: Position Statement Revised 2011.
American Academy of Pediatrics: Position Statement on Head Lice 8-1-2012.
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Head Lice Information for Schools 2011.

T

E

¹ Ten or more live lice are present on the student upon assessment by designated personnel.

BOARD MAINTENANCE REPORT

JUNE 2024

TAP GRANT FOR ASBESTOS HAZARD ASSESMENT UPDATE

We received a TAP grant for asbestos in May of last year and have retained the services of PBS Engineering and Environmental Inc. (PBS), to provide Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) 3- Year Asbestos Reinspection service, 6 Month Periodic Surveillance service, and AHERA asbestos training along with AHERA data migration to a web-hosted management system.

Here's an update with what has been done on our web hosted management system

1. Site has been created/branded
2. Locations have been uploaded
3. Water data has been imported in
4. Radon data has been imported in
5. Asbestos data has been imported in (using most recent reinspection/survey data)
6. Management Plan has been uploaded

PBS is currently working on a few finishing touches to the system. Upon completion we will have a system overview meeting and the management system will be active.

Eventually it will be linked to our District website under Safety and Maintenance to compliment all the documents that are currently located there.

SUMMER 2024

Plans for this summer projects is under way, we have no major capital projects occurring this summer, however there many small projects to complete before we start all over again next fall.

- Cleaning and Waxing of classroom floors
- Gym Floor Refinishing
- Upgrades to shop dust collection system and possible electrical upgrades to relocate some of the equipment
- Irrigation by playground to redirect sprinklers away from the current modular classroom and pick up the part of the lawn that is currently not watered.
- Painting touch up Interior and Exterior.
- Lead and Copper Water Testing
- Ongoing Grounds Maintenance

With the spring weather the time for grounds maintenance has begun.

Weeding and a fresh layer of landscape bark has been applied in the flowerbeds around the main office and in front of the school.

The new sod lawn around the main office has been fertilized twice already and is looking good.

The back lawn that succumbed to crane flies last spring has been aerated and replanted and fertilized with the hopes of bringing it back to life.

The irrigation systems for the lawns have been brought back on line and plans to repair the drip irrigation around the courtyard for hanging baskets is underway.

Safety painting was freshened up on the poles surrounding the fuel tanks.

JACOBSON MOWER

The large Jacobson mower is experiencing some hydraulic problems with one side of the deck. We have decided to hold off on sending it in until we can try to troubleshoot some of the safety switches and see if the problem can be diagnosed on site before sending it in for repair.

June 2024 Board Report for Blachly School District 90

1. Complete technology equipment inventory to begin week following school dismissal.
2. All portable devices will be refreshed, inspected and prepared for beginning of school year beginning last week of June. These include Chromebooks, iPads, Laptops, Projectors, Smartboards, Document cameras, desktops, switches and Wi-Fi Devices. This will take approximately 2 weeks and will give a preview of what is needed for the beginning of the school year.
3. Vehicle annual inspections start 7 June 2024. All district vehicles will be inspected by ODE certified mechanic for safety and operational specifications.
4. Minimum changes to the surveillance system. Moving a few camera positions to improve visibility.
5. Increased security requirements will be going into effect on 30 June 2024 including Multi-Factor authentication for all staff, end point security increases, password change requirements and password complexity increases. Students will be exempted because they operate their chrome books and iPads in a restricted space in the network and the security requirements do not apply.
6. New Wi-Fi restrictions will go into effect on June 30th as well. Removing all personally owned devices from network access. Staff owned devices they choose to use instead of district provided equipment will also be placed in the restricted network Wi-Fi removing access to all network resources beside internet access. As previously discussed, Students will only have access to Wi-Fi before 8am and after 3:40pm.

Social Services Board Report June 2024

With our recent graduation, I am working on finishing the ODE June exit report and should have it finished by the end of the month. We have had 15 students exit our sped program this year. These 15 students, were exited for several reasons students graduated, moved, or were exited from special education services. We now have 45 active students on IEPs for our district. I have also started working on the June ODE child find report. This report identifies students at our school who were newly evaluated for Sped services this year. We had 7 students in our child find this year.

In 2023 we had a total of 145 Major referrals. I am happy to report that this year our number of Major referrals is down to 112 incidents for the 2023/2024 school year.

I am excited to be finishing up my second year here at Triangle Lake Charter School, I look forward to many more.

District Board Meeting: Triangle Lake Charter School Report

June 2024 Meeting

- **Thursday, June 13th is the last day of school!**
 - **K-5 is off campus**
 - **6-8 is off campus**
 - **9-12 is off campus**

- **Summer Program invitations have gone out to K-8 families. Ms. Kara is working with high school families to plan for credit recovery as needed. We will be running our program during the first three weeks of August like last year.**

- **Sports Update:**
 - **HS Volleyball - open gym**
 - **MS & HS Football – spring football camp June 3rd-6th**
 - **HS Boys & Girls Basketball - summer ball has started**

- **Upcoming Events:**
 - **Last Day of School – June 13th**
 - **AVID Summer Institute – June 29th-June 31st**
 - **MS/HS Registration Event – August 21st from 2:00-6:00pm**
 - **All Staff Professional Development 2024-25 – August 26th**
 - **1st day of School 2024-25 – September 3rd**

BLACHLY SCHOOL DISTRICT 90
Blachly SD Resolution No. #2023-24-007

RESOLUTION COMPLYING WITH GASB 54

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors, Blachly School District #90 will comply with Government Accounting and Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54 in order to:

1. Protect the district from unnecessary borrowing in order to meet cash-flow needs;
2. Provide prudent reserves to meet unexpected emergencies and protect against catastrophic events;
3. Meet the uncertainties of state and federal funding.

The GASB 54 requires fund balances to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of governmental funds. This requirement is effective for the fiscal year ending 30 June 2024.

The ending balance for all funds must be designated per the following categories set forth by GASB 54:

- *Non-spendable* -- Funds which cannot be spent.
- *Restricted* -- Amounts subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions (imposed by grantors, contributors, governmental regulations, etc.).
- *Committed* -- Amounts whose use is constrained by limitations that a governing board imposes upon itself.
- *Assigned* -- Intended use of resources established by the governing body itself, or by an official or officers to which authority is delegated by the governing body.
- *Unassigned*-- Available for any purpose. (Reported only in the General Fund.)

Assignment of Fund Balances

Authority to classify portions of ending fund balance as Assigned is hereby granted to the Superintendent and Business Manager

Spending Hierarchy

Where appropriate and necessary, the Blachly School Board has determined that the categories of fund balances will be spent with the following priority:

1. Restricted
2. Committed
3. Assigned
4. Unassigned

Derek Pennel, Board Chair
Blachly School District #90

Adam Watkins, Superintendent
Blachly School District #90

**Blachly School District #90
Blachly SD Resolution No. #2023-24-008**

RESOLUTION ADOPTING THE BUDGET

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of the Blachly School District #90 hereby adopts the budget for 2024-25 in a total sum of \$8,810,613. now on file in the district administration office.

RESOLUTION MAKING APPROPRIATIONS

BE IT RESOLVED, that for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2024, the amounts shown below are hereby appropriated for the purposes indicated within the funds listed:

Appropriation Category		Fund Name					TOTAL ALL FUNDS
		GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	INTERNAL SERVICES FUND	SCHOLARSHIP FUNDS	
1000	Instruction	2,993,379	823,239	0	25,000	0	
2000	Support Services	2,468,156	553,853	46,100	25,000	0	
3000	Community/Enterprise	0	197,351	0	0	25,053	
4000	Facilities Construction	0	0	0	0	0	
5100	Debt Service	24,715	64,945	0	0	0	
5200	Interfund Transfers	278,315	0	0	0	0	
6000	Contingency	500,214	0	0	0	0	
Appropriation Total		6,264,779	1,639,388	46,100	50,000	25,053	
7000	Unappropriated	0	2,500	0	5,500	777,293	
Budet Total		6,264,779	1,641,888	46,100	55,500	802,346	8,810,613

Total Appropriations - All Funds \$ 8,810,613

RESOLUTION IMPOSING AND CATEGORIZING THE TAX

BE IT RESOLVED, that the following ad valorem property taxes are hereby imposed and categorized for the tax year 2024-25 upon the assessed value of all taxable property within the district:

Permanent Rate Tax Subject to the Education Limitation \$5.1023 per \$1,000 assessed value

Adopted by the Blachly School Board of Directors at a regular school board meeting held on the 12th day of June, 2024.

Derek Pennel, Board Chair
Blachly School District #90

Adam Watkins, Superintendent
Blachly School District #90

**Blachly School District #90
Triangle Lake Charter School
20264 Blachly Grange Road
Blachly, OR 97412
(541) 925-3262
www.blachly.k12.or.us**

**RESOLUTION
Blachly S.D #2024-24-009**

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors, Blachly School District #90, Lane County, hereby adopts the following for the fiscal year 2024-25:

- Designate Molly Rust as Business Manager and Budget Officer;
- Authorize Superintendent Adam Watkins and Business Manager Molly Rust to handle all district banking transactions.

Adopted by the Blachly School Board of Directors at a regular school board meeting held on June 12, 2024.

Derek Pennel
Board Chair

Adam Watkins
Superintendent

**Blachly School District #90
Triangle Lake Charter School
20264 Blachly Grange Road
Blachly, OR 97412
(541) 925-3262
www.blachly.k12.or.us**

**RESOLUTION
Blachly S.D #2024-24-0011**

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors, Blachly School District #90, Lane County, hereby authorizes Superintendent Adam Watkins, Principal Brittany Bottensek and Executive Secretary Amanda Gast to handle all Student Body transactions and Adam Watkins, Brittany Bottensek and Katherine Tripp to sign checks for the fiscal year 2024-25.

Adopted by the Blachly School Board of Directors at a regular school board meeting held on June 12, 2024.

Derek Pennel
Board Chair

Adam Watkins
Superintendent